

# APAC Resources Limited 亞太資源有限公司\*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:1104





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董事會 執行董事 Andrew Charles Ferguson先生(行政總裁)

# 非執行董事

Arthur George Dew先生(*主席)* (*王大鈞先生為其替任董事*) 李成輝先生 林蓮珠女士

# 獨立非執行董事

王永權博士 王宏前先生 周國榮先生

# 執行委員會

Andrew Charles Ferguson先生(*主席)* Arthur George Dew先生 (*王大鈞先生為其替任董事*)

# 審核委員會

 王永權博士(主席)
 Arthur George Dew先生 (王大鈞先生為其替任董事)
 王宏前先生
 周國榮先生

# 薪酬委員會

王永權博士(*主席*) Arthur George Dew先生 *(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)* 王宏前先生 周國榮先生

# 提名委員會

Arthur George Dew先生(*主席)* (*王大鈞先生為其替任董事*) 王永權博士 王宏前先生 周國榮先生

# 公司秘書

劉冬妮女士

<mark>核數師</mark> 香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

# <mark>股份代號</mark> 1104

#### 法律顧問

Addisons Conyers Dill & Pearman 胡百全律師事務所

# 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

# 總辦事處及主要營業地點

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# 主要股份登記及過戶處

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# 香港股份登記及過戶分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

## 網站

www.apacresources.com

# 48 行政總裁致辭

親愛的股東:

首先,本人謹此衷心感謝 閣下年內的一貫支持。回顧截至二零二四年六月三十日止財政年度(二零二四財政年度), 本人欣然報告,亞太資源有限公司轉虧為盈,錄得股東應佔純利390,000,000港元,而二零二三財政年度則錄得虧損 319,000,000港元。我們證券買賣及投資分部取得强勁業績,錄得分部溢利404,000,000港元,以及自策略性投資取 得的業績有所改善,均為本公司的亮麗表現提供支持。

我們對Mount Gibson、Tanami Gold及Metals X等公司的策略性投資在波動的市場環境中展現出韌性。其中,Mount Gibson錄得更高的銷售額,而更高的鐵礦石價格推動現金及投資淨額自139,000,000澳元大幅上升至441,000,000澳元,同時,Metals X的錫礦產量十分穩健,帶來强勁的資產負債表表現,並錄得現金淨額175,000,000澳元。然而,我們的業績受到包括Mount Gibson及Tanami Gold在內的若干資產的非現金減值虧損的影響,反映商品市場處於極具挑戰性的環境。

展望未來,我們仍感到審慎樂觀,惟全球經濟前景確實挑戰重重。在美國,高息率及消費放緩引發對潛在經濟衰退的 擔憂,可能會影響行業活動及對石油、銅及鐵礦石等關鍵商品的需求。與此同時,中國的經濟儘管展現出復蘇跡象, 惟繼續面臨結構性問題帶來的不利因素,尤其是房地產行業,嚴重拖累鋼鐵及相關商品的需求。該等因素導致近期商 品價格預期走勢偏弱。

儘管面臨諸多挑戰,我們深信商品的長期基本面仍然强勁。全球共同努力促進二氧化碳減排,推動綠色能源轉型,帶 動對銅、錫及稀土等金屬的需求。此外,持續的城市化及基礎設施建設,尤其是在新興市場,將為大宗商品及賤金屬 帶來持續的需求。透過多元化的投資方案及審慎的投資方式,我們已準備就緒以期把握該等趨勢。

我們的策略仍然專注於通過投資必將受惠於該等結構性趨勢的特定優質資產,為我們的股東創造長期價值。由於宏觀 經濟的不確定性,我們近期維持審慎的態度,但我們對資源領域投資的長期增長前景充滿信心。

最後,本人感謝股東的信任與承諾。我們將繼續以謹慎的態度面對複雜的市場環境,同時繼續專注於釋放我們策略性 投資的價值。在我們共同踏上這段旅程時, 閣下的支持仍然至關重要。

為感謝 閣下的長期支持,本人欣然宣佈,董事會已宣派末期股息每股10港仙,反映我們於二零二四財政年度取得 强勁的財務表現。然而,我們必須指出,是次股息不能作為日後依據。我們致力於為股東帶來價值,同時維持平衡及 可持續的資本分配方式。

行政總裁 Andrew Ferguson

二零二四年九月二十五日

# 財務業績

亞太資源有限公司(「亞太資源」或「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度 (「**二零二四財政年度**」)錄得本公司股東應佔溢利淨額390,031,000港元,而截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度(「**二零** 二三財政年度」)則錄得本公司股東應佔虧損淨額318,547,000港元。該溢利主要由資源投資分部的强勁表現驅動,其 產生分部溢利403,722,000港元。

# 主要策略性投資

我們的主要策略性投資為Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「Mount Gibson」)(澳交所股份代號:MGX)、Tanami Gold NL(「Tanami Gold」)(澳交所股份代號:TAM)、Metals X Limited(「Metals X」)(澳交所股份代號:MLX)及Prodigy Gold NL(「Prodigy Gold」)(澳交所股份代號:PRX);亞太資源分別擁有37.3%、46.3%、22.8%及44.3%權益。彼 等均於澳洲上市及營運。

於本年度,亞太資源於二零二四年六月三十日增加Metals X的持股量至約22.8%,而就會計而言,該公司仍屬亞太 資源的聯營公司。儘管亞太資源對於澳交所上市的黃金勘探公司Prodigy Gold的擁有權由二零二三年六月三十日的 49.8%減少至二零二四年六月三十日的44.3%,其繼續被視為亞太資源的非全資附屬公司。

於二零二四財政年度,主要策略性投資應佔溢利淨額為28,249,000港元(二零二三財政年度:虧損淨額10,632,000 港元),然而,該等溢利由聯營公司權益的減值虧損80,423,000港元所抵消,此乃主要由於Mount Gibson及Tanami Gold的撇減。

#### Mount Gibson

Mount Gibson為澳洲直運品位鐵礦石產品生產商。Mount Gibson擁有西澳洲西北角Kimberley海岸附近的Koolan Island礦場。Mount Gibson開發了位於Extension Hill北面85公里的Shine Iron Ore項目,但由於低品位鐵礦石折讓增加及較高的貨運成本而於二零二一年十一月暫停營運。

Koolan Island重啟項目已於二零一九年四月份開始銷售礦石,並於二零一九年六月季度實現商業投產。該重啟項目擁 有2,100萬噸65.5%品位的鐵礦石儲量。Mount Gibson計劃提升廢棄採礦階段已結束,產能因此得以提高,並於二零 二四財政年度報告銷售410萬濕噸,較二零二三財政年度300萬濕噸大幅增加。

於二零二四財政年度,Mount Gibson錄得除税後純利6,000,000澳元,較二零二三財政年度5,000,000澳元稍為增加。銷售噸數及鐵礦石價格上升導致鐵礦石銷售額由二零二三財政年度450,586,000澳元增加至二零二四財政年度667,678,000澳元。然而,該增加被非現金庫存成本(由二零二三財政年度回撥71,331,000澳元變為二零二四財政年度開支28,539,000澳元)及Koolan Island賬面值的非現金減值開支159,100,000澳元所抵消。

截至二零二五年六月三十日止年度的銷售指引為270萬噸至300萬噸,而估計礦場仍有三年的生產期。

鑒於二零二四財政年度產生大量現金,Mount Gibson於二零二四年六月三十日的現金、定期存款及可買賣投資(扣除 債務)為441,000,000澳元或相當於每股0.362澳元。

對於普氏指數(Platts IODEX 62% CFR China Index)而言,今年又是波動的一年,二零二四年一月的交易價格高達每 乾公噸(「乾公噸」)136美元,而二零二四年三月則跌至每乾公噸95美元。於二零二四財政年度,平均價格為每乾公噸 114美元。鐵礦石價格通常隨中國經濟及相關中國鋼鐵需求的氛圍波動,由於國內房地產行業持續疲弱,中國鋼鐵需 求一直較為疲弱。

#### Tanami Gold

亞太資源現時擁有Tanami Gold的46.3%權益。

Tanami Gold之主要業務活動為黃金勘探。其持有Central Tanami項目的50%權益及現金餘額25,000,000澳元,以及 擁有500,000股Northern Star Resources Limited(「Northern Star」)(澳交所股份代號:NST)於二零二四年六月三十 日價值6,000,000澳元之股份。Tanami Gold於二零二四財政年度使用6,000,000澳元,主要用於勘探、評估以及保養 及維護。

於二零二一年五月, Tanami Gold與Northern Star訂立具約束力協議,成立一間各佔50%權益的新合營公司以涵蓋 Central Tanami項目。Northern Star同意支付15,000,000澳元現金,將其在該項目的擁有權從40%增加至50%,今 後雙方將共同負責為勘探及開發活動提供資金。該協議已經完成,而Tanami Gold已支付5,000,000澳元現金為其所 佔合營公司活動部份提供資金。

#### Metals X

亞太資源於二零二四年六月三十日擁有Metals X的22.8%權益。

Metals X的營運專注於其擁有50%權益的Renison錫礦場的錫生產,該礦場自一九六五年起開始進行硬岩開採。獲 近期開發的第五區域向工廠提供較高品位的噸位礦石,而於二零二四財政年度,Renison已生產10,037噸錫精礦(按 100%基準計算),以每噸29,141澳元的總維持成本計算,而錫價為每噸41,680澳元,推算息税折舊及攤銷前利潤 (EBITDA)為184,000,000澳元。

二零二三年礦場壽命規劃目標為於二零三二年前實現年產量略高於10,000噸,惟Metals X將於近期更新該計劃(及礦場儲備量)。鑒於Rentails項目的現有地面測定資源量為2,400萬噸,錫品位為0.44%,而該資源量無需開採,因此該項目的中期產量仍有上升空間。

錫價在二零二二年初急劇攀升後,由於半導體訂單減少,電子消費產品需求下降,導致需求疲軟,錫價有所回落。然 而,由於印度尼西亞及緬甸的主要出口商遭遇生產問題,價格再次上揚。於二零二四財政年度,錫平均價格上升至每 噸27,500美元。鑒於錫供應並無大幅增長,以及電動車及儲能行業發展對錫的新需求,我們依然看好錫的中期前景。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止六個月,Metals X錄得除税後純利15,000,000澳元,並維持十分穩健的資產負債表,擁 有現金182,000,000澳元,而負債僅為7,000,000澳元。

#### **Prodigy Gold**

亞太資源擁有Prodigy Gold的44.3%權益。

Prodigy Gold為於澳交所上市之黃金勘探公司。該公司在澳洲北領地的Tanami地區擁有大量勘探礦區,並在其位於 Hyperion、Tregony、Buccaneer及Old Pirate項目按JORC標準擁有94萬盎司黃金。其部份礦區與紐蒙特黃金公司 (Newmont Corporation)及IGO Limited等合作夥伴以合營公司形式持有。在經歷數年2019冠狀病毒疫情的限制後, Prodigy Gold於二零二二年重啟其勘探活動。

Prodigy Gold於二零二四財政年度錄得除税後虧損淨額10,000,000澳元,主要源於勘探開支4,000,000澳元及資本化 勘探及評估開支減值5,000,000澳元。於二零二四年六月三十日,Prodigy Gold擁有現金結餘2,000,000澳元,其短 期將專注於Tregony及Hyperion項目。

# 按公平值於損益賬處理之金融資產

按公平值於損益賬處理之金融資產主要包括其資源投資。於二零二四年六月三十日,亞太資源對首鋼福山資源集團有限公司(「首鋼福山」)(港交所股份代號:639)持有重大投資,佔本集團總資產5%或以上。

## 重大投資

				截	这三零二四年	六月三十日止年	臣	於二零 六月日	
被投資公司名稱	於二零二四年 六月三十日 持有股份 數目	於二零二四年 六月三十日 持有股份 百分比	<b>投資成本</b> <i>千港元</i>	<b>股息收入</b> <i>千港元</i>	<b>已變現收益</b> <i>千港元</i>	<b>未變現收益</b> <i>千港元</i>	<b>公平值收益</b> <i>千港元</i>	<b>賬面值</b> <i>千港元</i>	佔本集團 總資產之 賬面值 百分比
首鋼福山	134,836,000	2.7%	233,484	37,754	502	165,833	166,335	431,475	10.2%

於二零二四財政年度,我們於首鋼福山的投資錄得公平值收益166,335,000港元,期末值為431,475,000港元。於二零二四財政年度,我們於首鋼福山的投資亦錄得股息收入37,754,000港元。

首鋼福山為於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市之焦煤生產商。其主要業務為在中國開採焦煤、生產及銷售焦煤產品。其 於中國擁有三座礦場,於二零二三年十二月三十一日的原焦煤可採儲量為5,900萬噸。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止六個月,首鋼福山生產225萬噸原焦煤及精焦煤,並售出134萬噸精焦煤。鑒於產量減 少,原焦煤生產成本按年由每噸人民幣236元增至每噸人民幣267元。因此,首鋼福山錄得收益2,498,000,000港元 及應佔溢利837,000,000港元。於二零二四年六月三十日,首鋼福山的市值為15,700,000,000港元,而其現金及定期 存款為9,200,000,000港元。

鑒於房地產市場仍然疲弱、鋼材利潤率趨近低至負利潤以及近期鋼材減產的可能性,中國鋼鐵廠的焦煤需求前景仍不 明朗。寶武鋼鐵集團主席胡望明警告,鑒於經濟放緩、產能過剩及政府政策帶來的挑戰,中國鋼鐵行業正面臨「鋼鐵 寒冬」。

### 資源投資

此分部的投資主要包括多家在主要證券交易所(包括澳洲、加拿大、香港、英國及美國)上市的自然資源公司的少量且 易於變現股權。我們著重投資於能源、大宗商品、賤金屬及貴金屬等多個商品分部的選定商品。

於二零二四財政年度,資源投資錄得公平值收益364,260,000港元(二零二三財政年度:16,813,000港元),經計及 分部相關股息及其他投資收益及開支後,於二零二四財政年度錄得分部溢利403,722,000港元(二零二三財政年度: 92,801,000港元)。

我們的資源投資分部包括(其中包括投資策略)於二零一六年八月公佈的兩大資源投資組合,以及隨後建立的專注於大 盤股及專業機會的其他自然資源策略。投資組合旨在利用本公司資金產生正面回報,以及建立往績記錄以吸引日後潛 在第三方投資。該等多樣投資組合由本公司的資源投資分部管理,其獨立於本公司的大型策略持股。我們的投資組合 為純長倉的全球授權(不可沽空股票),並對市值、流動資金、開發階段(從勘探到生產)及管轄範圍設有嚴格參數,以 管理風險。

## 中小型礦產投資組合

其中一個礦產投資組合專注於投資涉及電池金屬、賤金屬、貴金屬、鈾、大宗商品及其他硬岩商品領域的中小型公司。自二零一六年十月一日設立以來,礦產投資組合截至二零二四年六月三十日的投資回報率為558.6%,較其基準(經貨幣調整後的ASX 200小盤股資源股(ASX 200 Smallcap Resources)、富時AIM全股基本資源股(FTSE AIM AII Share Basic Resources)及多倫多證券交易所創業板綜合指數(TSX Venture Composite)的相等權重)回報率-1.0%高出557.6%。

下表呈列中小型礦產投資組合相對基準的年度表現完整明細。

起始	截止	中小型 礦產投資 組合表現	基準表現	阿爾法	中小型礦產 投資組合 累計表現	累計 基準表現	累計 阿爾法
二零一六年十月一日	二零一七年九月三十日	8.7%	4.0%	4.7%	8.7%	4.0%	4.7%
二零一七年十月一日	二零一八年九月三十日	9.6%	-4.3%	13.9%	19.1%	-0.4%	19.5%
二零一八年十月一日	二零一九年九月三十日	18.8%	-15.4%	34.2%	41.4%	-15.7%	57.1%
二零一九年十月一日	二零二零年九月三十日	59.8%	29.4%	30.4%	126.0%	9.0%	117.0%
二零二零年十月一日	二零二一年六月三十日	87.0%	33.5%	53.5%	322.6%	45.5%	277.1%
二零二一年七月一日	二零二二年六月三十日	14.2%	-27.6%	41.8%	382.7%	5.4%	377.3%
二零二二年七月一日	二零二三年六月三十日	16.3%	-3.2%	19.5%	461.2%	2.0%	459.2%
二零二三年七月一日	二零二四年六月三十日	17.4%	-2.9%	20.3%	558.6%	-1.0%	557.6%

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,該策略產生17.4%的回報率,較-2.9%的基準回報率高20.3%。投資組合阿爾法 重倉黃金板塊,乃由於我們認為央行持續性購買行為以及美聯儲降息周期前的投資流入將推高金價。對表現作出最大 單一貢獻的股票為Galiano Gold Inc(「Galiano Gold」)(多倫多證交所股份代號:GAU),該公司進行了一項高明及 可增加價值的交易以合併Asanko金礦,並重啓採礦業務,而Westgold Resources Ltd(「Westgold」)(澳交所股份代 號:WGX)及Resolute Mining Ltd(「Resolute Mining」)(澳交所股份代號:RSG)均受惠於更高的金價及自我轉型。

該投資組合亦於鈾板塊取得重大回報,在KazAtomProm GDRs、Paladin Energy Ltd及Peninsula Energy Ltd的投資 獲得龐大收益,但該板塊近期已轉趨看跌。

鑒於中國經濟因需求疲弱持續而受壓,而西方經濟亦持續放緩,為工業商品帶來潛在負面環境,投資組合經理持續看 跌宏觀前景,對業績影響最大的減損因素為全年平均44%的現金持有量。

#### 能源投資組合

能源投資組合主要專注於石油、天然氣及可再生能源領域。於二零一九年年底,該投資組合擴大投資範圍,開始投資 可再生能源,隨着投資領域的擴大,由二零二零年二月(2019冠狀病毒疫情全面影響前)至二零二四年六月的過去三 年半,能源投資組合產生22%的投資回報率。

能源投資組合結合基本的自下而上估值及不同領域的前景分析甄選投資方案。例如,於2019冠狀病毒疫情早期,低 利率利好增長潛力巨大的股票,故主要投資綠色能源領域的公司。鑒於高利率對綠色能源行業的影響,加上歐佩克 +(OPEC+)減產支撐油價走強,近期主要投資能源公司。

#### 貴價商品

貴金屬(主要為黃金持倉)於二零二四財政年度錄得公平值收益淨額109,677,000港元,而於二零二四年六月三十日, 貴金屬分部之賬面值為686,052,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:267,232,000港元)。

我們在資源投資分部的最大黃金投資為Northern Star(錄得公平值收益4,686,000港元,而於二零二四年六月三十日的賬面值為87,421,000港元)及Newmont Corp(紐交所股份代號:NEM)(錄得公平值虧損1,854,000港元,而於二零 二四年六月三十日的賬面值為65,377,000港元)。我們於黃金板塊取得最大的公平值收益為Galiano Gold 25,547,000 港元、Westgold 19,560,000港元以及Resolute Mining 12,217,000港元。

Northern Star為澳洲第二大黃金公司,在西澳洲及阿拉斯加擁有高品位的地下礦井。於二零二四財政年度,其出產 162萬盎司黃金,以每盎司1,853澳元的總維持成本計算,錄得收入4,900,000,000澳元及有關自由現金流項下收益 462,000,000澳元。就二零二五財政年度而言,其生產目標為165萬至180萬盎司黃金,以每盎司1,850澳元至每盎司 2,100澳元的總維持成本計算。

金價自年初起至今為止表現極佳,自二零二三年末每盎司2,063美元上升至二零二四年八月底每盎司2,503美元。金 價的支撐因素包括央行持續以接近記錄水平購買黃金、美聯儲的鴿派立場、預期本年稍後降息以及地緣政治緊張持 續。

#### 大宗商品

於二零二四財政年度,大宗商品分部錄得公平值收益163,679,000港元。於二零二四年六月三十日,賬面值為 584,717,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:324,588,000港元)。於二零二四財政年度,我們於此分部之最大 投資為首鋼福山(港交所股份代號:639),其於二零二四財政年度錄得公平值收益166,335,000港元及股息收入 37,754,000港元。其期末值為431,475,000港元。

#### 賤金屬

於二零二四財政年度,賤金屬分部(其中可包括銅、鎳、鋅、鋁、錫及鈷公司)錄得公平值收益21,683,000港元。於 二零二四財政年度,賤金屬價格變動趨勢不一,銅上升12.3%、鋁上升14.2%、鋅上升16.0%而鎳下跌18.8%。賤 金屬分部包括於中國宏橋集團有限公司(港交所股份代號:1378)之投資,其於二零二四年六月三十日之賬面值為 8,274,000港元。

#### 能源

於二零二四財政年度,能源分部(包括石油與天然氣、鈾及可再生能源)錄得公平值收益67,040,000港元及於二零 二四年六月三十日錄得賬面值232,734,000港元。我們的重大能源投資包括National Atomic Company Kazatomprom JSC(倫敦證券交易所股份代號:KAP),其錄得公平值收益16,650,000港元及於二零二四年六月三十日之賬面值為 31,228,000港元。

#### 其他

於二零二四財政年度,我們亦從餘下商品投資(鑽石、錳、稀土、鋰及礦砂等)錄得公平值收益16,108,000港元及於 二零二四年六月三十日之賬面值為132,289,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:15,629,000港元)。

# 商品業務

我們於Koolan Island的鐵礦石承購因礦場重啟營運而重新開始,且我們繼續於一系列商品中尋找新的承購機會。於二 零二四財政年度,我們的商品業務錄得分部溢利84,031,000港元(二零二三財政年度:溢利3,470,000港元)。

## 主要投資及金融服務

主要投資及金融服務分部涵蓋應收貸款、貸款票據及其他金融資產產生的收入。於二零二四財政年度,此分部錄得溢 利38,531,000港元(二零二三財政年度:虧損17,635,000港元)。

# 放債

## 業務模式及客戶情況

本集團為其主要投資及金融服務分部的客戶提供有抵押及無抵押定期貸款。放債活動分散本集團的收入來源及業務風險,藉助本集團不時在手的可用財務資源產生穩定回報。本集團主要以內部資源為其放債業務提供資金。

本集團並未對企業借款人的行業、業務或年收入水平設定具體目標。本集團借貸業務的客戶乃透過其企業或業務網絡 轉介予本集團。於二零二四財政年度,本集團借貸業務的客戶包括香港上市公司的附屬公司(無抵押貸款)以及私人公 司(有抵押貸款)。

於二零二四年六月三十日的未償還應收貸款(扣除虧損撥備)約為88,563,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日: 346,074,000港元)。年內,本集團已就其應收貸款撥回減值虧損約24,086,000港元(二零二三財政年度:減值虧損 11,715,000港元)。於二零二四年六月三十日的未償還貸款詳情披露於綜合財務報表附註20。

#### 風險管理政策

本集團採用全面的信貸評估及審批程序,並將對每筆貸款交易逐一進行評估及審批。本集團財務部(「**財務部**」)負責 根據適用法律法規對潛在借款人進行背景調查,審閱該借款人及擔保人(如適用)的背景及財務實力,並向潛在借款人 詢問貸款用途及預計還款資金來源。為助其分析,本集團將獲取借款人及/或擔保人的公司文件、財務報表及調查報 告,並在考慮(i)借款人或擔保人(如適用)的背景及財務狀況(包括資產淨值及資本負債比率);及(ii)擔保(如有)的價值 後,評估貸款的信貸風險並協商其條款。

每筆貸款交易將由董事會審批,或倘若貸款本金並無超過董事會設定的門檻,則由董事會執行委員會審批。

財務部定期監察貸款及利息償還情況,並審閲借款人及擔保人(如適用)的年度財務報表。如到期後還款出現任何延誤 或違約,有關情況將立即向本集團行政總裁或首席財務官匯報,其隨後將制定收款計劃,包括但不限於要求增加擔保 或採取法律行動。

#### 貸款減值政策

本公司根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則第9號的規定採用預期信貸虧損撥備(「預期信貸虧損」)。因此, 本集團將於各報告期末審閱每筆貸款的可收回金額,確保計提充足減值虧損。本集團就應收貸款採用一般方法以評估 預期信貸虧損。 評估乃基於本集團過往信貸虧損經驗,並就借款人特定因素作出調整。為了計量應收貸款的預期信貸虧損,本集團將 參考各借款人的過往違約記錄、當前逾期風險、當前財務狀況分析、違約可能性或風險、對任何信貸風險顯著增加的 評估及抵押品的公平值(如有)就其各借款人應用信貸評級,並就無須花費過多成本或精力即可獲得的前瞻性資料(例 如當前及預測全球經濟以及借款人經營所在行業的整體經濟狀況)作出調整。

本集團定期監察用於識別信貸風險是否顯著增加的標準的有效性,並於適當情況下對其進行修訂,以確保該等標準能 夠於貸款款項逾期前識別任何顯著上升的信貸風險。

## 流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團的非流動資產為1,633,082,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:2,025,899,000港元),而流動資產淨值為2,252,960,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:1,569,339,000港元),流動比率為7.7倍(於 二零二三年六月三十日:6.1倍),乃按其流動資產除以流動負債計算。計入非流動資產及流動資產包括應收貸款為 88,563,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:346,074,000港元)。

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團的借貸(不包括租賃負債)為280,105,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日: 183,240,000港元),而未提取信用證、銀行及其他貸款融資金額為457,152,000港元。於二零二四年六月三十日,本 集團的資本負債比率為零(於二零二三年六月三十日:零),該比率乃按負債淨額除以本公司擁有人應佔權益計算。就 此而言,負債淨額乃定義為借貸(不包括租賃負債)減現金及現金等值項目。

# 外匯風險

於回顧年度,本集團的資產主要以澳元為單位,而負債則主要以美元及港元為單位。就長期投資而言,外匯的不利變動對本集團的現金流量並無重大即時影響。此外,本集團須為配合其現有及潛在投資活動維持外匯持倉,即其將面對 合理匯率風險。鑒於以上所述,本集團並無積極對沖因澳元列值資產而產生的風險。然而,本集團將根據需要密切監 控此風險。

# 資產抵押

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團將公平值為416,000,000港元(於二零二三年六月三十日:256,100,000港元)的持 作買賣之上市證券抵押予一間銀行,作為本集團獲授銀行融資的抵押。

# 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團確保按當時的人力市場狀況及個人表現釐定僱員的薪酬,並會定期檢討薪酬政策。所有僱員均有權參與本集團 的福利計劃,包括醫療保險及退休金計劃(包括強制性公積金計劃(就其中華人民共和國(「中國」)僱員而言,根據中國 的適用法律及規例而定))。 Prodigy Gold的執行董事、主要管理人員及僱員收取澳洲政府規定之退休保證金供款。其他福利包括個人意外(常務 董事)保險及其他額外福利。

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團(包括其附屬公司,但不包括聯營公司)共有25名(於二零二三年六月三十日:28 名)僱員。二零二四財政年度之總薪酬及退休金供款金額為36,344,000港元(二零二三財政年度:24,295,000港元)。

## 主要風險

本集團採用全面的風險管理框架。本集團已制定相關政策和程序並定期檢討及更新,以加強風險管理及應對市況和本 集團之業務策略變動。本公司審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」)審閱本集團的相關政策及細察管理層是否已履行其職責,建 立就監察及控制本集團業務活動、外部風險變動及監管環境所產生的主要風險所需的有效風險管理及內部監控系統, 並向董事會匯報上述事項。

# 金融風險

金融風險包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。市場風險涉及投資價值因市場因素變動而改變,其可進一步細分 為外匯風險、利率風險及其他價格風險。信貸風險乃客戶或交易對手方未能如約支付款項而引致損失的風險。流動資 金風險則涉及指定證券或資產未能及時在市場上買賣以防止損失或賺取所需溢利的風險。

### 營運風險

本集團面臨涉及因人為因素、內部程序、制度不足或失當或外在事件而可能導致損失的多種營運風險。本集團透過建立嚴格的內部監控、恰當的職務分工與有效的內部匯報制度,減少及控制營運風險。

各級業務及營運管理層在日常工作中對所屬業務單位的營運風險管理負責。各部門主管須識別風險,評估關鍵監控措施的有效性及評估風險是否得到有效管理。內部審計團隊會執行獨立監控及檢討,並定期向相關高級管理層及審核委員會匯報。

# 重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司與合營公司以及未來重大投資或資本資 產之計劃

除本報告所披露者外,於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團並無持有任何其他重大投資,亦無進行任何重大 收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司。除本報告所披露者外,於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團並無任何重大 投資或資本資產之計劃。

# 資本承諾

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團並無任何已訂約但未備抵之重大資本承諾。

# 或然負債

於本報告日期及於二零二四年六月三十日,董事會並不知悉任何重大或然負債。

## 財政年度末後影響本集團之重大事項

於財政年度末後及直至本報告日期,概無影響本集團之重大事項。

# 公司策略

董事會認為,股本投資表現將取決於市場氣氛,而市場氣氛受商品價格、利率變動、地緣政治狀況及宏觀經濟表現等因素所影響。為盡量降低相關風險,本集團將定期審閱其投資策略,並於必要時採取適當措施應對市況變動。此外,本集團亦將物色潛在投資機會,從而為股東帶來最大化價值。

# 前景展望

二零二四年全球經濟前景複雜多變,市場對全球需求的憂慮升溫,存貨水平繼續增加。美國經濟預期會遇上重大阻 力,消費放緩,利率持續高企,衰退恐怕迫在眉睫。此種經濟環境極可能窒礙工業活動,因而降低市場對銅和鐵礦石 等關鍵商品的需求。分析師預測鐵礦石供應過剩情況持續擴大,而精煉銅供應則輕微過剩,代表短期內供應將超過需 求,可對價格造成下行壓力。儘管中國出現若干復甦跡象,但經濟仍面對結構性問題,尤其是房地產行業,而該行業 繼續拖累整體增長。種種不確定因素導致投資者情緒變得審慎,在商品市場持倉量創二零一九年初以來最低便可見一 斑。

即使我們各投資組合中現金比重仍略有上升,但我們仍就選定商品繼續尋找可長遠獲取理想回報的優質公司。我們的 礦產及能源投資組合是未來礦產及能源投資的平台。Mount Gibson是我們最大的投資,其已成功提升Koolan Island 礦場的生產力,目前已能夠在礦場壽命餘下三年產生巨額自由現金流,惟仍要視乎鐵礦石的價格而定。

# 董事及管理層履歷 59

# 執行董事

Andrew Charles Ferguson先生,51歲,於二零一零年一月十二日獲委任為本公司執行董事及行政總裁。Ferguson 先生出任本公司多間附屬公司之董事。Ferguson先生持有天然資源開發理學士學位,並於九十年代中期在西澳洲擔 任採礦工程師。於二零零三年,Ferguson先生於英國聯合創辦New City Investment Managers。彼於資金管理方面有 卓越業績記錄,曾為City Natural Resources High Yield Trust(於二零零六年獲選為「最佳英國投資基金」)的前聯席基 金經理。此外,彼曾管理New City High Yield Trust Ltd.及Geiger Counter Ltd.。彼曾於香港之New City Investment Managers CQS任職,該公司是一間為不同類型的投資者提供投資管理服務的財務機構。彼於金融行業的全球天然資 源專業擁有29年的經驗。彼曾在倫敦及香港擔任資產基金經理,負責每日之投資組合管理、風險管理、業務發展、 關係管理,並與獨立董事會、保管人及核數師一同工作以確保所有股東資金獲妥善管理。彼現為Mabuhay Holdings Corporation(股份代號:MHC)之董事,該公司於菲律賓證券交易所上市。彼亦為李成輝先生於Mount Gibson Iron Limited(「Mount Gibson」)(股份代號:MGX)之替任董事,該公司於澳洲證券交易所上市。

## 非執行董事

Arthur George Dew先生,83歲,於二零一六年三月一日獲委任為本公司之主席及非執行董事。Dew先生畢業於澳洲雪梨大學法律系,並取得澳洲新南威爾斯最高法院之律師資格,其後更取得大律師資格。彼現為非執業大律師。彼於企業及商業方面具豐富經驗,曾於澳洲、香港及各地多間上市公司擔任董事,並出任若干公司之董事會主席。彼現為本公司主要股東聯合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)(股份代號:373)及龍資源有限公司(「龍資源」)(股份代號:1712) 之主席及非執行董事及Tanami Gold NL(「Tanami Gold」)(股份代號:TAM)之非執行主席及非執行董事。聯合集團 及龍資源均為香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市公司。Tanami Gold為於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司。 Dew先生於二零二三年五月退任Tian An Australia Limited(「Tian An Australia」)(股份代號:TIA)之非執行董事,該 公司於澳洲證券交易所上市。

**李成輝先生**,55歲,於二零零九年十月二日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。李先生畢業於澳洲雪梨大學法律系,並 取得榮譽學位。彼之前曾於麥堅時律師行及羅富齊父子(香港)有限公司工作。李先生現為本公司主要股東聯合集團 (股份代號:373)之行政總裁及執行董事。彼亦為天安中國投資有限公司(「**天安**」)(股份代號:28)及天安卓健有限公 司(「**天安卓健**」,前稱中國醫療網絡有限公司)(股份代號:383)之主席及非執行董事。聯合集團、天安及天安卓健均 為聯交所主板上市公司。彼為Mount Gibson(股份代號:MGX)之非執行主席,該公司於澳洲證券交易所上市。

林蓮珠女士,53歲,於二零二零年五月二十一日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。林女士畢業於香港大學,持有工商管 理學士學位,主修會計及金融。彼為香港會計師公會、英國特許公認會計師公會和英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會的 資深會員。林女士現為香港執業會計師。彼獲聯交所頒授通過第十五屆證券經紀考試證書。林女士於會計與財務、管 理上市公司、以及收購合併等方面均具有豐富經驗。林女士現為本公司主要股東首鋼福山資源集團有限公司(股份代 號:639)之財務總監,該公司於聯交所主板上市,並曾擔任該公司的公司秘書超過5年。彼亦曾在香港另一間上市公 司金朝陽集團有限公司(股份代號:878)擔任企業融資經理並曾於畢馬威會計師事務所工作超過5年。

# 獨立非執行董事

**王永權博士**,73歲,於二零零四年七月六日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王博士持有菲律賓比立勤國立大學 (Bulacan State University)工商管理哲學博士學位。彼為英國特許公司治理公會、香港公司治理公會、香港税務學 會、國際會計師公會、愛爾蘭特許會計師協會及註冊財務策劃師協會資深會員。彼為香港證券及投資學會、英國特許 仲裁員公會及蘇格蘭特許銀行家學會會員,以及澳門會計師公會會員。王博士現為冠泓會計師行有限公司的首席顧 問。彼亦為陽光能源控股有限公司(股份代號:757)、招商局置地有限公司(股份代號:978)、天安卓健(股份代號: 383)、中國萬桐園(控股)有限公司(股份代號:6966)及德信服務集團有限公司(股份代號:2215)之獨立非執行董 事。該五間公司均於聯交所主板上市。王博士自二零一九年一月十一日起至二零二四年六月十一日止,緊接德信中國 控股有限公司(「德信中國」)被香港特別行政區高等法院頒令清盤前,一直擔任德信中國的獨立非執行董事。彼於二零 一八年一月至二零二一年十二月期間曾為首都金融控股有限公司(股份代號:8239)之獨立非執行董事,該公司於聯交 所GEM上市,並於二零一四年八月至二零二二年十二月期間曾為中國宏泰產業市鎮發展有限公司(股份代號:6166) 之獨立非執行董事,該公司曾於聯交所主板上市直至二零二二年十二月六日。

王宏前先生,66歲,於二零一九年五月二十四日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生於一九八二年畢業於西安 冶金建築學院(現稱西安建築科技大學),取得建築系總圖運輸設計學士學位,並持有香港中文大學金融財務工商管 理碩士學位。彼現為教授級高級工程師及國家一級註冊建築師。王先生現為清華大學經濟管理學院金融碩士兼職導師 (行業導師)以及中國國際工程諮詢協會專家委員會副主任委員兼對外投資委員會主任委員。王先生曾擔任煤炭部規劃 設計研究總院團委書記、總運處專業組長、副處長、處長及副院長,中煤國際工程設計研究總院副總經理,中色建設 房地產開發公司董事長兼總經理,中國有色礦業集團有限公司總工程師以及中國有色金屬建設股份有限公司之董事兼 總經理。

周國榮先生,62歲,於二零二三年十一月二十三日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼於二零二零年至二零二 年期間為從事全球財務顧問業務的Rothschild & Co(羅斯柴爾德恩可)之高級顧問,並於二零一八年至二零二零年期 間出任Rothschild & Co的香港區主席。周先生於一九八七年加入羅富齊父子(香港)有限公司,一直在該集團任職銀 行家。彼於企業合併及收購、資本市場及財富管理方面擁有豐富經驗。周先生畢業於英格蘭白金漢大學,取得法律學 士學位,並為香港董事學會之資深會員。周先生為喜望利顧問(為香港一間家族辦公室及投資公司)的高級顧問。彼現 時亦為本公司主要股東聯合集團(股份代號:373)及專業旅運(亞洲)企業有限公司(「**專業旅運**」)(股份代號:1235)之 獨立非執行董事。周先生於二零二四年六月獲委任為佐丹奴國際有限公司(「**佐丹奴**」)(股份代號:709)之獨立非執行 董事。聯合集團、專業旅運及佐丹奴均為聯交所主板上市公司。彼亦於香港城市大學校董會財務委員會及轄下的投資 委員分會擔任職務。

# ARTHUR GEORGE DEW先生之替任董事

王大鈞先生,60歲,於二零一六年三月一日獲委任為Arthur George Dew先生之替任董事。王先生出任本公司多間 附屬公司之董事。王先生持有工商管理碩士學位,亦為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員, 以及英國特許公司治理公會及香港公司治理公會之資深會士。彼現為本公司主要股東聯合集團(股份代號:373)之 投資總監,天安卓健(股份代號:383)之非執行董事以及為Arthur George Dew先生於龍資源(股份代號:1712)及 Tanami Gold(股份代號:TAM)之替任董事。聯合集團、天安卓健及龍資源均為聯交所主板上市公司。Tanami Gold 為於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司。王先生曾擔任Arthur George Dew先生於Tian An Australia(股份代號:TIA)之替任 董事,直至二零二三年五月。Tian An Australia為於澳洲證券交易所上市之公司。

# 高級管理層

## 香港

Andrew Ferguson先生

行政總裁

Andrew Ferguson先生的履歷詳情載列於本年報第59頁。

#### 譚潔玲女士

首席財務官

譚潔玲女士,58歲,於二零一六年七月加盟本公司,出任首席財務官。譚女士亦為本公司若干附屬公司之監事。彼 於國際企業及香港上市公司之財務及會計方面擁有逾34年經驗。譚女士持有法律學士學位,並為香港會計師公會及 英國特許公認會計師公會之會員。

### 其他管理層

#### 香港

#### John Ellis先生

高級投資組合經理

Ellis先生於二零一零年七月加盟本公司,出任投資經理,彼現任高級投資組合經理一職,負責管理中小型礦產投資組 合。於加盟亞太資源之前,彼曾擔任Colonial First State悉尼分公司的全球資源投資組合經理,以及加拿大皇家銀行 悉尼及倫敦分行的採礦研究及銷售總監。Ellis先生於資源投資方面擁有逾24年經驗,並持有文學士學位及多項行業認 證,包括加拿大證券課程、澳交所/澳洲結算所專責行政人員及澳洲金融服務協會應用金融及投資研究生證書。

#### 黃靜琳女士

高級投資組合經理

黃女士於二零一二年二月加盟本公司,出任企業與投資副總裁,彼現任高級投資組合經理一職,負責管理能源投資組合。於加盟亞太資源之前,彼曾擔任晉新資本(香港)及Credit Suisse Australia之石油及天然氣研究分析師。黃女士 於金融方面擁有逾18年經驗,為特許金融分析師,並於墨爾本大學完成商務學士及資訊系統學士學位。 杜容根先生

財務總監

杜先生於二零零七年一月加盟本公司,出任財務總監及公司秘書。彼於二零零八年七月辭任,其後加盟中國醫療網絡 有限公司(現稱天安卓健)(股份代號:383),該公司於聯交所上市。杜先生於二零一一年一月再次加盟本公司,出任 財務總監一職。杜先生亦出任本公司多間附屬公司之董事。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會 會員。杜先生在企業融資、財務管理、會計及核數方面擁有豐富經驗。

#### 中國上海

#### 周魯勇先生

上海商品貿易業務總經理

周先生於二零零七年七月加盟本公司,現擔任上海商品貿易業務總經理。周先生在天然資源行業(包括商品貿易及散 貨船租賃)擁有逾31年經驗。於加盟亞太資源之前,周先生曾為寶鋼的多家海外附屬公司(位於香港及歐洲)業務經 理,並自二零零二年起擔任上海寶鋼國際經濟貿易有限公司煤炭貿易部總經理,負責為寶鋼集團採購及銷售煤炭及焦 炭。彼亦組建寶鋼集團附屬公司上海寶頂能源有限公司。

# 64 董事會報告

本公司董事(「董事」)謹此提呈截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度本集團的董事會報告及綜合財務報表。

# 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,其附屬公司的主要業務載列於綜合財務報表附註40。

# 業績

本集團截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度的業績載列於第100頁的綜合損益表內。

# 股息

董事會已建議派發截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之末期股息每股10港仙(二零二三年:中期股息每股10港仙 (代替末期股息)),反映本集團年內強勁的財務表現。然而,我們必須指出,是次股息不能作為日後依據。本公司仍 會致力為本公司股東(「**股東**」)締造價值,同時維持平衡與可持續的資本分配方法。

待股東於本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會(「**二零二四年股東週年大會**」)上批准後,股息將派付予於二零 二四年十一月二十八日(星期四)名列本公司股東名冊內之股東。建議末期股息將於二零二四年十二月十六日 (星期一)或前後派付。

## 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

# (1) 為釐定出席本公司預定於二零二四年十一月十九日(星期二)舉行之二零二四年股東週年大 會並於會上投票的資格

- 過戶文件送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處
  二零二四年十一月十三日(星期三)
  辦理登記手續的最後時限
  下午四時三十分
- 暫停辦理本公司股份過戶登記

二零二四年十一月十四日(星期四) 至二零二四年十一月十九日(星期二)

(包括首尾兩天)

(2) 為釐定收取截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之建議末期股息(須待股東於二零二四年股東 週年大會上批准方可作實)的資格

- 過戶文件送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處 辦理登記手續的最後時限
- 暫停辦理本公司股份過戶登記

二零二四年十一月二十二日(星期五) 下午四時三十分

二零二四年十一月二十五日(星期一) 至二零二四年十一月二十八日(星期四) (包括首尾兩天)

於上述暫停辦理期間,本公司股份之轉讓手續將不予辦理。股東為符合資格出席二零二四年股東週年大會並於會上投票,以及符合資格獲享建議末期股息,所有轉讓文件連同有關股票須於上述的最後時限前送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳秘書商務有限公司作登記,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

## 業務回顧

香港公司條例(「**公司條例**」)附表5要求公司於董事會報告中載入業務回顧。尤其是,公司條例要求業務回顧須覆蓋若 干領域,該等領域已經董事會批准並載入本年報「管理層討論及分析」及「企業管治報告」章節,有關討論亦構成本董事 會報告之一部份,詳情如下:

1.	本集團業務之中肯審視	本年報第49至58頁
2.	本集團所面臨的主要風險及不明朗因素	本年報第48至58頁
3.	揭示本集團業務之潛在發展	本年報第58頁
4.	與股東之重要關係	本年報第88至89頁

5. 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度後影響本集團之重大事項 本年報第58頁

本公司環境政策及表現、本公司與對本集團有重大影響之其他持份者(包括員工、客戶及供應商)的關係論述載於將分別在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)網站及本公司網站「投資者關係」下「環境、社會及管治報告」一節另行刊載的2023/24環境、社會及管治報告(「**環境、社會及管治報告**」)。有關討論亦構成本董事會報告之一部份。

如欲瀏覽環境、社會及管治報告的網上版本,請參閱本年報第47頁「公司資料」所載的網址。

# 對法律及法規之遵守

本集團高度重視遵守不時規管旗下業務的適用法律及法規。作為香港一間上市公司,本公司須遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)。我們的放債業務分部乃受香港放債人條例及打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例規管。

# 分部資料

本集團於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度業務活動之收益及業績貢獻分析分別載列於綜合財務報表附註6及5。

## 股本、已發行股份及認股權證

本公司於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之股本變動詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註33(b)。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度, 誠如本公司日期為二零二三年九月二十六日之公告及本公司日期為二零二三年 十二月十一日之通函所披露,根據以股代息計劃(「以股代息計劃」)發行面值每股普通股1港元之54,151,441股普通股 (市價每股0.9272港元)。以股代息計劃給予股東以市值增加彼等於本公司投資之機會,而毋須承擔經紀費、印花税 及相關交易費用。以股代息計劃亦有利於本公司,因該等原應派付予選擇收取代息股份代替全部或部分現金股息之股 東之現金共計約50,209,000港元,由本公司保留作營運資金。本公司概無就根據以股代息計劃發行之股份收取任何 代價。

# 債權證

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團並無發行任何債權證。

# 股權掛鈎協議

本公司於年內並無訂立或於本年度結算日並無存在任何股權掛鈎協議,將會或可能致使本公司發行股份,或要求本公司訂立任何將會或可能致使本公司發行股份的協議。

# 儲備

本公司及本集團於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之儲備變動詳情,分別載列於綜合財務報表附註33及第104頁之 綜合權益變動表內。

於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司可供分派予股東的儲備(即實繳盈餘及保留溢利的總和)為1,058,322,000港元(二 零二三年:1,194,959,000港元)。

# 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之變動詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註15。

# 董事

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及直至本報告日期之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

Andrew Ferguson先生(行政總裁) Brett Robert Smith先生(副主席)(自二零二三年十一月二十四日起辭任)

## 非執行董事

Arthur George Dew先生(*主席*) (*王大鈞先生為彼之替任董事*) 李成輝先生 林蓮珠女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

王永權博士 王宏前先生 周國榮先生(自二零二三年十一月二十三日起獲委任) 鄭鑄輝先生(自二零二三年十一月二十三日舉行之本公司股東週年大會結束後退任)

根據本公司之公司細則(「**公司細則**」)第87(1)及87(2)條, Arthur George Dew先生、Andrew Ferguson先生及王宏前 先生將於二零二四年股東週年大會上輪值退任,並符合資格及願意膺選連任。

# 68 董事會報告(續)

根據公司細則第86(2)條,周國榮先生之任期直至二零二四年股東週年大會為止,並符合資格及願意膺選連任。

擬於二零二四年股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本公司或其任何附屬公司不可於 一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

# 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益

於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司各董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中持有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記 冊內,或根據上市規則附錄十(自二零二三年十二月三十一日起已重新編排為附錄C3)所載之上市發行人董事進行證 券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

董事姓名	公司名稱	權益持有者身份	擁有權益之股份或 相關股份之數目	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比
Arthur George Dew先生	龍資源有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i>	實益擁有人	220,000	0.14%
李成輝先生	本公司	其他權益	615,497,629 <i>(附註 2)</i>	45.36%
林蓮珠女士	本公司	實益擁有人	75,000	0.00%

附註:

- 1. 於二零二四年六月三十日,龍資源有限公司(「**龍資源**」)由本公司透過其間接全資附屬公司擁有約28.84%權益。因此,龍資源為本公司的相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。
- 李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團有限公司 (「聯合集團」)已發行股份總數約74.99%(包括李成輝先生之個人權益),故被視為擁有聯合集團透過其間接全資附屬公司Allied Properties Investments (1) Company Limited(「API(1)」)而被視為擁有本公司615,497,629股股份之權益。

3. 上述權益皆為好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年六月三十日,概無本公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置 之登記冊內,或根據標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

# 購買股份或債權證之安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度內任何時間概無參與任何安排,致使董事、其各自之配 偶或未滿18歲之子女能透過購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲得利益。

# 董事在構成競爭業務中之權益

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及直至本報告日期,根據上市規則,以下董事被視為於下列與本集團業務直接或 間接構成競爭或有可能構成競爭的業務中持有權益:

董事姓名	公司名稱	競爭業務權益	競爭業務之 説明 <del>*</del>
Arthur George Dew先生	聯合集團	- 董事	(1)及(2)
王大鈞先生 (Arthur George Dew 先生之替任董事)	若干聯合集團之附屬公司	- 董事	(1)及(2)
儿工之日Ц里芋	天安卓健有限公司(「 <b>天安卓健</b> 」)	- 董事	(1)
李成輝先生	聯合集團	- 董事 - 主要股東*	(1)及(2)
	新鴻基有限公司(「 <b>新鴻基</b> 」)一間 非全資附屬公司	- 董事 - 新鴻基之主要股東*	(1)
	天安中國投資有限公司(「 <b>天安</b> 」)	- 董事 - 主要股東*	(1)
	天安卓健	- 董事 - 主要股東*	(1)
	亞證地產有限公司(「 <b>亞證</b> 」)	- 主要股東*	(1)
	Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「 <b>Mount Gibson</b> 」)	- 董事 - 主要股東*	(3)
Andrew Ferguson先生	Mount Gibson	- 李成輝先生之替任董事	(3)

本集團之競爭業務:

- (1) 放債業務
- (2) 買賣上市證券及投資債券
- (3) 投資及買賣資源和相關行業之上市證券
- \* 李成輝先生為Lee and Lee Trust之其中一名信託人, Lee and Lee Trust被視為聯合集團、新鴻基、天安、天安卓健、亞證及Mount Gibson各自之主要股東。
- # 通過附屬公司或聯營公司(視情況而定)進行。

僅供參考:

李成輝先生為Lee and Lee Trust之其中一名信託人,而Lee and Lee Trust被視為龍資源及Tanami Gold NL(「Tanami Gold])各自之主要股東。Arthur George Dew先生(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)為龍資源及Tanami Gold各自之董事。Tanami Gold透過其若干附屬公司於澳洲從事金礦勘探,而龍資源則於北歐從事金礦勘探、開採及加工。因此, Tanami Gold的業務並不會與龍資源的業務構成直接或間接競爭,亦不可能構成競爭。

上述董事雖因彼等各自同時於其他公司出任董事一職(不包括獨立非執行董事)或擁有股權而持有競爭性權益,彼等仍 會履行其受信責任,以確保彼等於任何時候均以股東及本公司之整體最佳利益行事。故此,本集團得以按公平原則以 獨立於該等公司業務之方式進行其本身之業務。

#### 董事於重大交易、安排或合約中之權益

除「關聯方交易」及「持續關連交易」兩節項下之披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立於截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度結算日或截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度內任何時間存續且董事或與董事關連之實體直接或間接擁有 重大權益之任何其他重大交易、安排或合約。

# 管理合約

除僱傭合約及「持續關連交易」一節項下詳述之二零二三年服務協議外,於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度概無訂立 或存續其他有關本公司全部或任何重大部份業務之管理及/或行政合約。

# 控股股東之重大合約

除「持續關連交易」一節項下之披露者外,於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司與控股股東 或其任何附屬公司並無訂立任何重大合約,亦無訂立任何有關控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司 提供服務的重大合約。

# 獲准許的彌償條文

公司細則規定,本公司董事、秘書及其他高級人員均可就該等人士就各自的職務或信託執行其職責或假定職責時因所 作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支從本公司的資產及利潤獲得彌 償及獲保證免受任何損害。因此,本公司已就董事可能面對之有關法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

# 税務減免及豁免

本公司並不知悉股東因其持有之本公司股份而獲得任何税務減免或豁免。

# 主要股東及其他人士之權益

於二零二四年六月三十日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登記冊所載,下列股東擁有本公司之股份或相關股份之權益:

股東名稱	權益持有者身份	擁有權益之股份或 相關股份之數目	佔已發行 股份總數之 概約百分比
聯合集團	受控法團權益(附註1)	615,497,629	45.36%
Lee and Lee Trust	受控法團權益( <i>附註3)</i>	615,497,629 <i>(附註2)</i>	45.36%
首鋼福山資源集團有限公司	受控法團權益(附註4)	215,100,000	15.86%
PIA Ltd	投資經理	123,792,000	9.12%
OPG Holdings LLC	受控法團權益(附註5)	105,158,000	7.75%
Old Peak Asia Fund Ltd.	受控法團權益( <i>附註6)</i>	105,158,000	7.75%

# 72 董事會報告(續)

附註:

- 該等股份由API(1)持有,其為Allied Properties Overseas Limited之全資附屬公司,而Allied Properties Overseas Limited則為聯合地產 (香港)有限公司(「聯合地產」)之全資附屬公司。聯合集團直接及間接(透過Capscore Limited、開鵬投資有限公司及陽山投資有限公 司,全部均為聯合集團之直接全資附屬公司)合共擁有聯合地產已發行股份總數之100%。因此,聯合集團被視為擁有API(1)所持股份 之權益。
- 2. 該權益指聯合集團於615,497,629股股份中之相同權益。
- 3. 董事李成輝先生連同李淑慧女士及李成煌先生均為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之信託人。Lee and Lee Trust控制聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.99%(包括李成輝先生之個人權益),因此被視為擁有聯合集團透過API(1)所持股份之權益。
- 4. 該等股份由Benefit Rich Limited(「**Benefit Rich**」)持有,其為首鋼福山資源集團有限公司(「**首鋼福山**」)之全資附屬公司。因此,首鋼 福山被視為擁有Benefit Rich所持股份之權益。
- 5. 該等股份由Old Peak Group Ltd.(「**Old Peak Group**」)持有。Old Peak Group為OPG Holdings LLC之全資附屬公司。因此,OPG Holdings LLC被視為擁有Old Peak Group所持股份之權益。
- 6. 該等股份由OP Master Fund Ltd.(「**OP Master**」)持有。OP Master為Old Peak Asia Fund Ltd.之全資附屬公司。因此,Old Peak Asia Fund Ltd.被視為擁有OP Master所持股份之權益。
- 7. 上述所有權益均為好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司並無獲知會有任何其他人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中持有 須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定所存置之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉。

# 購回、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度內購回、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券(包括出 售庫存股份(如有))。

# 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團五大客戶共佔本集團營業額84%,而最大客戶佔本集團總營業額約56%。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,唯一供應商佔本集團全部採購額。

本公司主要股東首鋼福山被視為於本集團之唯一供應商中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外及據董事所知,概無董事、董事之緊密聯繫人或本公司股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份總 數(不包括庫存股份(如有))的5%以上)於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度內任何時間擁有任何本集團五大客戶及唯 一供應商之權益。

## 薪酬政策

本集團的僱員乃按其學歷、資格及能力挑選、支薪及晉升。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十四(自二零二三年十二月三十一日起已重新編排為附錄C1)第二部分所載之守則條文 E.1.2(c)(ii)之模式作為其薪酬模式,以釐定董事之薪酬待遇。該模式規定薪酬委員會須就個別執行董事及高級管理層 之薪酬待遇向董事會提出建議。當釐定董事及高級管理層之薪酬時,本公司薪酬委員會會按(其中包括)彼等之職務、 職責及現行市況作出考慮。

### 關聯方交易

除於下文「持續關連交易」一節所披露的交易,其中本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章的披露規定外,概無綜合財務報表 附註39所載之本集團於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度訂立之關連方交易屬於上市規則第14A章所界定之關連交易 或持續關連交易。

#### 持續關連交易

 誠如本公司日期為二零一九年五月二十三日、二零一九年六月十四日及二零一九年七月九日之公告以及本 公司日期為二零一九年六月二十日之通函所披露,於二零一九年五月二十三日,Ultra Effort Limited(「Ultra Effort」,本公司之全資附屬公司)(作為貸款人)與Best Advantage Limited(「Best Advantage」,天安之全資附 屬公司)(作為借款人)及天安(作為擔保人)訂立貸款協議(「貸款協議I」),據此,Ultra Effort同意(其中包括)於 可提供期間向Best Advantage提供金額不超過235,000,000港元(或Ultra Effort接納及同意與235,000,000港元 等值之其他貨幣金額)之循環貸款(「貸款融資I」),年利率為5.5%。

誠如本公司日期為二零二一年五月十日、二零二一年五月十七日、二零二一年六月一日及二零二一年七月九 日之公告以及本公司日期為二零二一年六月九日之通函所披露,於二零二一年五月十日,Ultra Effort、Best Advantage及天安訂立補充貸款協議(「補充貸款協議I」),據此,Ultra Effort同意(其中包括)按當中所載條款及 在其所載條件之規限下,將貸款融資I的上限增加至260,000,000港元(或Ultra Effort接納及同意與260,000,000 港元等值之其他貨幣金額),並將貸款融資I的還款日期由二零二一年七月十二日延長至二零二四年七月十二 日。補充貸款協議I項下擬進行的交易其後於本公司於二零二一年七月九日之股東特別大會上獲獨立股東批准。

# 74 董事會報告(續)

於二零二一年七月十二日至二零二二年六月三十日止期間、截至二零二四年六月三十日止的各兩個財政年度 及二零二四年七月一日至二零二四年七月十一日止期間之補充貸款協議I項下貸款融資之年度上限分別設為 273,869,000港元、274,300,000港元、274,300,000港元及260,431,000港元。Best Advantage已分別於二零 二四年六月二十一日及二零二四年六月二十七日向Ultra Effort支付58,891,000港元及111,985,000港元,悉數 償付補充貸款協議I項下未償還貸款本金及利息總額,並不超過截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度所設的年度上 限274,300,000港元。

該交易構成本集團金融服務活動的一部分,令本集團能夠有效運用資金,為本集團獲取更高的回報。

2. 誠如本公司日期為二零二二年十二月二十三日之公告及二零二三年年報所披露,於二零二二年十二月二十三日,本公司與聯合集團訂立重訂行政服務及管理服務分攤協議(「二零二三年服務協議」),據此,本公司同意重訂及延長本公司與聯合集團訂立之日期為二零二零年一月二日之行政服務及管理服務分攤協議之年期,由二零二三年一月一日起至二零二五年十二月三十一日止為期三年,並委聘聯合集團提供(i)行政服務(「行政服務」),包括聯合集團向本集團提供之公司秘書服務、提供註冊辦事處地址、水電供應服務、電話(包括國際長途電話服務)及互聯網、影印、郵寄、速遞、送遞及有關本集團日常行政及營運之其他配套服務並支付聯合集團所產生的實際成本;及(ii)管理服務,包括聯合集團及其全資附屬公司之高級管理層及選定的僱員(「管理人員」)向本集團提供管理、顧問、策略、內部審核、管理資訊系統顧問及業務建議服務(視情況而定)(「管理服務」),並將按提供管理服務之管理人員薪酬的指定百分比支付聯合集團所產生的部份實際服務成本。

根據二零二三年服務協議,有關管理服務之年度上限於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度、二零二四年 及二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度,將分別設為2,940,000港元、3,240,000港元及3,570,000港元。於截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團根據二零二三年服務協議就管理服務應付聯合集團之成本總額為 991,000港元,並未超過該年所設年度上限3,240,000港元。

下列董事(根據二零二三年服務協議提供管理服務之管理人員之成員)被視為於二零二三年服務協議中擁有權 益:(i)非執行董事李成輝先生,亦為Lee and Lee Trust(全權信託)之其中一名信託人,連同其個人權益,於二 零二四年六月三十日控制聯合集團已發行股份總數約74.99%權益:(ii)主席兼非執行董事Arthur George Dew先 生;及(iii)王大鈞先生,即Arthur George Dew先生於本公司之替任董事。

行政服務及管理服務之分攤安排對本集團有利,皆因聯合集團及本集團均可透過分攤行政服務及管理服務而享 有規模經濟效益,從而最大化成本效益及管理效率。 由於聯合集團為本公司之主要股東,而天安及Best Advantage均為聯合集團之聯繫人,聯合集團、天安及Best Advantage均被視為本公司之關連人士,因此根據上市規則第14A.31條,訂立補充貸款協議I及二零二三年服務協議 及其項下擬進行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。補充貸款協議I項下擬進行之交易須遵守上市規則第14A章下有關 申報、年度審閱、公告及獨立股東批准規定。二零二三年服務協議項下擬進行之交易(已全面豁免的分攤行政服務除 外)(連同補充貸款協議I,統稱為「持續關連交易」)須遵守上市規則第14A章下有關申報、年度審閱及公告規定,惟豁 免遵守獨立股東批准規定。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,獨立非執行董事已審閱持續關連交易並確認持續關連交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團之日常及一般業務中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 根據有關交易之協議進行,條款公平合理,並符合股東之整體利益。

根據上市規則第14A.56條規定,董事會聘用本公司核數師就上述持續關連交易進行若干協定程序。核數師已向董事 會報告其有關該等程序之結論,並對上市規則第14A.56條所述事項作出確認。本公司核數師獲聘用根據香港會計師 公會頒佈之香港核證委聘準則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務資料以外之核證委聘」及參照實務説明第740號 (經修訂)「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」就上述持續關連交易作出報告。

## 捐款

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團共捐款55,000港元。

### 優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達一九八一年公司法(「**公司法**」)並無訂明優先購買權條文,規定本公司按比例向現有股東發售新股。

# 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可以得悉的公開資料及就董事所知,於本報告日期,本公司一直按上市規則規定維持充足公眾持股量。

# 核數師

國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司辭任本公司核數師,及香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司獲委任為本公司核 數師以填補臨時空缺,均自二零二三年六月二十七日起生效。

本集團截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度的綜合財務報表已經由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司審核。香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司將會退任,而一項有關重新委任香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師之決 議案將在二零二四年股東週年大會上提呈。

除上文所披露者外,於過去三年本公司核數師概無其他變動。

# 審核委員會審閲業績

本集團截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之末期業績已經由本公司審核委員會審閱。

代表董事會

主席 Arthur George Dew

香港,二零二四年九月二十五日

企業管治報告 77

本公司致力於切合實際之範圍內維持高水平之企業管治,以強調高透明度、問責性及獨立性為原則。本公司董事會 (「**董事會**」)相信優良之企業管治對本公司之成功及提升股東價值至為重要。

# 企業管治守則

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四(自二零二三年十二月三十一日起已重新編排為附錄C1)所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」),董事會已審閱本公司之企業管治常規,並已採納多項經改進之程序, 詳情載於本報告內。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本公司已應用及全面遵守載於企業管治守則「第二部份一 良好企業管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規」一節內之原則及適用之守則條文。董事會將至少每年檢討現行之常 規一次,並在其認為需要時作出適當更改。

# 董事會

董事會目前共由七名董事(「**董事**」)組成,其中一名為執行董事(「**執行董事**」)、三名為非執行董事(「**非執行董事**」)及 三名為獨立非執行董事(「**獨立非執行董事**」)。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及截至本報告日期為止,董事會成 員載列如下:

執行董事:	Andrew Ferguson先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i> Brett Robert Smith先生 <i>(副主席)</i>
	(自二零二三年十一月二十四日起辭任)
非執行董事:	Arthur George Dew先生(主席) (王大鈞先生為其替任董事)
	李成輝先生
	林蓮珠女士
獨立非執行董事:	王永權博士
	王宏前先生
	周國榮先生
	(自二零二三年十一月二十三日起獲委任)
	鄭鑄輝先生
	(自本公司於二零二三年十一月二十三日舉行的股東週年大會
	(「 <b>二零二三年股東週年大會</b> 」)結束起退任)

董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第59至第61頁之「董事及管理層履歷」內。董事會成員之間並無財務、業務、家族或其他 重大或相關關係。

## 董事會程序

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,非執行董事(其中至少三名為獨立非執行董事)為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集 團」)提供廣泛之技能、專業知識及不同背景與資歷。彼等積極參與董事會及委員會會議,對本集團之策略、政策、表 現及管理程序之事宜提供獨立、富建設性及有根據的判斷,並顧及所有本公司股東(「**股東**」)之利益。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及直至本報告日期為止,本公司有至少三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數不少於 三分之一。至少一名獨立非執行董事具備上市規則第3.10條所規定之適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。 董事會已接獲各獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性的年度確認書,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均具備上市規則第3.13條所 載之指引下之獨立性。

董事會定期舉行會議討論本集團之整體策略以及營運及財政表現,並審閱及批准本集團之全年及中期業績及其他須處 理之個別事項。截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,已舉行了四次董事會會議,而各董事於董事會、薪酬委員會、審 核委員會之會議及股東大會的個別出席記錄載列如下:

	出席/舉行會議的次數					
	董事會	薪酬委員會	審核委員會	股東大會		
執行董事:						
Andrew Ferguson先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	4/4	_	_	1/1		
Brett Robert Smith先生 <i>(副主席)</i>	2/2	_	_	1/1		
(自二零二三年十一月二十四日起辭任)						
非執行董事:						
Arthur George Dew先生( <i>主席)</i>	3/4	1/1	1/2	1/1		
(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)	(附註1)		(附註1)			
李成輝先生	4/4	_	_	1/1		
林蓮珠女士	4/4	-	-	1/1		
獨立非執行董事:						
王永權博士	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1		
王宏前先生	4/4	1/1	2/2	1/1		
周國榮先生(自二零二三年十一月二十三日起 獲委任)	2/2	1/1	1/1	_		
鄭鑄輝先生(自二零二三年股東週年大會結束起 退任)	1/1	_	1/1	0/1		

附註:

1. 其餘董事會會議及審核委員會會議由其替任董事代其出席。

2. 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度董事的出席情況參照其各自任期內有關會議舉行次數。

經董事會決定或考慮之事宜主要包括本集團整體策略、全年及中期業績、董事委任或重新委任之批准(按提名委員會 之建議)、重大合約及交易、企業管治,以及其他重大政策及財務等事宜。董事會已將日常職責委派予行政管理人 員,並由執行委員會(其具有明確之書面職權範圍)指示/監督。董事會及本公司管理層之職能已確立並以書面列載, 將不時由董事會作出檢討並更新,以確保其職能與現行規則及規例一致。

董事會定期會議的舉行日期於每年預先編定,以便更多董事出席會議。舉行董事會會議一般會給予全體董事至少14 天之通知,以便彼等皆有機會提出商討事項列入會議議程內。本公司的公司秘書(「**公司秘書**」)協助董事會主席編製會 議議程,以及確保已遵守所有適用規則及規例。議程及隨附之董事會文件一般在擬舉行董事會定期會議前至少3天呈 送予全體董事(及就可行情況下,亦適用於其他董事會會議)。每份董事會會議記錄之初稿於提交下一次董事會會議審 批前,先供全體董事傳閱並提出意見。所有會議記錄均由公司秘書保存,並供任何董事於發出合理通知時,於任何合 理時間內查閱。

根據董事會現行慣例,倘主要股東或董事在董事會將予考慮之事項中存有董事會認為屬重大之利益衝突,則有關事項 會於正式召開之董事會會議上由董事會處理。公司細則亦規定,除當中所述之例外情況外,董事須於批准彼或其任何 緊密聯繫人擁有重大利益之任何合約或安排之會議上就任何董事會決議案放棄投票,彼亦不會被計算於該等會議之法 定人數內。

每位董事均有權查閱董事會文件及相關資料,並可向公司秘書尋求意見及服務。董事會及各董事亦可個別及獨立地接 觸本公司之高級管理層。董事將持續獲取有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之重大發展的最新資料,以確保彼等遵守 及秉持優良企業管治常規。此外,作為鼓勵董事提出獨立意見及建議之機制之一部分,本公司已制定書面程序,讓各 董事在履行其職務時,可在適當之情況下尋求外部獨立專業意見,有關合理費用由本公司承擔。董事會每年就該機制 之實施情況及有效性進行檢討。
## 董事之持續專業發展

在持續專業發展方面,除出席會議及審閱由本公司管理層發出之文件及通函外,截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度, 董事參與之活動包括如下:

參與持續專業發展活動

董事姓名	閱讀法規更新	出席與董事職責有關的 培訓/簡報會/ 座談會/研討會
<b>執行董事:</b> Andrew Ferguson先生( <i>行政總裁)</i> Brett Robert Smith先生( <i>副主席</i> ) (自二零二三年十一月二十四日起辭任)	v v	
<b>非執行董事:</b> Arthur George Dew先生 <i>(主席)</i> 王大鈞先生 <i>(Arthur George Dew先生之替任董事)</i> 李成輝先生 林蓮珠女士		
<b>獨立非執行董事:</b> 王永權博士 王宏前先生 周國榮先生( <i>自二零二三年十一月二十三日起獲委任)</i> 鄭鑄輝先生( <i>自二零二三年股東週年大會結束起退任)</i>		

## 多元化

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策,載列有關董事會成員多元化的目標及原則,以確保董事會的成員在技能、經驗 以及多樣的觀點與角度方面達到適當的平衡,從而提升董事會的運作效率並保持高標準的企業管治水平。董事會成員 的提名與委任將以用人唯才為原則,以本公司不時的業務需求為基準,並兼顧董事會成員的多元化。 甄選董事會候選人將以一系列多元化範疇為基準,並參考本公司的業務模式和特定需求,包括但不限於性別、年齡、 文化背景、教育背景、技能、知識和專業經驗。

董事會女性成員代表比例乃本公司評估董事會成員多元化政策實施情況之可衡量目標。目前,董事會的七名董事中有 一名董事為女性,董事會性別多元化之比例達到14.29%。董事會的目標為至少保持目前的女性成員代表比例,最終 目標為在物色到合適人選時逐漸提高女性成員比例。

七名董事各具不同背景,包括管理、工程、採礦、自然資源、金融/資產投資、企業融資、投資管理、併購、法律、 會計及財務管理,可達致優勢互補。彼等為本集團業務帶來之寶貴經驗及專業知識對本集團之長遠增長至關重要。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,董事會就董事會成員多元化政策之實施情況及有效性進行年度審閱,並對董事會 成員多元化政策已得到妥善實施及行之有效感到滿意。

為達致性別多元化,本集團於聘請及挑選高級管理層及普通僱員時亦考慮類似的因素。截至二零二四年六月三十日, 男性及女性在員工隊伍(包括高級管理層)中的比例為1.8:1,已達到性別多元化之可衡量目標。有關本集團僱員組成 之進一步資料,請參閱分別於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)及本公司網站發佈之2023/24環境、社會及管治報 告。

## 主席及行政總裁之角色

企業管治守則之守則條文C.2.1規定,主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。董事會主席 Arthur George Dew先生主要負責領導董事會,確保(i)所有重大政策事宜乃經董事會及建設性方式適時討論:(ii)所有 董事能妥善地獲得董事會會議上討論問題之通報;及(iii)董事能收到準確、適時及清晰之資料。行政總裁一職由本公 司行政總裁Andrew Ferguson先生擔任,彼負責本集團之日常業務管理。此等職位之職責已清晰區分且以書面形式載 明,並經董事會批准。

## 董事之委任及重選

提名委員會之職權範圍包括訂明遴選及推薦本公司董事候選人程序及準則之提名方法。

每名新獲委任之董事將於首次委任時獲公司秘書發給一套入職資料。該套入職資料乃根據公司條例(香港法例第622 章)(「**公司條例**」)、上市規則以及證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」)董事須遵守之職責及持續 責任之全面、正式及按每名董事情況專門編製之指引。此外,該套入職資料亦包括簡述本公司運作及業務之資料、本 公司最新公佈之財務報告及董事會採納之企業管治常規文件。董事將持續獲取有關上市規則及其他適用之監管規定之 任何重大發展的最新資料,以確保彼等遵守及秉持優良企業管治常規。

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所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)並無指定任期,惟均須根據公司細則之有關條文或任何其他適用法例之規定離 任或退任,但合資格膺選連任。

於考慮董事委任或重新委任時,除上文「董事會」項下「多元化」一段中列出的多元化標準外,董事會在提名委員會的協助及建議下,亦將考慮一系列因素,包括但不限於董事會的結構、規模及組成,候選人的資格,及彼等能否投入足夠時間履行彼等作為董事之職責,並為本公司戰略、政策及業績的發展作出積極貢獻。

根據公司細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)上,三分之一當時在任之董事(或倘人數並非三之倍 數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)須輪值退任。此外,任何填補臨時空缺而獲董事會委任或作為董事會新增之 董事,可任職至其獲委任後的首屆股東週年大會為止,並合資格於該屆大會上膺選連任。每名董事須至少每三年輪值 退任一次。

## 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治責任,並已就其企業管治職能採納書面職權範圍。

董事會在企業管治職能方面之責任包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之適用操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司在遵守企業管治守則之情況及在企業管治報告內之披露。

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及截至本報告日期為止,董事會已根據其職權範圍履行企業管治責任。

## 董事委員會

董事會已成立多個委員會,包括提名委員會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會及執行委員會,各委員會均以書面具體列明其 職權範圍。委員會之所有會議記錄及決議案均由公司秘書保存,並提供副本予全體董事會成員傳閱,而各委員會須向 董事會匯報其決定及建議(倘適用)。董事會會議之程序及安排(於本報告「董事會」一節內提述)按可行情況下亦已獲採 納於委員會會議。

## 提名委員會

提名委員會由董事會主席擔任主席,且大部份成員為獨立非執行董事。目前,提名委員會由四位成員組成,包括非執 行董事及董事會主席Arthur George Dew先生(提名委員會主席)(王大鈞先生為其替任董事),以及獨立非執行董事王 永權博士、王宏前先生及周國榮先生。提名委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋 求獨立專業意見。提名委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登 載。

提名委員會已於其職權範圍內制訂並載列提名政策(「**提名政策**」)。提名政策旨在確保董事會按照本公司業務而具備適 當所需技能、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度,且董事能按其角色及董事會職責向本公司投入足夠時間並作出貢獻。董事會 成員應由執行董事和非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均衡組合,使董事會具有強大的獨立成分,以便能夠有效地作 出獨立判斷。

為確保董事會組成人員的變動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有正式、經審慎考慮並具透明度的董事甄選、委任 及重新委任程序,並設定有秩序的董事繼任計劃(如認為有需要),包括定期檢討此類計劃。委任新董事(作為新增董 事或填補所出現的臨時空缺)或重新委任任何董事乃經提名委員會推薦候選人後由董事會作出決定。

用於考慮候選人是否符合資格的標準,應視乎候選人是否能投入足夠時間及精神以處理本公司事務,並促進董事會成 員多元化(包括性別多元化),使董事會能有效履行其職責。通過採用該等標準,有助於本公司為董事會發掘候選人渠 道,以實現性別多元化。更多甄選標準及程序的詳情載於提名委員會職權範圍,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站 內登載。

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根據其職權範圍,提名委員會將於有需要時舉行會議,亦可透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於截至二零二四年六月三十 日止年度,提名委員會並無舉行會議,提名委員會乃透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度及截至本報告日期為止,提名委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討並建議董事會批准就重選退任董事提呈於二零二三年股東週年大會及二零二四年股東週年大會之決議案;
- (ii) 知悉鄭鑄輝先生於二零二三年股東週年大會上輪值退任獨立非執行董事且不再膺選連任:
- (iii) 檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元化,以及評核各獨立非執行董事的資格、時間投入、貢獻及獨立性;
- (iv) 檢討董事會成員多元化政策;及
- (v) 檢討並建議董事會批准委任周國榮先生為獨立非執行董事。

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由獨立非執行董事擔任主席,成員大多數為獨立非執行董事。目前薪酬委員會由四名成員組成,包括獨立 非執行董事王永權博士(薪酬委員會主席)、王宏前先生及周國榮先生,以及非執行董事兼董事會主席Arthur George Dew先生(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)。薪酬委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時 尋求獨立專業意見。薪酬委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登 載。

根據其職權範圍,薪酬委員會每年須最少舉行一次會議。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度已舉行一次薪酬委員會 會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

除舉行薪酬委員會會議外,薪酬委員會亦於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於截至二 零二四年六月三十日止年度及截至本報告日期為止,薪酬委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

(i) 檢討及建議董事及高級管理層薪酬的現有政策與架構以供董事會批准;及

(ii) 檢討並建議董事會批准周國榮先生為新任獨立非執行董事的薪酬。

應付董事之薪酬乃按彼等各自之僱傭合約或服務合約內之條款,在薪酬委員會向董事會提出建議並獲批准後而釐定。 董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11,而於中期期間及截至中期報告日期止之董事酬金之變更詳情(如有)亦已 披露於本公司之2023/24中期報告內(如適用)。應付本公司高級管理層的薪酬按範圍載列於綜合財務報表附註39(i)。 本公司薪酬政策之詳情亦已載於董事會報告第73頁之「薪酬政策」一節內。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會目前由四名非執行董事組成,其中三名為獨立非執行董事。為保持獨立性及客觀性,審核委員會由一名具備合適專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識之獨立非執行董事擔任主席。審核委員會之現任成員為獨立非執行董事王永權博士(審核委員會主席)、王宏前先生及周國榮先生,以及非執行董事兼董事會主席Arthur George Dew先生(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)。審核委員會獲提供充裕資源以履行其職務,並可按本公司之政策在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。審核委員會之主要角色及職能已包含於其職權範圍內,該職權範圍已於聯交所及本公司網站內登載。

根據其職權範圍,審核委員會每年須最少舉行兩次會議。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度已舉行兩次審核委員會 會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

除舉行審核委員會會議外,審核委員會亦於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度透過傳閱文件方式處理事宜。於截至二 零二四年六月三十日止年度及截至本報告日期為止,審核委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 審閱及批准外聘核數師建議之審核範圍及費用;
- (ii) 審閱外聘核數師就有關本集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度之年終審核、截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止六個月之中期業績審閱及截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之年終審核結果之報告/獨立審閱報告及管理層 之回應;
- (iii) 審閱及建議董事會批准截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度、截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止六個月及截至二 零二四年六月三十日止年度之財務報告及相關之管理層聲明函件及公告;
- (iv) 審閱及建議董事會就本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統作年度檢討;
- (v) 審閱由內部審計部(「內部審計部」)編製之內部審計報告及內部審計職能之有效性;
- (vi) 審閱及建議董事會就本集團會計、內部審計、財務匯報職能以及環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)表現 及匯報方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗以及有關員工所接受的培訓課程及預算之報告作年度檢討;及
- (vii) 審閱及建議董事會就財務匯報、內部監控或其他事宜潛在不當行為之經修訂舉報程序、關聯方交易政策及程序、識別及監察關連交易之程序、內幕消息披露政策、內部監控手冊以及風險管理、合規及內部監控程序之政策作年度檢討/批准。

### 執行委員會

董事會已成立執行委員會,並制定特定職權範圍。其目前由一名執行董事及一名非執行董事,即執行董事Andrew Ferguson先生(執行委員會主席)及非執行董事兼董事會主席Arthur George Dew先生(王大鈞先生為其替任董事)組成。執行委員會負責審閱及批准(其中包括)本集團的日常業務產生的任何事項及任何由董事會不時指派之事項。

## 公司秘書

劉冬妮女士為公司秘書。全體董事均可要求公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書就董事會管治事宜向主席匯報,負責 確保董事會程序得以遵守,及促進董事之間及與股東和管理層之溝通。

劉女士為英國特許公司治理公會及香港公司治理公會資深會員。於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,劉女士已接受 超過15小時之相關專業培訓以更新其技能及知識。

## 董事及相關僱員進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納附錄十(自二零二三年十二月三十一日起已重新編排為附錄C3)所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標 準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等一直遵守 標準守則所載之規定標準。

本公司亦已採納標準守則作為相關僱員進行證券交易之守則,藉此對本公司或其任何附屬公司之若干僱員(彼等被視 為可能知悉有關本公司或其證券之內幕消息)就本公司之證券買賣作出規管。

#### 問責性及審核

#### 財務匯報

董事確認彼等編製本集團綜合財務報表(在會計部之協助下)之責任。於編製截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之綜合 財務報表時,本公司已採納香港公認會計原則,並遵守香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(當中亦包括香港會 計準則及詮釋)之規定以及香港公司條例之披露規定。董事認為所選擇之會計政策適當並且貫徹應用,而所作判斷及 估計審慎合理,亦已確保按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

外聘核數師在財務匯報方面的責任載列於本年報獨立核數師報告內。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責每年檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之效能,當中涵蓋所有重要的監控,包括財務監控、運作監控、 合規監控以及環境、社會及管治相關監控。截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,董事會已透過審核委員會就本公司在 會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能以及環境、社會及管治相關表現及匯報方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗以及有關員工所 接受的培訓課程及預算是否足夠作出檢討。

本集團風險管理及內部監控系統旨在合理地(而非絕對地)保證無重大失實陳述或損失,同時管理(而非完全消除)系統 失誤之風險,並協助本集團達致議定宗旨及目標。其對達致業務目標至為重要之風險管理擔任重要角色。此外,其亦 為備存妥善之會計記錄提供基礎,有助遵守有關法律及法規。

本集團設有識別、評估及管理各項業務及活動之風險的系統及程序。有關部門主管在內部審計部的協調下各自完成責 任聲明,藉以進行年度評估。管理層向執行委員會主席呈報檢討結果,及由其轉呈審核委員會及董事會以檢討風險管 理及內部監控系統之效能,並認為風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及足夠。

有關本集團面對各主要類別風險之管理政策及程序之論述,載於綜合財務報表附註36及本年報「管理層討論及分析」 一節內。

#### 內部審計

內部審計主管向董事會主席及審核委員會匯報。內部審計部一般就本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是否足夠及有效作 出分析及獨立評估。

內部審計部已編製內部審計報告並提交予審核委員會及董事會以供審閱。

#### 內幕消息披露政策

董事會就處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控採納內幕消息披露政策(「該政策」)。該政策載列董事及本集團相關人員的指引及程序,以確保本集團按公平基準並及時向公眾發佈內幕消息。掌握潛在內幕消息及/或內幕消息的董事及 相關人員需採取合理措施,確保制定妥善保障措施以防止洩露高度機密的內幕消息,並確保接收者明白自身有責任就 消息保密。該政策須於情況有變動及於上市規則、證券及期貨條例第XIVA部及相關法定及監管規定不時出現變動時按 需要作出更新及修訂。

#### 舉報者政策

董事會已採納就財務匯報、內部監控或其他事宜潛在不當行為之舉報程序作為相關政策及機制,以供僱員及與本集團 有業務往來者可在保密情況下及以不具名方式(如需要及適當)向審核委員會提出對任何有關本集團的可能不當行為的 關注。

### 外聘核數師酬金

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本公司已付或應付其核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司之酬金載列如下:

已提供服務	<b>已付或</b> 應付費用 千港元
- 核數服務 一非核數服務:	1,200
一審閱中期財務資料	200
	1,400

## 股東參與

董事會深明與股東保持良好聯繫的重要性。有關本集團的資料乃按時透過多種正式途徑向股東傳達,包括中期報告及 年報、公告及通函。該等刊發文件連同最近期之公司資料及消息亦已於本公司網站內登載。

本公司股東週年大會乃董事會直接與股東聯繫之寶貴機會。主席積極參與股東週年大會以回應股東之任何提問。審核 委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會主席,或在主席缺席時由各自委員會之另一名委員(或如該等委員未能出席,則彼 等各自適當委任的代表)亦會於股東週年大會上回答提問。任何須予成立或根據上市規則成立之獨立董事委員會之主 席(或倘並無委任該主席,則至少一名獨立董事委員會成員)亦會出席任何就批准須獲獨立股東批准之關連交易或任何 其他交易而舉行之股東大會,以回答提問。 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,二零二三年股東週年大會於二零二三年十一月二十三日舉行<mark>。董事於</mark>二零二三 年股東週年大會的出席記錄載於本報告「董事會」一節內。

每項重大事項(包括重選退任董事)均於股東大會提呈獨立決議案。

就股東週年大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉行前至少21天發出,而就所有其他股東大會而言,股東通告將於大會舉 行前至少14天發出。以股數投票方式進行表決之詳細程序會於大會開始時向股東解釋。大會主席會解答股東有關以 股數投票方式表決之任何問題。股數投票結果將根據上市規則規定之方式刊發。

根據公司細則第58條,股東凡於提交請求當日持有附帶本公司股東大會表決權的本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一, 可隨時透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面請求,以要求董事會召開股東特別大會處理該請求所指明的任何事務或決議 案。有關請求須列明股東大會的目的,經相關股東簽署,並可郵寄至本公司於百慕達的註冊辦事處(「**註冊辦事處**」), 並最好將副本郵寄至其於香港的主要辦事處(「**總辦事處**」)(兩個地址均可於本年報「公司資料」一節查閱),註明收件 人為董事會或公司秘書。此外,股東可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法及公司細則(如適用)向董事會或公司秘書提交書 面形式之股東大會提案並送達註冊辦事處,並最好將副本送達總辦事處,以於股東大會上提呈建議。

董事會已制定一套股東通訊政策。股東可隨時向董事會直接作出書面提問,該等提問可郵寄至註冊辦事處,並最好將 副本郵寄至總辦事處,註明收件人為董事會或公司秘書。

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,董事會已對股東通訊政策的實施情況及成效進行檢討。經考慮上述及股東通訊 政策中詳述的多種溝通及參與渠道後,董事會信納,股東通訊政策已得到妥善實施,且為有效。

## 股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策,旨在為其股東提供合理及可持續回報,同時維持財務狀況穩定,使本公司得以把握任何不時 之投資及擴張機遇。

董事會可按年宣派或建議股息及/或宣派中期股息或特別股息。經考慮本公司及本集團營運業績、累計及未來盈利、 資產負債、流動資金狀況、資本承諾要求及未來擴張計劃以及整體經濟狀況及可能影響本公司及本集團財務表現及狀 況的外在因素後,董事會方可建議或宣派股息。此外,由於本公司為一間控股公司,董事會亦將考慮自其附屬公司及 聯營公司收取的股息,原因是本公司派付股息的能力取決於自該等附屬公司及聯營公司收取的股息。

董事會將定期檢討股息政策並在必要時修訂及/或修改股息政策。

## 提升企業管治水平

提升企業管治水平並非只為應用及遵守聯交所之企業管治守則,亦為推動及建立道德與健全之企業文化。吾等將持續 檢討並按經驗、監管變動及發展,於適當時候改善現行常規。本公司亦歡迎股東提供任何意見及建議以提高及改善本 公司之透明度。

代表董事會

主席 Arthur George Dew

香港,二零二四年九月二十五日

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## 獨立核數師報告



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF APAC RESOURCES LIMITED (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

## **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of APAC Resources Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 100 to 250, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. **致:亞太資源有限公司股東** (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

## 意見

本核數師已審核載於第100至250頁亞太資 源有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「**貴集團**」)之綜合財務報表,當中包括於二零 二四年六月三十日之綜合財務狀況表、截至 該日止年度之綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重大會計政 策資料)。

本核數師認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財 務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而公 平地反映 貴集團於二零二四年六月三十日 之綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度之綜 合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港 公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

## 意見之基礎

本核數師根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審 計準則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審核。本核數 師於該等準則下之責任在本核數師之報告內 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任一 節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會之 「職業會計師道德守則」(「**守則**」),本核數師 獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道 德責任。本核數師相信,本核數師所獲得之 審核憑證能充分及適當地為本核數師之意見 提供基礎。

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Impairment assessment of interests in associates and a joint venture

Refer to Notes 2(d), 2(l), 3(b)(i), 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matter	Our response:
關鍵審核事項	本核數師之應對措施:

As at 30 June 2024, the net carrying values of the Group's interests in associates and interest in a joint venture amounted to HK\$1,515,506,000 and HK\$89,398,000 respectively.

於二零二四年六月三十日, 貴集團於聯營公司之權益及 於一間合營公司之權益之賬面淨值分別為1,515,506,000港 元及89,398,000港元。

We identified impairment assessment of the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balances to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the significant estimation and judgement involved by the management of the Group in determining the recoverable amount of the Group's associates and joint venture.

本核數師把 貴集團於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權益之 減值評估列為關鍵審核事項,原因為有關結餘對綜合財務 報表整體而言屬重大,且 貴集團管理層於釐定 貴集團 聯營公司及一間合營公司可收回金額時涉及重大估計及判 斷。

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據本核數師之專業判斷, 對本核數師審核本期間綜合財務報表至關重 要之事項。本核數師在整體審核綜合財務報 表及就此達致意見時處理該等事項,而不會 就此等事項單獨發表意見。

#### 於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權益之 減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2(d)、2(l)、3(b)(i)、 16及17。

During our audit, we conducted the following audit procedures, amongst others, to address this key audit matter:

於審核過程中,本核數師開展(其中包括)以下審核程序 處理該關鍵審核事項:

(i) Understanding the impairment assessment of the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture performed by the management of the Group, including the valuation model adopted and key assumptions used:

貴集團管理層就 貴集團於聯營公司及一間 了解 合營公司之權益進行之減值評估,包括所採用之估 值模型及所使用之主要假設;

Evaluating the key assumptions and inputs used by (ii) the management of the Group, including the future cash flows expected to arise from the operations of the associates and joint venture, and the discount rates used, with reference to historical performance, publicly available information of the associates and the valuation techniques adopted by the management of the Group, if applicable;

評估 貴集團管理層所採用之主要假設及輸入數 據,包括預期自聯營公司及合營公司營運產生之未 來現金流量以及經參考聯營公司過往表現、公開可 得資料及 貴集團管理層採納之估值技巧(如適用) 而得出所採用之折現率;

Checking the closing price of the shares of the (iii) associates if they are listed on a recognised stock exchange as at 30 June 2024;

核查於二零二四年六月三十日於認可證券交易所上市 之聯營公司股份之收市價;

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** (CONTINUED)

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

Impairment assessment of interests in associates and a joint venture (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

**Key Audit Matter** Our response: 關鍵審核事項 本核數師之應對措施:

As set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. the recoverable amount of each of the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture is determined by the management of the Group with reference to the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs of disposal when there is impairment indicator of the associate and joint venture. The value in use calculation requires the management of the Group to estimate the present value of the future cash flows expected to arise from the operations of the associates and joint venture. The fair value less costs of disposal of the associates and the joint venture is determined by reference to the closing price of the associates when their shares are listed on a recognised stock exchange or estimated fair value of the individual assets less liabilities of the associates and joint venture.

誠如綜合財務報表附註3所載,聯營公司及合營公司出現 减值跡象時, 貴集團於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權 益各自之可收回金額乃由 貴集團管理層經參考其使用 價值及公平值減出售成本中之較高者而釐定。計算使用 價值時, 貴集團管理層需要估計預期自聯營公司及合 營公司營運產生之未來現金流量之現值。聯營公司及合 營公司之公平值減出售成本乃參考聯營公司股份於認可 證券交易所上市時之收市價或聯營公司及合營公司個別 資產減負債之估計公平值釐定。

Following the detailed impairment assessment of the Group's interests in the associates and a joint venture, the recoverable amounts of the Group's certain associates falls below their carrying amounts and accordingly an impairment loss of HK\$80,423,000 in respect of the Group's interests in associates is recognised in profit or loss for the year. No impairment loss is recognised for the Group's interest in a joint venture as the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture.

就 貴集團於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權益進行詳細 貴集團若干聯營公司之可收回金額低於 減值評估後, 其賬面值,因此,年內就 貴集團於聯營公司之權益於 損益確認減值虧損80.423.000港元。由於 貴集團於合 營公司權益之可收回金額超出其賬面值,故並無就 貴 集團於該合營公司之權益確認減值虧損。

於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權益之 減值評估(續)

Comparing the results of the value in use calculation (iv) and the fair value less cost of disposals of the Group's interests in associates to determine the recoverable amount of the Group's interests in associates; 於釐定 貴集團於聯營公司之權益之可收回金額 時,比較使用價值計算結果與 貴集團於聯營公司 之權益之公平值減出售成本;

(∨) Comparing the recoverable amount of the Group's interests in associates and joint venture and their carrying amounts, and recalculating the amount of impairment loss of the Group's interests in associates and joint venture; and 比較 貴集團於聯營公司及合營公司之權益之可收 回金額與其賬面值,並重新計算 貴集團於聯營公 司及合營公司之權益之減值虧損金額;及

Utilising our own valuation specialists' work when (vi) considering the appropriateness of the methodology and assumptions adopted in the calculations. 於考慮計算採納之方法及假設之恰當性時,運用本 核數師本身之估值專家工作。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued) Impairment assessment of Ioan receivables Refer to Notes 2(i), 3(b)(ii), 20 and 36(a) to the consolidate statements.	<b>關鍵審核事項(續)</b> 應收貸款的減值評估 d financial 請參閲綜合財務報表附註2(i)、3(b)(ii)、20, 36(a)。	及
Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項	Our response: 本核數師之應對措施:	
As at 30 June 2024, the total gross carrying amount of the Group's loan receivables was approximately HK\$90,584,000 and the carrying amount of expected credit loss (" <b>ECL</b> ") of approximately HK\$2,021,000 was recognised in relation to the Group's loan receivables. 於二零二四年六月三十日, 貴集團應收貸款之賬面總 值約為90,584,000港元,就 貴集團應收貸款確認之預 期信貸虧損(「 <b>預期信貸虧損</b> 」)之賬面值約為2,021,000港 元。 We identified impairment assessment of the Group's loan receivables as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the significant estimation and judgement involved by the management of the Group in determining the ECL of the Group's loan receivables. 本核數師把 貴集團應收貸款的減值評估列為關鍵審核事 項,原因為有關結餘對綜合財務報表整體而言屬重大, 且 貴集團管理層於釐定 貴集團應收貸款之預期信貸虧 損時涉及重大估計及判斷。	<ul> <li>During our audit, we conducted the following aud procedures, amongst others, to address this key aud matter:</li> <li>於審核過程中,本核數師開展(其中包括)以下審核程)處理該關鍵審核事項:</li> <li>(i) Understanding the impairment assessment of the Group's loan receivables performed by the management of the Group, including the ECL mode adopted and key assumptions used;</li> <li>了解 貴集團管理層就 貴集團之應收貸款進行;減值評估,包括所採用之預期信貸虧損模型及所有用之主要假設;</li> <li>(ii) Understanding the controls over the origination segmentation, ongoing internal credit qualitassessments, recording and monitoring of loar receivables;</li> <li>了解對應收貸款的產生、分類、持續內部信貸質; 評估、記錄及監督的控制;</li> </ul>	dit 序 of ne lel 之使 n, typen 量

 (iii) Assessing the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models, including the model inputs, model design, model performance and the mathematical accuracy of the ECL calculation;

評估 貴集團預期信貸虧損模型的合理性,包括模型 輸入數據、模型設計、模型表現及預期信貸虧損計算 的數學準確度;

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

## KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment assessment of Ioan receivables (Continued)

應收貸款的減值評估(續)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key Audit Matter	Our response:
關鍵審核事項	本核數師之應對措施:

(v)

The measurement of ECL requires the application of judgement which include the identification of exposures with a significant deterioration in credit quality, and assumptions used in the ECL models, such as the probabilities of default, loss given default, expected future cash flows and forward looking factors etc.

預期信貸虧損的計量要求應用判斷,包括識別信貸質素 顯著惡化的風險,以及預期信貸虧損模型中使用的假 設,例如違約概率、違約損失率、預期的未來現金流量 和前瞻性因素等。

Following the detailed impairment assessment of the Group's loan receivables, a reversal of impairment loss on loan receivables of HK\$24,086,000 is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

就 貴集團之應收貸款進行詳細減值評估後,年內於損益確認應收貸款之回撥減值虧損24,086,000港元。

(iv) Assessing the reasonableness of the Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk (and credit-impaired) and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment;
 評估 貴集團評估信貸風險是否已顯著增加(及已發生信貸減值)致使金融資產的撥備應按全期預期信貸

虧損基準計量及定性評估的標準的合理性; Challenging whether historical experience is representative of current circumstances and of

representative of current circumstances and of the recent losses incurred in the portfolios and assessing the reasonableness of the forward looking adjustments; 質疑歷史經驗是否代表當前情況以及投資組合中產 生的近期虧損,並評估前瞻性調整的合理性;

 (vi) Reviewing the Group's assumptions on the expected future cash flows, including the value of realisable collateral based on available market information; if any and 檢討 貴集團對預期未來現金流量的假設,包括基

檢討 貢集團對預期未來現金流量的假設,包括基於市場可得資料的可變現抵押品價值(如有);及

 (vii) Assessing the financial statement disclosures relating to the Group's exposure to credit risk.
 評估 貴集團信貸風險敞口相關的財務報表披露。

### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

## 年報之其他資料

董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括 載於年報之資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及 本核數師之核數師報告。

本核數師對綜合財務報表作出之意見並無涵 蓋其他資料,而本核數師不會對其他資料發 表任何形式之鑑證結論。

就本核數師審核綜合財務報表而言,本核數 師之責任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資 料是否與綜合財務報表或本核數師在審核過 程中獲悉之資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述。倘若本核數師基於已進行之 工作認為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,本核 數師須報告有關事實。本核數師就此並無須 報告事項。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責 任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編 製真實而公平地反映情況之綜合財務報表, 及董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬必要之有 關內部監控,以使該等綜合財務報表不會存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並披露與持 續經營有關之事項(如適用)。除非董事擬 將 貴集團清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並 無其他實際可行之辦法,否則須採用以持續 經營為基礎之會計法。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團之財務申報流程。 審核委員會協助董事履行彼等在此方面的責 任。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE A AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL A STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

本核數師之目標為合理確定此等綜合財務報 表整體而言不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 之重大錯誤陳述,並發出載有本核數師意見 之核數師報告。本報告按照百慕達公司法第 90條僅向 閣下(作為整體)作出,除此之外 本報告別無其他目的。本核數師並不就本報 告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任何義務或接 受任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次之核證,惟根據香港審計 準則進行之審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存 在之重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯 誤產生,倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可 影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出之經 濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據香港審計準則進行審核之過程中,本 核數師在整個審核中運用專業判斷,保持專 業懷疑態度。本核數師亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險、設 計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以 及獲取充足和適當之審核憑證,作為本 核數師意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及 串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌 駕內部監控之情況,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之 風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部監控,以設計適 當之審核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團 內部監控之有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及所 作出會計估計和相關披露之合理性。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任<sub>(續)</sub>

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性 作出結論,並根據所獲取之審核憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關之重大 不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團之 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘本核 數師認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要 在核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表 中之相關披露。倘有關披露不足,則 修訂本核數師意見。本核數師結論乃 基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得之審 核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表之整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料獲取充足及適當之審核憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。本核數師負責 集團審核之方向、監督和執行。本核數 師為審核意見承擔全部責任。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任<sub>(續)</sub>

本核數師與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核之 計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝 通,該等發現包括本核數師在審核過程中識 別之內部監控之任何重大缺失。

本核數師亦向審核委員會作出聲明,指出本 核數師已符合有關獨立性之相關道德要求, 並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響本核數 師獨立性之所有關係及其他事宜,以及所採 取以消除威脅的行動或所採用的防範措施(如 適用)。

從與董事溝通之事項中,本核數師釐定對本 期間綜合財務報表之審核至關重要之事項, 因而構成關鍵審核事項。本核數師在核數師 報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允 許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見之情況 下,倘合理預期在本核數師報告中溝通某事 項造成之負面後果超出產生之公眾利益,則 本核數師決定不應在報告中傳達該事項。

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants

Chan Tsz Hung Practising Certificate Number: P06693

Hong Kong, 25 September 2024

**香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司** 執業會計師

**陳子鴻** 執業證書號碼:P06693

香港,二零二四年九月二十五日

## **100 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

綜合損益表

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益			
Trading of goods	商品貿易		1,169,403	407,776
Interest income	利息收入		19,125	24,161
Total revenue	收益總額	6	1,188,528	431,937
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,095,148)	(410,664)
Gross profit	毛利		93,380	21,273
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	7	380,428	(136,337)
Other income	其他收入	8	69,413	136,453
Impairment losses on interests in associates, net	於聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損淨額	16	(80,423)	(276,851)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(78,391)	(67,397)
Exploration expenses	勘探開支		(22,516)	(14,090)
Finance costs	融資成本	9(a)	(9,088)	(10,660)
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	16	38,751	(12,946)
Share of results of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司業績	17	4,464	4,714
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	9	396,018	(355,841)
Income tax (expense)/credit	际得税(開支)/抵免		(32,577)	27,334
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)		363,441	(328,507)
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		390,031	(318,547)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(26,590)	(9,960)
			363,441	(328,507)
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in HK cents) – Basic	本公司擁有人應佔每股 盈利/(虧損) (以港仙列示) 一基本	14	29.39	(24.46)
				. ,
– Diluted	一攤薄		29.39	(24.46)

The notes on pages 107 to 250 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

第107至250頁的附註構成該等綜合財務報表 之一部份。

Details of dividends payable to owners of the Company are set out in Note 13.

應付本公司擁有人之股息之詳情載於附註 13。

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 综合損益及 其他全面收益表

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)		363,441	(328,507)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其他全面收益(扣除税項) 可能於其後重新分類至 損益之項目:			
Exchange differences on translation of associates	換算聯營公司時產生之 匯兑差額		(6,194)	(59,610)
Exchange differences on translation of a joint venture	進先至嚴 換算一間合營公司時 產生之匯兑差額		(599)	(7,573)
Exchange differences on translation of other foreign operations	換算其他海外業務時 產生之匯兑差額		(8,385)	5,164
Share of other comprehensive income of associates, net of related income tax	分佔聯營公司其他全面 收益(扣除相關所得税)	16	304	2,662
Share of other comprehensive income of a joint venture, net of related income tax	分佔一間合營公司之 其他全面收益(扣除 相關所得税)	17	194	_
			(14,680)	(59,357)
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Share of other comprehensive income of an associate, net of related income tax	將不會重新分類至損益之 項目: 分佔一間聯營公司之 其他全面收益 (扣除相關所得税)	16	1,056	4,713
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	年度其他全面收益 (扣除税項)		(13,624)	(54,644)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額		349,817	(383,151)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		375,696 (25,879)	(375,469) (7,682)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額		349,817	(383,151)

The notes on pages 107 to 250 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

第107至250頁的附註構成該等綜合財務報表 之一部份。

## **102 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 30 June 2024

## 綜合財務狀況表

於二零二四年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	5,096	6,968
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	16	1,515,506	1,565,530
Interest in a joint venture	於一間合營公司之權益	17	89,398	88,584
Goodwill	商譽	18	5,227	5,227
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (" <b>FVTPL</b> ")	按公平值於損益賬處理 (「 <b>按公平值於損益賬</b> 處理」)之金融資產	19	-	5,279
Loan receivables	應收貸款	20	-	327,628
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	勘探及評估開支	21	4,977	4,541
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及	23	-	265
other receivables	其他應收賬款			
Term deposits	定期存款	24	12,878	12,883
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	28(a)	-	8,994
			1,633,082	2,025,899
Current assets	<b>流動資產</b>	00	00.055	001 500
	存貨	22	62,355	291,568
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及 其他應收賬款	23	65,503	95,522
Financial assets at FVTPL	安心應收服款 按公平值於損益賬處理之	19	1,793,152	886,384
	金融資產			
Loan receivables	應收貸款	20	88,563	18,446
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	24	574,680	555,169
			2,584,253	1,847,089
Assets held for sale	持作銷售之資產	31	2,587	29,202
			2,586,840	1,876,291
Total assets	資產總值		4,219,922	3,902,190

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

綜合財務狀況表(續)

At 30 June 2024

於二零二四年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	股權及負債			
Capital and reserves Share capital Other reserves Accumulated profits	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 其他儲備 累計溢利	33(b)	1,356,637 198,506 2,286,631	1,302,486 215,904 2,026,849
Total equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益總額	頁	3,841,774	3,545,239
the Company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		17,509	40,049
			3,859,283	3,585,288
<b>Non-current liabilities</b> Lease liabilities Deferred tax liability Provisions	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債 遞延税項負債 撥備	27 28(a) 30	146 18,686 7,927	1,514 523 7,913
			26,759	9,950
<b>Current liabilities</b> Trade and other payables Bank and other loans Derivative financial instruments Tax payable Lease liabilities	<b>流動負債</b> 貿易及其他應付賬款 銀行及其他貸款 衍生金融工具 應付税項 租賃負債	25 26 27	51,740 280,105 104 461 1,470	113,305 183,240 - 7,685 2,722
			333,880	306,952
Total liabilities	負債總額		360,639	316,902
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額		4,219,922	3,902,190
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,252,960	1,569,339
Total assets less total liabilities	資產總值減負債總額		3,859,283	3,585,288

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 September 2024.

由董事會於二零二四年九月二十五日批准及 授權發表。

Arthur George Dew Director 董事 Andrew Ferguson Director 董事

The notes on pages 107 to 250 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

第107至250頁的附註構成該等綜合財務報表 之一部份。

## **104 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (0) (附註(0))	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (ii)) (附註(ii))	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interest 非控股 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> equity 股權總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	1,302,130	223,341	(14,980)	-	4,051	(19,392)	79,436	2,475,645	4,050,231	-	4,050,231
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年度虧損 年度其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	- 7,375	_ (64,297)	-	(318,547) _	(318,547) (56,922)	(9,960) 2,278	(328,507) (54,644)
Total comprehensive income for	年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	7,375	(64,297)	-	(318,547)	(375,469)	(7,682)	(383,151)
the year Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38) Equity settled share-based transaction of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i> 一間非全資附屬公司以權益 結算之股份交易	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,892 (462)	47,892 (462)
Exercise of warrants subscription right	s 行使認股權證認購權	356	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	427	-	427
(Note 33) Dilution effect in respect of issuance of shares of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	<i>(附註33)</i> 一間非全資附屬公司股份 發行的攤薄影響	-	-	-	299	-	-	-	-	299	301	600
Dividends recognised as distribution (Note 13)	確認為分派的股息 <i>(附註13)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(130,249)	(130,249)	-	(130,249)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	1,302,486	223,412	(14,980)	299	11,426	(83,689)	79,436	2,026,849	3,545,239	40,049	3,585,288
Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年度溢利/(虧損) 年度其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	- 1,554	- (15,889)	-	390,031 _	390,031 (14,335)	(26,590) 711	363,441 (13,624)
Total comprehensive income for	年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	1,554	(15,889)	-	390,031	375,696	(25,879)	349,817
the year Dividend and shares issued in lieu of cash under scrip dividend scheme (Notes 13 and 33)	股息及根據以股代息計劃 發行股份以代替現金 <i>(附註13及33)</i>	54,151	(3,942)	-	-	-	-	-	(130,249)	(80,040)	-	(80,040)
Dilution effect in respect of issuance of shares of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	一間非全資附屬公司股份發 行的攤薄影響	-	-	-	879	-	-	-	-	879	3,082	3,961
Impact of option cancellation Equity settled share-based transaction of a non-wholly owned subsidiary	註銷選擇權的影響 一間非全資附屬公司以權益 結算之股份交易	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135 122	135 122
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	1,356,637	219,470	(14,980)	1,178	12,980	(99,578)	79,436	2,286,631	3,841,774	17,509	3,859,283

#### Notes:

- (i) The special reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued for the acquisition at the time of a group reorganisation in 1998.
- (ii) The capital redemption reserve represents the par value of ordinary shares transferred from accumulated profits upon repurchase of these shares by the Company in previous years.
- The notes on pages 107 to 250 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

附註:

(i) 特別儲備指所收購附屬公司之總股本面值與本 公司於一九九八年集團重組時就收購而發行之 股本面值之間之差額。

第107至250頁的附註構成該等綜合財務報表 之一部份。

<sup>(</sup>ii) 資本贖回儲備指本公司於過往年度購回普通股時自累計溢利轉撥之該等股份面值。

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

2024 2023 二零二四年 雴 一二年 Notes HK\$'000 HK\$'000 附註 千港元 千港元 **Operating activities** 經營業務 Profit/(loss) before taxation 除税前溢利/(虧損) 396,018 (355, 841)Adjustments for: 就下列項目作出調整 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 9(c) 1,033 820 使用權資產之折舊 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 2,531 2,305 9(c) (Gain)/loss arising from changes in fair 按公平值於損益賬處理之 (379, 870)91,082 7 value of financial assets at FVTPL, net 金融資產公平值變動而 產生之(收益)/虧損淨額 Loss arising from deemed disposal of partial 視作出售於一間聯營公司 7 492 3,391 interest in an associate 部份權益而產生之虧損 時份權血而產生之虧預 持作銷售之資產之減值虧損 應收貸款之(回撥減值 虧損)/減值虧損淨額 25,855 Impairment loss on assets held for sale 7 (Reversal of impairment loss)/impairment loss 7 (24, 086)11,715 on loan receivables, net Interest income 利息收入 (31, 232)(28, 787)利息支出 9,088 Interest expenses 9(a) 10,660 Write-down of inventories 撇減存貨 9 5,461 38,212 Share of results of associates 分佔聯營公司業績 (38, 751)16 12,946 分佔一間合營公司業績 (4,714)Share of results of a joint venture 17 (4, 464)於聯營公司之權益之減值 16 276,851 Impairment losses on interests in 80,423 虧損淨額 associates, net Impairment loss on exploration and 勘探及評估開支的 7 2,926 evaluation expenditure 減值虧損 Loss arising from modification of 調整應收貸款而產生之 7 2,147 847 虧損 loan receivables 視作於一間聯營公司持股增 Gain arising from deemed increasing of 7 (101)(48)加而產生之收益 shareholding in an associate 指定為按公平值於損益賬 Fair value loss on trade receivables designated 7 11,550 at FVTPL 處理之貿易應收賬款 公平值虧損 指定為按公平值於損益賬 處理之貿易應付賬款 Fair value gain on trade payables designated 7 (20, 497)(17, 891)at FVTPL 公平值收益 按公平值於損益賬處理之 Dividend income from financial assets (56, 584)8 (129, 506)at FVTPL 金融資產之股息收入 Others 其他 2 (166)(20, 985)(85, 198)Changes in working capital 營運資金變動 Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(増加) 247,444 (264, 507)Increase in term deposits 定期存款增加 (610)Increase in trade receivables 貿易應收賬款增加 (11, 550)24,144 8,391 Decrease in other receivables 其他應收賬款減少 (Decrease)/increase in trade and other 貿易及其他應付賬款 (42, 463)25,203 (減少)/增加 按公平值於損益賬處理之 payables (Increase)/decrease in financial assets at 414,725 (520, 198)持作買賣之金融資產 FVTPL held for trading (增加)/減少 撥備增加/(減少) Increase/(decrease) in provisions 44 (247)Cash (used in)/generated from operations 經營(所用)/所得現金 (323, 564)97,757 Income tax paid 已付所得税 (12, 586)(1,012)Net cash (used in)/from operating activities 經營業務(所用)/所得現金 (336, 150)96,745

淨額

# **106** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 綜合現金流量表(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceed from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Purchase of listed equity securities not held within the trading portfolios Purchase of unlisted equity securities not held within the trading portfolios New loans granted Repayments of loan receivables Proceeds from redemption of loan note Placement of pledged bank deposits Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits Investments in associates Net cash inflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Interest received Dividend received from investments in securities Dividend received from the joint venture	投資活動 購買物業、廠房及設備項目 之所導動業、廠房及設備項目 之所導動。 購售物得非於項買給 」一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	20(b) 20(b) 38	(1,722) 54 - (1,317) (127,165) 405,284 - - (20,565) - 31,741 65,969 -	(1,887) – (2,834) – (87,506) 62,276 3,909 (160,206) 271,141 (15,872) 7,797 29,082 92,550 22,343
Net cash from investing activities	投資活動所得現金淨額		352,279	220,793
Financing activities Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Dividend paid Other interest paid Proceeds from new other loan Repayment of other loan Proceeds from new bank loan Repayment of bank loan Placement of security deposits Proceeds from issuance of shares upon exercise of warrants subscription rights	<b>融資活動</b> 已付租賃租金的資本部份 已付租賃租金的利息部份 已付股息 其他已付利息 新造其他貸款所得款項 償還其他貸款 新造銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款 存放保證金 行使認股權證認購權後發行 股份所得款項	24(b) 24(b) 24(b) 24(b) 24(b) 24(b) 24(b) 24(b)	(2,632) (172) (79,016) (8,545) 330,464 (215,991) 410,680 (428,237) (44) –	(2,405) (156) (126,158) (10,457) 180,000 (329,117) 434,144 (391,417) – 427
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)現金 淨額		6,507	(245,139)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及等值現金增加淨額		22,636	72,399
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	於年初之現金及等值現金		555,169	449,069
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動之影響淨額		(3,125)	33,701
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year, represented by bank balances and cash	於年終之現金及等值現金 <sup>,</sup> 代表銀行結餘及現金	24(a)	574,680	555,169

The notes on pages 107 to 250 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

第107至250頁的附註構成該等綜合財務報表 之一部份。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

APAC Resources Limited (the "**Company**") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") are principally engaged in resource investment, commodity trading business, and principal investment and financial services.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 4 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

## 1. 一般資料

亞太資源有限公司(「本公司」)根據百慕 達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)在百慕達 註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,其股份在 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點 之地址已於年報內公司資料一節披露。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,連同其附 屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」)主要從事資源投 資、商品貿易業務以及主要投資及金融 服務。

綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)(亦為本 公司之功能及呈列貨幣)呈列。除另有 指明外,所有數值已捨入至最近之千位 數。

## 2. 重大會計政策

### (a) 遵例聲明

此等財務報表乃按照所有適用之 香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務**報告準則)(即包括香港會計師公會 (「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之所有 適用個別香港財務報告準則、香 港會計準則(「**香港會計準**則」)及 證釋之統稱)、香港公認會計原則 及香港公司條例之披露規定而攝 製。此等財務報表亦符合香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 之適用披露規定。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則,其 於本集團之本會計期間首次生效 或可供提早採納。首次應用該用 與本集團有關之香港財務報告準 則所引致當前和以往會計期間之 會計政策變動,已反映於此等綜 合財務報表內,有關資料列載於 附計4。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024 comprise Group and the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency").

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- Listed equity securities held-for-trading (Note 2(i))
- Listed equity securities not held within the trading portfolios (Note 2(i))
- Unlisted equity investments (Note 2(i))
- Derivative financial instruments Warrants (Note 2(k))
- Trade receivables designated at FVTPL (Note 2(i))
- Trade payables designated at FVTPL (Note 2(j))

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 綜合財務報表編製基準

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度之綜合財務報表涵蓋本集團及 本集團於聯營公司及一間合營公 司的權益。

計入本集團各實體財務報表的項 目已使用實體經營所在的主要經 濟環境的貨幣(「**功能貨幣**」)計算。

在編製財務報表時所使用的計量 基準為歷史成本基準,惟按下文 所載之會計政策所解釋,下列按 其公平值呈列之資產及負債除外:

- 持作買賣之上市股本證券 (附註2(i))
- 非上市股本投資(附註2(i))
- 衍生金融工具一認股權證 (附註2(k))
- 指定按公平值於損益賬處理
   之貿易應收賬款(附註2(i))
- 指定按公平值於損益賬處理
   之貿易應付賬款(附註2(j))

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (b) Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, that is, observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3.

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

就財務報告而言,公平值計量根 據公平值計量之輸入數據可觀察 程度及輸入數據對公平值計量之 整體重要性分類為第一級、第二 級或第三級,載述如下:

- 第一級估值:僅使用第一級 輸入數據(即於計量日期相 同資產或負債於活躍市場的 未經調整報價)計量的公平 值
- 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入數據(即不符合第一級的可觀察輸入數據)且並非使用重大不可觀察輸入數據計量的公平值。不可觀察輸入數據為市場數據欠奉下的輸入數據
- 第三級估值:使用重大不可 觀察輸入數據計量的公平值

在編製符合香港財務報告準則之 財務報表時,管理層須作出會影 響政策應用及所呈報資產、 收入及開支數額之判斷 計及假設。有關估計及相關保證 乃根據過往經驗及因應當素而 出。其結時得知資產的 個 位 時判斷該等賬面值之基礎。 額。

各項估計及相關假設乃按持續基 準審閱。倘會計估計之修訂僅影 響某一期間,其影響將在該期間 內確認;倘修訂對當前及未來期 間均有影響,則將在作出修訂的 期間及未來期間確認。

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則 所作出對財務報表有重大影響之 判斷及估計不確定因素之主要來 源於附註3內討論。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (c) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

De-facto control exists in situations where the Company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether de-facto control exists the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

- The size of the Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights;
- Substantive potential voting rights held by the Company and other parties who hold voting rights;
- Other contractual arrangements; and
- Historic patterns in voting attendance.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (c) 附屬公司

附屬公司指受本集團控制的公司。倘本集團具有承擔或享有參與有關實體所得之可變回報的風險或權利,並能透過其在該實體的權力影響該等回報,則本集團擁有該實體的控制權。當評估本集團是否具有該權力時,只會考慮實質權(由本集團及其他人士持有)。

倘本公司擁有實際能力引導被投 資方相關活動,而毋須持有大多 數投票權,則存在實際控制權。 釐定實際控制權是否存在時,本 公司考慮所有相關事實及情況, 包括:

- 相對其他持有投票權人士之 數量及分散情況,本公司的 投票權數量;
- 本公司及持有投票權其他人 士所持有實際潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排;及
- 參與投票之歷史模式。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Subsidiaries (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss (see Note 2(I)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

#### (d) Associates and a joint venture

An associate is an entity in which the Group or Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the group or company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see Note 2(I)). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 附屬公司(續)

本公司財務狀況表所示於附屬公司的投資,乃按成本減去減值虧 損後入賬(見附註2(I)),除非投資 分類為持作出售(或計入分類為持 作出售的出售組別)。

#### (d) 聯營公司及一間合營公司

聯營公司指本集團或本公司對其 管理層有重大影響力(惟並非控制 或共同控制),包括參與財務及經 營決策之實體。

合營公司指集團或公司與其他方 約定分享控制權並有權享有相關 淨資產的安排。共同控制權指按 照合約約定對某項安排的共同控 制權,其僅在相關活動要求共同 享有控制權的各方作出一致同意 的決定時存在。

於一間聯營公司或一間合營公司 之投資按權益法於綜合財務報表 入賬。根據權益法,投資初次按 成本入賬,並按本集團應佔被投 資公司於收購日期可識別淨資產 之公平值超出投資成本之差額 (如有)作出調整。投資成本包 括購買價、直接歸屬於收購投資 的其他成本以及構成本集團股權 投資一部份的任何於聯營公司或 合營公司的直接投資。其後,投 資乃就本集團應佔被投資公司收 購後之資產淨值變動及與投資有 關之任何減值虧損作出調整(見 附註2(Ⅱ))。於各報告日期,本集 團評估是否有任何跡象顯示投資 減值。收購日期超出成本之任何 差額、本集團應佔被投資公司於 收購後及除税後業績以及年內任 何減值虧損乃於綜合損益表內確 認,而本集團應佔被投資公司其 他全面收益的收購後及除税後項 目乃於綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (d) Associates and a joint venture (Continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method, together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture (after applying the expected credit loss ("ECL") model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see Note 2(i)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates and joint venture are stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(I)).

#### (e) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisitionrelated costs are expensed as incurred.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (d) 聯營公司及一間合營公司 (續)

當本集團應佔聯營公司或合營公 司之虧損超出其權益時,本集團 之權益將減至零,並不再確認進 一步虧損,惟本集團已承擔法律 或推定責任,或代被投資公司付 款之情況除外。就此而言,本集 團之權益為根據權益法計算之投 資賬面值,連同實質上構成本集 團於聯營公司或合營公司投資淨 額一部份之任何其他長期權益(就 有關其他長期權益應用預期信貸 虧損(「**預期信貸虧損**」)模式後, 倘適用(見附註2(i))。

於本公司的財務狀況表中,於聯 營公司及合營公司的投資按成本 減減值虧損(見附註2(I))呈列。

#### (e) 業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃使用購買法入賬。所 轉讓代價以收購日期的公平值計 量,該公平值為本集團轉讓的資 產於收購日期的公平值、本集團 向被收購方前擁有人所承擔的負 債及本集團就換取被收購方控制 權所發行股權的總和。於各業務 合併中,本集團選擇是否以公平 值或於被收購方可識別資產淨值 的應佔比例,計量於被收購方的 非控股權益,即於被收購方中賦 予持有人於清算時按比例分佔資 產淨值的現有所有權權益。非控 股權益的一切其他組成部份乃按 公平值計量。收購相關成本乃於 產生時支銷。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (e) Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

 assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill at the end of the reporting period. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cashgenerating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cashgenerating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- (e) 業務合併及商譽(續)
  - 於收購日期,所收購可識別資產 及所承擔負債按其公平值確認, 惟下文所述者除外:
  - 根據香港財務報告準則第5 號「持作出售非流動資產及 已終止業務之資產」被分類 為持作出售之資產(或出售 組別)乃根據該準則計量。

商譽初始按成本計量,即已轉讓 代價、非控股權益的已確認金額 及本集團先前持有的被收購方股 權的任何公平值總額超出所收購 可識別資產及所承擔負債之間的 差額。倘該代價與其他項目的總 和低於所收購資產淨值的公平 值,該等差額於重新評估後,於 損益中確認為議價購買收益。

減值會通過評估與商譽有關的現 金產生單位(現金產生單位組別) 的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生 單位(現金產生單位組別)的可收 回金額低於賬面值時,則會確認 減值虧損。已就商譽確認的減值 虧損不得於其後期間撥回。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (f) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Note 2(l)):

- right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest; and
- items of plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment (see Note 2(g)).

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements, furniture	Over the lease terms
and fixtures	
Plant and equipment	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Computers	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

以下物業、廠房及設備項目乃按 成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬 (見附註2(I)):

- 以租賃持有之物業且本集團 並非該等物業權益的註冊擁 有人所產生的使用權資產;
   及
- 物業及設備項目,包括相關 廠房及設備租賃所產生的使 用權資產(見附註2(g))。

物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊是 使用直線法按其預計可用年限 沖銷其成本減估計剩餘價值(如 有),計算方法如下:

租賃物業裝修	、傢俬及	按租賃期
固定裝置		
廠房及設備		五年
辦公室設備		五年
電腦		五年
汽車		五年

當物業、廠房及設備項目之不同 部份有不同使用年期時,項目之 成本在不同部份之間按合理基準 分配,每個部份分開計算折舊。 資產之可使用年期及其剩餘價值 (如有)須每年檢討。

歷史成本包括收購該等項目直接 應佔的開支。

其後成本乃計入該資產的賬面值 內或確認為獨立資產(按適用者, 惟僅於與該項目有關的未來經濟 利益可能將流入本集團及該項目 的成本能可靠地計量的情況下)。 以個別資產入賬的任何部份的賬 面值會於替代時解除確認。所有 其他維修及保養乃於其產生的報 告期間於損益內確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (f) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

#### (g) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and nonlease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for shortterm leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可回 收金額,則該資產的賬面值即時 撇減至其可收回金額。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項 目所產生的損益以出售所得淨額 與項目的賬面金額之間的差額釐 定,並於報廢或出售當日在損益 確認。

## (g) 租賃資產

在合同訂立之時,本集團評估合同訂立之時,本集團評估合同訂立之時,本集團評估合同是否為租賃或者包含租賃。倘 合同於一段時間內轉讓已識別資 產的使用控制權以換取代價,則 該合同為租賃或包含租賃。倘客 戶已有權指示已識別資產的用途 以及從該用途中獲得絕大部份經 濟利益時,即表示控制權已轉讓。

#### 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部份及非租賃部份,本集團已選擇不區分非租賃部份,並就所有租賃將各租賃部份及任何相聯非租賃部份入賬為單一租賃部份。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使 用權資產及租賃負債,惟租期為 12個月或以下的短期租賃則除 外。與該等租賃有關的未資本化 租賃付款於租期內系統化確認為 開支。

如租賃資本化,租賃負債初次按 租期內應付租賃付款的現值確 認,並使用有關增量借款利率折 現。於初次確認後,租賃負債以 攤銷成本計量,利息開支則使用 實際利率法計算。
For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (g) Leased assets (Continued)

#### As a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-ofuse assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The rightof-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Notes 2(f) and 2(l)).

The initial fair value of refundable rental deposits is accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in debt securities carried at amortised cost (see Notes 2(i) and 2(o)(ii)). Any difference between the initial fair value and the nominal value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-ofuse assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract (lease modification) that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group presents right-of-use assets in property, plant and equipment and presents lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (g) 租賃資產(續)

作為承租人(續) 租賃資本化時確認的使用權資產 初次按成本計量,包括租賃負債 初次金額加開始日期當日或之前 作出的任何租賃付款,以及所引 致的任何初次直接成本。如適 用,使用權資產成本亦包括在相 關資產所在地拆除相關資產或恢 復相關資產的估計成本,折現至 其現值,減任何已收租賃獎勵。 使用權資產其後按成本減累計折 舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(f)及 2(I)) °

根據適用於以攤銷成本列賬的債 務證券投資(見附註2(i)及2(o)(ii)) 的會計政策,可退還租賃按金的 初始公平值與使用權資產分開入 賬。按金的初始公平值與面值之 間的任何差額入賬列作已付額外 租賃付款,並計入使用權資產成 本。

當未來和賃付款因重新評估本集 團是否合理地確定將行使購買、 續租或終止選擇權而產生變動, 則會重新計量租賃負債。按此方 式重新計量租賃負債時,使用權 資產的賬面值將作相應調整,或 倘使用權資產的賬面值已減至 零,則於損益內列賬。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合約 原先並無規定的租賃代價發生變 化(租賃修改),且未作為單獨租 **賃入賬時**,則租賃負債亦會重新 計量。在該情況下,租賃負債根 據經修訂的租賃付款及租期,使 用經修訂的折現率在修改生效日 期重新計量。

本集團將使用權資產呈列於物 業、廠房及設備,而租賃負債則 單獨呈列於綜合財務狀況表。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 "Revenue Recognition" ("**HKFRS 15**"). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體 訂立工具合約條文時確認。所有 常規購買或出售金融資產均在交 易日確認及終止確認。常規購買 或出售為須在市場規則或慣例所 設定的時間範圍內交付資產的購 買或出售金融資產。

本集團日常業務過程中產生的利 息呈列為收益。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (i) 金融資產

金融資產的分類和其後計量

符合以下條件的金融資產其後按 攤銷成本計量:

- 金融資產於目的為收取合約
   現金流量的商業模式內而持
   有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生僅 為支付本金及未償還本金利 息的現金流量。

符合以下條件的金融資產其後按 公平值於其他全面收益處理(「按 公平值於其他全面收益處理」)計 量:

- 金融資產於目的為通過銷售
   及收取合約現金流量的商業
   模式內而持有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生僅 為支付本金及未償還本金利 息的現金流量。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值 於損益賬處理,惟於初次確認金 融資產之日,倘股權投資並非持 作買賣或收購方於香港財務報告 準則第3號「業務合併」適用的業務 合併確認的或然代價,則本集團 可不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收 益中呈列有關股權投資公平值的 其後變動。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued) A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profittaking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

#### (i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer creditimpaired.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類和其後計量 (續) 倘符合下列條件,金融資產則持 作買賣:

- 所收購的金融資產主要用於 在短期內出售;或
- 於初次確認時,金融資產是 作為本集團整合管理的已識 別金融工具組合的一部份, 且有近期實現短線套利模 式;或
- 金融資產為衍生工具,但非 指定為有效對沖工具。

此外,本集團可不可撤銷地指定 須按攤銷成本計量或按公平值於 其他全面收益處理的金融資產為 按公平值於損益賬處理(倘若此舉 可消除或顯著減少會計錯配)。

攤銷成本及利息收入 (i) 其後按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產的利息收入乃使用實際 利率法予以確認。利息收入 乃對一項金融資產賬面總值 應用實際利率予以計算,惟 其後出現信貸減值的金融資 產除外(見下文)。就其後 出現信貸減值的金融資產而 言,自下一報告期起,利息 收入乃對金融資產攤銷成本 應用實際利率予以確認。倘 信貸減值金融工具的信貸風 險好轉,使金融資產不再出 現信貸減值,於釐定資產不 再出現信貸減值後,自報告 期開始起利息收入乃對金融 資產賬面總值應用實際利率 予以確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on financial assets (including term deposits, pledged bank deposits, other receivables, rental deposit, loan receivables, loan note and bank balances) which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("**HKFRS 9**"). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類和其後計量 (續)

(ii) 按公平值於損益賬處理的 金融資產

> 不符合按攤銷成本或按公平 值於其他全面收益處理或指 定為按公平值於其他全面收 益處理標準的金融資產,按 公平值於損益賬計量。

> 按公平值於損益賬處理的金 融資產於各報告期末按公平 值計量,任何公平值收益或 虧損於損益內確認。於損益 確認的收益或虧損淨額不包 括就金融資產賺取的任何股 息或利息,並計入綜合損益 表「其他收益及虧損」項目。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損模式對 受限於香港財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」(「**香港財務報告準則** 第9號」)下的減值之金融資產(包 括定期存款、已抵押銀行存款、 其他應收賬款、租賃按金、應收 貸款、貸款票據及銀行結餘)進行 減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於 各報告日期更新,以反映信貸風 險自初次確認以來的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指相關工具於 預計年期內所有可能違約事件將 產生的預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損(〔12個月預期信貸虧損(〔12個月預期信貸虧損(〔12個月預期後12個 月內可能發生期預告。 生的該部份全期預給者。 評估乃根據本集團過往信貸虧損。 素、整體經濟狀況及報告日期當 前及未來情況預測的評估作出調 整。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued) For the financial assets at amortised cost, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

*(i)* Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續) 對於按攤銷成本計量的金融資 產,本集團按12個月預期信貸虧 損的相同金額計量虧損撥備,除 非自初次確認以來信貸風險顯著 上升,則本集團確認全期預期信 貸虧損。評估全期預期信貸虧損 應否予以確認乃基於自初次確認 以來發生違約的可能性或風險顯 著上升而釐定。

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升 評估信貸風險自初次確認以來是否顯著上升時,本集團 會比較金融工具於報告日期 發生違約的風險與金融工具 於初次確認日期發生違約的 風險。評估時,本集團會考 慮合理及可支持之定量及定 性資料,包括過往經驗及毋 須付出過多成本及努力獲取 之前瞻性資料。

> 具體而言,評估信貸風險是 否顯著上升時會考慮以下資 料:

- 金融工具外部(如有) 或內部信貸評級的實 際或預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場 指標顯著惡化,例如 債務人的信貸息差、 信用違約掉期價格顯 著上升;
- 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或預期有不利變動,預計將導致債務人償還債項的能力顯著下降;

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the a foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) it has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of 'investment grade' as per globally understood definitions.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融資產(續)
  - 金融資產減值(續) (i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)
    - 債務人的經營業績實 際或預期顯著惡化;
      - 債務人的監管、經濟 或技術環境有實際或 預計的重大不利變 動,導致債務人償還 債項的能力顯著下降。

不論上述評估之結果如何, 當合約付款逾期超過30天, 則本集團會假定信貸風險自 初次確認以來已顯著增加, 除非本集團具有合理且可支 持之資料證明。

儘管有上文所述,倘債務工 具於報告日期確定信貸風險 為低,則本集團假設自初次 確認以來債務工具的信貸風 險並未顯著增加。倘i)其違 約風險低; ii)借款人有強大 能力於短期滿足其合約現金 流量責任;及iii)較長期的經 濟及商業環境存在不利變 動,可能會但未必削弱借款 人履行其合約現金流量責任 的能力,則債務工具的信貸 風險釐定為低。倘債務工具 內部或外部信貸評級為「投 資級別」(按照全球理解的釋 義),則本集團會視該債務 工具的信貸風險為低。

本集團定期監察用於識別信 貸風險是否大幅增加的標準 的有效性,並於適當情況下 對其進行修訂,以確保該等 標準能夠於相關款項逾期前 識別信貸風險的顯著上升。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融資產(續)
  - 金融資產減值(續)
  - (ii) 違約之定義 就內部信貸風險管理而言, 倘內部制定或自外部來源取 得的資料顯示債務人不可能 悉數(不計及本集團所持任 何抵押品)償還其債權人(包 括本集團),則本集團視作 發生違約事件。
    - 儘管上文所述,倘金融資產 逾期超過90天,則本集團視 為違約已經發生,惟本集團 具有合理且可支持之資料顯 示一項更滯後的違約標準更 為合適,則另作別論。
  - (iii) 信貸減值金融資產 當發生一項或多項對金融資 產估計未來現金流量有不利 影響之事件時,金融資產出 現信貸減值。金融資產信貸 減值之證據包括有關以下事 件之可觀察數據:
    - (a) 發行人或借款人陷入 重大財務困難;
    - (b) 違反合約,如違約或 逾期事件;
    - (c) 借款人之放款人因與 借款人出現財務困難 有關之經濟或合約理 由而給予借款人在一 般情況下放款人不予 考慮之優惠條件;
    - (d) 借款人有可能破產或 進行其他財務重組;
    - (e) 金融資產因出現財政
       困難而失去活躍的市場;或
    - (f) 以高折扣收購或產生 金融資產,反映已產 生信貸虧損。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v)Measurement and recognition of ECL

> The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

> Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

> Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

> The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount with exception of loan receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

# 综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- 金融資產(續) (i)
  - 金融資產減值(續)
  - (iv) 撤銷政策 當有資料顯示對手方處於嚴 重財務困難,且並無實際預 期收回時(例如對手方已清 盤或已進入破產程序),則 本集團會撤銷金融資產。已 撇銷的金融資產仍可能需要 根據本集團的收回程序進行 法律行動,惟需於適當時候 聽取法律意見。撇銷構成終 止確認事件。任何其後收回

將於損益確認。

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損 計量預期信貸虧損乃違約概 率、違約損失率程度(即倘 發生違約的損失程度)及違 約風險的函數。違約概率及 違約損失率程度的評估根據 經前瞻性資料調整的歷史數 據作出。預期信貸虧損的估 算反映以各自發生違約的風 險作加權釐定的公正及概率 加權金額。

> 一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃 根據合約應付本集團的所有 合約現金流量與本集團預期 將收取的所有現金流量間的 差額估計,並按初次確認時 釐定的實際利率貼現。

> 利息收入乃按金融資產之賬 面總值計算,除非金融資產 出現信貸減值,在此情況 下,利息收入乃按金融資產 之攤銷成本計算。

> 本集團通過調整賬面值於損 益中就所有金融工具確認減 值收益或虧損,惟應收貸款 之相應調整於虧損撥備賬確 認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition/modification of financial assets The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### A modification of a financial asset occurs if the contractual cash flows are renegotiated or otherwise modified

When the contractual terms of a financial asset are modified, the Group assesses whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 5% different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial asset, after reducing gross carrying amount that has been written off.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 金融資產(續)

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產時,資產賬面值與已收及 應收代價總和之間的差額會在損 益中確認。

倘重新商定或以其他方式修 改合約現金流量,則會發生 金融資產的修改

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

A modification of a financial asset occurs if the contractual cash flows are renegotiated or otherwise modified (Continued)

For non-substantial modifications of financial assets that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial assets will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial assets' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial assets and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial asset is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification.

#### (j) Financial liabilities and equity

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 金融資產(續)

倘重新商定或以其他方式修 改合約現金流量,則會發生 金融資產的修改(續) 就不會導致終止確認的金融資產 非重大修改,相關金融資產的處 非重大修改,相關金融資產的賬 面值將按金融資產原有實際利率 貼現的產生交易成本或費用調整 餘改金融資產的賬面值及於 餘下期間攤銷。任何金融資產賬 面值的調整於修改日期在損益確 認。

#### (j) 金融負債及股本

分類為債務或股本 債務及股本工具按訂約安排之具 體內容及金融負債與股本工具之 定義分類為金融負債或股本。

股本工具

股本工具乃任何證明享有實體於 扣除所有負債後之資產之剩餘權 益之合約。本公司發行的股本工 具已於已收所得款項(扣除直接發 行成本)內確認。

#### 金融負債

所有金融負債隨後以實際利息法 按攤銷成本或按公平值於損益賬 處理計量。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 applies, (ii) held for trading or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profittaking; or
- it is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKFRS 9 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL;
- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

## (j) 金融負債及股本(續)

按公平值於損益賬處理之金 融負債 倘金融負債(i)為收購方於業務合併 中的或然代價(適用於香港財務報 告準則第3號),(ii)持作買賣或(iii) 指定為按公平值於損益賬處理, 則其分類為按公平值於損益賬處 理。

若符合以下條件,則金融負債為 持作買賣:

- 收購的主要目的為於短期內
   回購;或
- 初次確認時,其為本集團共
   同管理的一組已識別金融工
   具的一部份,且有短期盈利
   的近期實際模式;或
- 為衍生工具,不包括屬於財 務擔保合約或指定及實際對 沖工具的衍生工具。

若符合以下條件,金融負債(持作 買賣之金融負債或收購方於業務 合併中的或然代價除外)可於初次 確認時指定為按公平值於損益賬 處理:

- 其構成包含一項或多項嵌入 衍生工具之合約之一部份, 而香港財務報告準則第9號 允許將整個組合合約指定為 按公平值於損益賬處理;
- 該指定消除或大幅減少在其 他情況下可能出現之計量或 確認方面之不一致性;或
- 該金融負債為一組金融資產 或金融負債或兩者兼備之組 合之一部份,而根據本集團 制定之風險管理或投資策 略,該項負債之管理及表現 評估乃按公平值為基礎進 行,而有關分組之資料乃按 此基礎向內部提供。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (j) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

For financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. For financial liabilities that contain embedded derivatives, such as trade payables with commodity derivative, the changes in fair value of the embedded derivatives are excluded in determining the amount to be presented in other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss; instead, they are transferred to accumulated profits upon derecognition of the financial liability.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognised financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Derivative financial instruments** (k)

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 金融負債及股本(續) (i)

按公平值於損益賬處理之金 融負債(續)

就指定為按公平值於損益賬處理 之金融負債而言,源自該負債信 貸風險變動的金融負債公平值變 動金額於其他全面收益確認,除 非於其他全面收益確認負債信貸 風險變動之影響會產生或擴大損 益賬內之會計錯配,則作別論。 就包含嵌入衍生工具之金融負債 (例如包含商品衍生工具之貿易應 付賬款)而言,嵌入衍生工具的公 平值變動不會計入於其他全面收 益呈列之金額。於其他全面收益 所確認之金融負債信貸風險所產 生公平值變動其後不會重新分類 至損益,而是於終止確認金融負 債後轉移至累計溢利。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付賬 款)隨後以實際利息法按攤銷成本 計量。

#### 終止確認金融負債

當及僅當本集團的義務解除、取 消或到期時,本集團方會終止確 認該項金融負債。終止確認的金 融負債的賬面值與已付及應付的 代價之間的差額會在損益中確認。

#### (k) 衍生金融工具

衍生工具初次以衍生工具合約簽 訂日的公平值確認,其後則以報 告期末的公平值重新計量。所產 生的收益或虧損將在損益表內確 認,除非該衍生工具是一項指定 並有效的對沖工具,在此情況 下,於損益表內確認的時間取決 於對沖關係的性質。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

# 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (I) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- interests in associates;
- interest in a joint venture;
- exploration and evaluation expenditure;
- prepayments; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

# Calculation of recoverable amount The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other

assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cashgenerating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 非金融資產減值(除商譽外)

於每個報告期末均會審閱內部及 外部資料,以識別下列資產是否 可能出現減值跡象或之前已確認 之減值虧損是否不再存在或已減 少:

- 物業、廠房及設備,包括使
   用權資產;
- 於聯營公司之權益;
- 於一間合營公司之權益;
- 勘探及評估開支;
- 預付款項;及
- 本公司財務狀況表內附屬公司之投資。

如果發現有減值跡象,則會估計 該資產之可收回數額。

計算可收回數額 資產之可收回數額以公平值 減出售成本和使用價值兩者 中之較高數額為準。在評估 使用價值時,會使用除税前 折讓率將估計未來現金流量 折讓至現值。該折讓率反映 市場當時所評估之貨幣時間 價值和該資產之特定風險。 倘資產未能以大致獨立於其 他資產之方式產生現金流 入,則以可獨立產生現金流 入之最小組別資產(即現金 產生單位)來釐定可收回數 額。倘可按合理及一致之基 準進行分配,則企業資產 (如總辦事處大樓)部份賬面 值會分配至個別現金產生單 位,否則分配至最小現金產 生單位組別。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

- (I) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)
  - Recognition of impairment losses An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).
  - Reversals of impairment losses An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (m) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# 综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- 非金融資產減值(除商譽外) (1) (續)
  - 確認減值虧損 當資產或其所屬現金產生單 位之賬面值超過其可收回數 額,則減值虧損於損益確 認。有關現金產生單位確認 之減值虧損按比例減少該單 位(或一組單位)內資產之賬 面值,惟資產之賬面值不會 減至低於其個別公平值減去 出售成本(如可計量)或使用 價值(如可釐定)。
  - 減值虧損轉回 倘用以釐定可收回數額之估 計出現有利轉變,則轉回減 值虧損。

減值虧損之轉回僅限於資產 之賬面值(在以往年度內並 無確認任何減值虧損之情況 下原應釐定者)。減值虧損 之轉回在確認轉回之年度內 撥入損益內處理。

## (m) 存貨

存貨為於日常業務過程中持有以 供銷售的資產。

存貨以成本及可變現淨值兩者中 之較低數額入賬。

成本以加權平均成本法計算,其 中包括所有採購成本、加工成本 及將存貨運至目前地點和變成現 狀之其他成本。

可變現淨值是以日常業務過程中 之估計售價減去完成生產及銷售 所需之估計成本後所得之數額。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (m) Inventories (Continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### (n) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (m) 存貨(續)

所有出售存貨之賬面值在相關收 入確認之期間內確認為支出。任 何存貨撇減至可變現淨值之數額 及存貨之所有虧損,均在出現撇 減或虧損之期間內確認為支出。 存貨之任何撇減轉回之數額,均 在出現轉回之期間內確認為已列 作支出之存貨數額減少。

#### (n) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團須就過往事件承擔法律 或推定責任,而履行該責任有可 能導致經濟利益流出且能對金額 作出可靠估計,則確認撥備。倘 金錢時間價值屬重大,則撥備按 預期履行責任的開支現值列示。

倘需要經濟利益流出的可能性不 大,或金額無法可靠地估計,則 有關責任將披露為或然負債,除 非經濟利益流出的可能性微乎其 微。可能出現的責任(其存在與否 取決於一項或多項未來事件是否 發生)亦披露為或然負債,除非經 濟利益流出的可能性微乎其微。

倘結算撥備所需之部份或全部支 出預計將由另一方償還,則為幾 乎確定之任何預期償還確認為一 項單獨資產。就償還確認之數額 以撥備之賬面值為限。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Revenue and other income

Details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

#### (i) Sale of goods

The Group recognises revenue from the sale of commodities (i.e. iron ore) in the period that the performance obligations are satisfied which refers to delivery of the goods to the destination specified by the customers. The destination may be the destination port or the customer's premises. The quantity of commodities as specified in each sales contract is separately identifiable and represents a distinct performance obligation to which the transaction price is allocated. Performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time once control of the commodities have been transferred to the customers. The customers have obtained control on the commodities through their ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all the benefits from the commodities.

#### Principal versus agent

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal because it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 收益及其他收入

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認 政策的詳情如下:

- (i) 銷售貨品

委託人相對代理人

當另一方從事向客戶提供商 品或服務,本集團釐定其承 諾的性質是否為提供指定商 品或服務本身的履約責任 (即本集團為委託人)或安排 由另一方提供該等商品或服 務(即本集團為代理人)。

由於本集團在向客戶轉讓商 品或服務之前控制指定商品 或服務,故本集團為委託 人。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(i) Sale of goods (Continued) Provisional pricing arrangements in relation to trading of commodities

For trading of commodities, the sales price is determined on a provisional basis at the date of sale, as the final sales price is subject to (a) final assay for the quality and quantity of commodities after discharge and (b) movements in prevailing spot prices up to the date of final pricing, normally within the month at which the commodities are delivered to customers (i.e. quotation period). Revenue on provisionally priced sales is recognised based on the estimated quality and quantity of commodities and fair value of the total consideration receivable.

The Group estimates the amount of the variable consideration of trading of commodities to which it will be entitled using the most likely amount as it better predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled. The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- (o) 收益及其他收入(續)
  - (i) 銷售貨品(續)
     有關商品貿易的臨時定價
     安排

本集團使用最有可能收取金 額(因其能更準確預測本集 團將有權收取的代價金額) 以估計其將有權收取的商品 貿易的變量代價金額。只 有於變量代價相關不明朗因 素其後得以解決且變量代價 計入交易價格很大機會不會 導致日後出現大額收益撥回 時,估計變量代價金額方會 計入交易價格。於各報告期 結束時,本集團會更新估計 交易價格(包括更新其對估 計變量代價是否受限所作出 的評估),以真實反映於報 告期結束時的現況及於報告 期間的狀況變動。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (o) Revenue and other income (Continued)

#### Sale of goods (Continued) (i) Provisional pricing arrangements in relation to trading of commodities (Continued)

Adjustment to the sales price occurs based on movements in prevailing spot prices up to the completion of quotation period and, thus, the revenue adjustment mechanism has the characteristic of a commodity derivative. Accordingly, the fair value of the total consideration receivable subject to the final sales price adjustment is re-estimated continuously by reference to prevailing spot prices and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Such fair value adjustments do not form part of the revenue recognised from contracts with customers but included in "other gains and losses" line item in these consolidated financial statements. These trade receivables are governed under HKFRS 9 and are recognised at FVTPL.

#### Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

#### (ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see Note 2(i)).

综合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 2. 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 收益及其他收入(續)

銷售貨品(續) (i) 有關商品貿易的臨時定價 安排(續) 售價按截至報價期完成時現 行現貨價之變動作出調整, 因此,收益調整機制具有商 品衍生工具的特性。因此, 存在最終售價調整的應收總 代價之公平值將參照現行現 貨價持續重估,而公平值之 變動於損益中確認。該等公 平值調整並不構成客戶合約 確認收益之一部份但計入綜 合財務報表「其他收益及虧 損」一項。該等貿易應收賬 款適用香港財務報告準則第 9號並按公平值於損益賬處 理確認。

合約負債

合約負債指本集團因已自客 戶收取代價(或到期的代價) 金額),而須向客戶轉讓貨 品或服務之責任。

- (ii) 利息收入
  - 利息收入於產生時以實際利 率法使用透過金融資產的預 計年限內的估計未來現金收 入準確貼現至金融資產的總 賬面值的利率確認。就按攤 銷成本計量且並未出現信貸 減值的金融資產而言,將實 際利率應用於該資產的總賬 面值。就出現信貸減值的金 融資產而言,實際利率應用 於該資產的攤銷成本(即扣 除虧損撥備的總賬面值)(見 附註2(i))。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.

#### (o) Revenue and other income (Continued)

#### (iii) Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes exdividend.

#### (p) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's executive directors (the chief operating decision maker) for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 3. 3. **ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 2. 重大會計政策(續)

- (o) 收益及其他收入(續)
  - (iii) 股息收入 非上市投資的股息收入於股 東收取款項的權利確立時確 認。上市投資的股息收入在 投資的股價除息時確認。

#### (p) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表呈報的各分 部項目金額與定期提供予本集團 執行董事(主要營運決策者)的財 務資料區分開來,以向本集團的 各業務系列及地區營運分配資源 並評估其表現。

就財務報告而言,個別重大的經 營分部並不予以合算,除非該等 分部具有相似經濟特性,以及就 產品及服務性質、生產程序性 質、客戶類別或種類、用以分銷 產品或提供服務的方式及監管環 境的性質方面相似,則另當別 論。倘符合大部份該等條件,並 非個別重大的經營分部可予以合 算。

## 關鍵會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表要求管理層作出 判斷、估計及假設,該等判斷、估計及 假設對收益、開支、資產及負債的呈報 金額及其相關披露以及或然負債的披露 造成影響。該等假設及估計的不確定因 素可能導致日後須就受影響的資產或負 債的賬面金額進行重大調整。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND** 3. 3. **ESTIMATES** (Continued)

#### (a) Critical accounting judgements

Impairment of financial assets (i) The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the ECL calculations, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

As at 30 June 2024, the financial assets include term deposits, pledged bank deposits, other receivables and deposits, loan receivables and bank balances. The carrying amount of term deposits was HK\$12,878,000 (2023: HK\$12,883,000), other receivables and deposits of HK\$63,900,000 (2023: HK\$89,477,000), loan receivables of HK\$88,563,000 (2023: HK\$346,074,000) and bank balances of HK\$574,680,000 (2023: HK\$555,169,000) respectively.

## 關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

#### (a) 關鍵會計判斷

金融資產減值 (i) 金融資產虧損撥備是基於對 違約風險和預期虧損率的假 設而計算的。本集團在作出 假設和選擇預期信貸虧損計 算的輸入數據時,按照本集 團以往經驗、現有市場狀況 以及於各報告期末的前瞻性 估計進行判斷。

> 於二零二四年六月三十日, 金融資產包括定期存款、已 抵押銀行存款、其他應收賬 款及按金、應收貸款及銀 行結餘。賬面值分別為定 期存款為12,878,000港元 (二零二三年:12,883,000 港元)、其他應收賬款及按 金為63.900.000港元(二 零二三年: 89,477,000 港元)、應收貸款為 88,563,000港元(二零二三 年:346,074,000港元)及銀 行結餘為574,680,000港元 (二零二三年:555,169,000 港元)。

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 3. ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

(i) Estimated impairment loss of the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture

The Group's interests in associates and a joint venture are subject to impairment review whenever there are indications that the carrying amount of the Group's interests may not be recoverable or impairment losses recognised in prior periods may have decreased. Where an indicator of further impairment or reversal of impairment loss exists, a formal estimation of the recoverable amount of the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture is made. The calculation of the fair-value-less-costs-of-disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

The carrying amount of interests in associates and a joint venture as at 30 June 2024 was HK\$1,515,506,000 (2023: HK\$1,565,530,000) and HK\$89,398,000 (2023: HK\$88,584,000) respectively. Further details are given in Notes 16 and 17 respectively.

(ii) Impairment allowance on loan receivables The measurement of impairment losses under HKFRS 9 across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. 3. 關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源
  - (i) 本集團於聯營公司及一 間合營公司之權益之估 計減值虧損
    - 當有跡象表明本集團權益之 賬面值可能無法回收或於過 往期間確認的減值虧損可能 已減少時,本集團於聯營公 司及一間合營公司之權益須 進行減值檢討。倘存在進一 步減值或減值虧損撥回之跡 象,則對於本集團於聯營公 司及一間合營公司之權益的 可回收金額作出正式估算。 公平值減出售成本乃根據來 自類似資產公平交易中具約 束力的銷售交易的可得數據 或可觀察市價減出售資產的 增量成本計算。計算使用價 值時,管理層須估計資產或 現金產生單位的預期未來現 金流量,並選擇合適的貼現 率以計算該等現金流量的現 值。
    - 於二零二四年六月三十日, 於聯營公司及一間合營公 司之權益之賬面值分別為 1,515,506,000港元(二零 二三年:1,565,530,000港 元)及89,398,000港元(二 零二三年:88,584,000港 元)。進一步詳情分別載於 附註16及17。
  - (ii) 應收貸款之減值撥備 根據香港財務報告準則第9 號計量所有類別的金融資產 的減值虧損需作出判斷,尤 其是釐定減值虧損時估計未 來現金流量金額及時間以及 抵押品價值,及評估信貸風 險大幅增加。該等估計受多 項因素影響,而該等因素的 變動或會導致不同水平的撥 備。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 3. 關鍵會 ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(ii) Impairment allowance on loan receivables (Continued)

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's internal credit grading model, which assigns probabilities of default to the individual grades;
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment;
- The segmentation of financial assets based on risk characteristics of the customers when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs over determination of the period over which the entity is exposed to credit risk based on the behavioral life of the credit exposures, loss given default and collateral recovery of the credit exposures;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, and the effect on probabilities of default, exposures at default and losses given default; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

## 3. 關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)
  - (ii) 應收貸款之減值撥備 (續)

本集團的預期信貸虧損計算 為複雜模型的輸出數據,當 中包含多項有關選擇可變輸 入數據及其彼此之間的關聯 性的相關假設。視為會計判 斷及估計的預期信貸虧損模 型組成部份包括:

- 本集團的內部信貸評 級模型,其將違約可 能性與各個評級配對;
- 本集團評估信貸風險 是否大幅上升(以評估 金融資產撥備是否應 按全期預期信貸虧損 基準計量)及定性評估 的標準;
- 倘預期信貸虧損按共
   同基準評估,基於客
   戶的風險特點分類金
   融資產;
- 基於信貸風險行為週
   期、拖欠還款虧損
   率及信貸風險的抵押
   品收回率損
   品收回
   品收置
   小
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- 董定宏觀經濟狀況、 經濟輸入數據及對拖 欠還款概率、拖欠還 款及拖欠還款虧損風 險的影響之間的關 聯;及
- 選擇前瞻性宏觀經濟 狀況及其概率加權以 得出預期信貸虧損模 型的經濟輸入數據。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 3. 關鍵 ESTIMATES (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment allowance on loan receivables (Continued)

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

The carrying amount of loan receivables as at 30 June 2024 was HK\$88,563,000 (2023: HK\$346,074,000). Further details are given in Note 20.

(iii) Fair value measurement of financial instruments As at 30 June 2024, certain of the Group's financial assets, including unlisted equity investments amounting to HK\$19,318,000 (2023: HK\$16,942,000), and certain of the Group's financial liabilities, including trade payables designated at FVTPL amounting to HK\$3,688,000 (2023: HK\$9,866,000) are measured at fair value with fair value being determined based on unobservable inputs using valuation techniques. Judgment and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could result in material adjustments to the fair value of these instruments. See Note 36(h) for further disclosures.

#### (iv) Current tax

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current tax and deferred tax provisions in the financial period in which such determination is made.

3. 關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)
  - (ii) 應收貸款之減值撥備 (續) 本集團的政策為在實際虧損 經驗的情況下定期審閱其模

型及於必要時作出調整。

於二零二四年六月三十 日,應收貸款之賬面值為 88,563,000港元(二零二三 年:346,074,000港元)。進 一步詳情載於附註20。

- (iii) 金融工具之公平值計量 於二零二四年六月三十日, 本集團若干金融資產(包 括非上市股本投資)為數 19.318,000港元(二零二三 年:16,942,000港元)及本 集團若干金融負債(包括指 定為按公平值於損益賬處 理之貿易應付賬款)為數 3,688,000港元(二零二三 年:9,866,000港元)按公平 值計量,其公平值使用估值 技巧基於不可觀察輸入數據 釐定。確定相關估值技巧及 相關輸入數據時需要作出判 斷及估計。與該等因素有關 的假設變動可能會導致須對 該等工具的公平值作出重大 調整。有關進一步披露請見 附註36(h)。
- (iv) 即期税項 於決定所得税撥備時須作出 重大判斷。於日常業務過程 中存在許多其最終税務決定 存在不確定因素的交易。倘 該等事宜的最終税務結果與 最初入賬的金額不同,則該 等差額將影響作出該決定的 財務期間的即期税項及遞延 税項撥備。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 3. 3. **ESTIMATES** (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(v) Write-down of inventories to net realisable value

Write-down of inventories to net realisable value is made based on the estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the required writedown amount involves management's judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will have an impact on the carrying amounts of inventories and the write-down charge/writeback amount in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

As at 30 June 2024, the carrying amount of inventories was HK\$62,355,000 (2023: HK\$291,568,000). Further details are given in Note 22.

關鍵會計判斷及估計(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)
  - (v) 將存貨撇減至可變現淨 值

將存貨撇減至可變現淨值乃 根據存貨的估計可變現淨值 而作出。所需之撇減金額評 估涉及管理層的判斷及估 計。倘實際金額或將來預計 有別於原本的估計,該差額 會影響存貨的賬面值及在該 估計改變的期間的撇減開 支/撥回金額。

於二零二四年六月三十 日,存貨之賬面值為 62,355,000港元(二零二三 年:291,568,000港元)。進 一步詳情載於附註22。

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 4. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Application of new or revised HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new or revised to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are mandatory effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 July 2023 for the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

## 4. 會計政策變動

## (a) 應用新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已應用以下由 香港會計師公會頒佈並於二零 二三年七月一日或之後開始的年 度期間強制生效的新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則,以編製本集 團之綜合財務報表:

香港會計準則	會計政策披露
第1號及香港	
財務報告準則	
實務報告第2號	
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則	會計估計的定義
第8號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則	與單一交易產生
feeders III III	
第12號	的資產及負債
第12號 (修訂本)	的資產及負債 相關的遞延税
21- · <u> </u>	
21- · <u> </u>	相關的遞延税
(修訂本)	相關的遞延税項
(修訂本) 香港會計準則	相關的遞延税 項 國際税務改革一
(修訂本) 香港會計準則 第12號	相關的遞延税 項 國際税務改革一 第二支柱標準

本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告 準則對本集團於本年度及過往年 度之財務狀況及表現及/或載於 該等綜合財務報表的披露並無重 大影響。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 4. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) New guidance on accounting for the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong issued by HKICPA

In June 2022, Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") was enacted. The Amendment Ordinance abolishes the use of the accrued benefits derived from employers' mandatory contributions under the mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme to offset severance payment ("SP") and long service payments ("LSP") (the "Abolition"). Subsequently, the Government of HKSAR announced that the Abolition will take effect on 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date").

The following key changes will take effect since the Transition Date:

- Accrued benefits derived from employers' mandatory MPF contributions cannot be used to offset the LSP/SP in respect of the employment period after the Transition Date.
- The pre-transition LSP/SP is calculated using the last month's salary immediately preceding the Transition Date, instead of using the last month's salary of employment termination date.

For the years ended 30 June 2023 and 2024, the Group's LSP liability before the expected offsetting under the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism is immaterial. Application of the Guidance had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 4. 會計政策變動(續)

#### (b) 香港會計師公會頒佈香港強 積金-長期服務金抵銷機制 會計新指引

於二零二二年六月,二零二二年 僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排) (修訂)條例(「修訂條例」)獲頒 佈。修訂條例廢除使用僱主根據 強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃所 作出的強制性供款所產生的累計 權益以抵銷遣散費(「這散費」)及 長期服務金(「長期服務金」)(「廢 除」)。隨後,香港特別行政區政 府宣佈廢除將於二零二五年五月 一日(「過渡日期」)生效。

以下重要變動將自過渡日期起生 效:

- 僱主強制性強積金供款所產
   生的累計權益不可用以抵銷
   過渡日期後僱用期間的長期
   服務金/遣散費。
- 過渡前的長期服務金/遣散 費按緊接過渡日期前的最後
   一個月月薪計算,而非使用 僱傭終止日期的最後一個月
   月薪計算。

截至二零二三年及二零二四年六 月三十日止年度,本集團於強積 金-長期服務金抵銷機制下預期 抵銷前的長期服務金負債並不重 大。應用指引對本集團綜合財務 報表並無重大影響。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by business lines (products and services). In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Company's executive directors (the chief operating decision maker) for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- (i) Commodity business (trading of commodities);
- Resource investment (trading of and investment in listed and unlisted securities of energy and natural resources companies); and
- Principal investment and financial services (provision of loan financing and investments in loan note and other financial assets and receiving interest income from these financial assets).

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Company's executive directors monitor the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit/(loss) is earnings and loss of each segment without allocation of share of results of associates and a joint venture, impairment loss on interests in associates, net gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL not held within the trading portfolios, unallocated income and gains, unallocated administrative expenses and other losses, and unallocated finance costs.

## 5. 分部資料

本集團按分部管理其業務,而分部按業 務線(產品及服務)設置。本集團以與內 部向本公司執行董事(主要經營決策者) 呈報資料(以作資源分配及表現評估)一 致之方式,呈列以下三個可報告分部。 概無合併經營分部以組成以下可報告分 部。

- (i) 商品業務(商品貿易);
- (ii) 資源投資(能源及天然資源公司上 市及非上市證券買賣及投資);及
- (iii) 主要投資及金融服務(提供貸款融 資以及投資貸款票據及其他金融 資產及自該等金融資產收取利息 收入)。

#### (a) 分部業績、資產及負債

為評估分部表現及在各分部之間 分配資源,本公司的執行董事按 以下基準監察各個可報告分部的 業績、資產及負債:

收入及開支乃根據分部所產生之 銷售及分部所支出之開支或分部 應佔資產折舊或攤銷另外產生之 開支,分配至可報告分部。

計量報告分部溢利/(虧損)時使 用未分配分佔聯營公司及一間合 營公司業績、聯營公司權益減值 虧損、並非於買賣組合內持有之 按公平值於損益賬處理之金融資 產公平值變動而產生之收益/(虧 損)淨額、未分配收入及收益、未 分配行政開支及其他虧損及未分 配財務成本的各個分部的盈利及 虧損。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Segment assets include all assets of operating and reportable segments other than interests in associates and a joint venture, certain property, plant and equipment and financial assets at FVTPL not held within the trading portfolios neither managed under principal investment and financial services segment, financial assets at FVTPL not held within the trading portfolios, nor managed under resource investment segment, certain other receivables and certain bank balances and cash not managed under segments and other unallocated corporate assets.

Segment liabilities include provisions, trade and other payables, deferred tax liability and lease liabilities attributable to the activities of the individual segments and borrowings managed directly by the segments.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning segment profit/(loss), the Board is provided with segment information concerning revenue, interest income (included in other income), depreciation, dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL, gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value of financial assets measured at FVTPL, net, reversal of impairment loss/(impairment loss) on loan receivables, net, (loss)/gain arising from changes in fair value of provisional pricing arrangements in relation to trading of commodities, net, finance costs, net foreign exchange gain/(loss), income tax and additions to non-current segment assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets) used by the segments in their operations.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. 分部資料(續)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

除於聯營公司及一間合營公司之權益、若干物業、廠房及設備及並非按主要投資及金融服務分部管理之並非於買賣組合內持有之按公、並非按資源投資分部管理之金融定。 於買賣組合內持有之按正。 並非按資源投資分部管理之金融之。 並非按資源投資分部管理之金融資產。 收益。 並非該分部管理之金融資產。 大分配企業資產外,分部資產。

分部負債包括個別分部活動應佔 之撥備、貿易及其他應付賬款、 遞延税項負債及租賃負債以及由 分部直接管理之借貸。

經營分部的會計政策與本集團的 會計政策相同。

# 综合財務報表附註(續)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## (a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition, as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's executive directors for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023 are set out below.

# 5. 分部資料(續)

Year ended 30 June 2024

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

以下載列按收益確認時間劃分之 客戶合約收益,連同截至二零 二四年及二零二三年六月三十日 止年度向本集團執行董事所提供 (以作資源分配及評估分部表現) 與本集團可報告分部相關之資料。

		截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度 Principal					
		Commodity business	Resource investment	investment and financial services 主要投資及	Total reporting segments 可報告分部	Others	Total
		商品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	資源投資 HK\$'000 千港元	金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Disaggregated by timing of revenue	<b>分部收益</b> : 按收益確認時間劃分						
recognition – Point in time – Revenue from other source:	一於某一時間點 一其他來源之收益:	1,169,403	-	-	1,169,403	-	1,169,403
Interest income	利息收入	-	-	19,125	19,125	-	19,125
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	1,169,403	-	19,125	1,188,528	-	1,188,528
Gross sales proceeds from resource investment	出售資源投資所得款項總額	-	1,997,241	-	1,997,241	-	1,997,241
Reversal of impairment loss on loan receivables, net	應收貸款之回撥減值虧損淨額	-	-	24,086	24,086	-	24,086
Loss arising from modification of loan receivable	調整應收貸款而產生之虧損	-	-	(2,147)	(2,147)	-	(2,147)
Impairment loss on assets held for sale	持作銷售資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	-	(25,855)	(25,855)
Segment results Share of results of associates Share of results of a joint venture Impairment losses on interests in associates, net	<b>分部業績</b> 分佔聯營公司業績 分佔一間合營公司業績 聯營公司權益減值虧損淨額	84,031	403,722	38,531	526,284	(52,031)	474,253 38,751 4,464 (80,423)
Gain arising from deemed increasing of shareholding in an associate	視作於一間聯營公司 持股增加而產生之收益						101
Loss arising from deemed disposal of partial interest in an associate	視作出售於一間聯營公司 部份權益而產生之虧損						(492)
Unallocated income and gains Unallocated administrative expenses and other losses	未分配收入及收益 未分配行政開支及其他虧損						1,420 (34,780)
Unallocated finance costs	未分配財務成本						(7,276)
Consolidated profit before taxation	綜合除税前溢利						396,018

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

**5.** 分部資料(續)

		Year ended 30 June 2024							
				截至二零二四年六 Principal	⊼月三十日止年度				
				investment	Total				
		Commodity	Resource	and financial	reporting				
		business	investment	services	segments	Others	Total		
		商品業務	資源投資	主要投資及	可報告分部	其他	스러		
		冏 而 耒 務 HK\$'000	頁源投頁 HK\$'000	金融服務 HK\$'000	合計 HK\$'000	具他 HK\$'000	合計 HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Segment assets	分部資產	517,706	1,941,356	89,115	2,548,177	41,425	2,589,602		
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	011,100	1,041,000	00,110	2,040,111	-1,-20	1,515,506		
Interest in a joint venture	於一間合營公司之權益						89,398		
Unallocated head office and corporate assets	未分配總部及企業資產								
- Bank balances and cash	一銀行結餘及現金						16,028		
- Other corporate assets	一其他企業資產						9,388		
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值						4,219,922		
Segment liabilities	分部負債	61,862	134,610	5,470	201,942	12,438	214,380		
Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	未分配總部及企業負債	01,002	104,010	0,410	201,042	12,400	214,000		
– Other Ioan	一其他貸款						135,000		
- Dividend payable	一應付股息						5,882		
- Other corporate liabilities	一其他企業負債						5,377		
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						360,639		

综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# **NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

For the year ended 30 June 2024

There are no inter-segment revenue during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年六 月三十日止年度並無分部間收益。

2023/24 年	「報 亞」	太資源有	限公司

# 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

		Commodity business 商品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Resource investment 資源投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 3 截至二零二四年5 Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及 金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	30 June 2024 ☆月三十日止年度 Total reporting segments 可報告分部 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$*000 千港元
Other segment information Interest income (included in other income) Unallocated	<b>其他分部資料</b> 利息收入(計入其他收入) 未分配	4,342	839	2	5,183	1,249	6,432 5,675
							12,107
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值於損益賬處理之金融 資產之股息收入	-	56,584	-	56,584	-	56,584
Gain arising from changes in fair value of financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL, net Reversal of impairment loss on loan	強制性按公平值於損益賬處理 之金融資產公平值變動而 產生之收益淨額 應收貸款之回撥減值虧損淨額	-	379,870	-	379,870	-	379,870
receivables, net	應收貝承之凹撥減阻虧俱冲蝕	-	-	24,086	24,086	-	24,086
Gain arising from changes in fair value of provisional pricing arrangements in relation to trading of commodities, net	有關商品貿易臨時定價安排 公平值變動而產生之收益淨額	8,947	-	-	8,947	-	8,947
Impairment loss on assets held for sale	持作銷售之資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	-	(25,855)	(25,855)
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain Unallocated	外匯(虧損)/收益淨額 未分配	5,721	(3,815)	(824)	1,082	-	1,082 (5,164)
							(4,082)
Additions to non-current assets Unallocated	非流動資產添置 未分配	746	-	-	746	976	1,722 -
							1,722
Depreciation Unallocated	折舊 未分配	(1,130)	-	-	(1,130)	(504)	(1,634) (1,930)
							(3,564)
Finance costs Unallocated	融資成本 未分配	(1,812)	-	-	(1,812)	-	(1,812) (7,276)
							(9,088)
Income tax expense Unallocated	所得税開支 未分配	(5,039)	(27,025)	(276)	(32,340)	-	(32,340) (237)
							(32,577)

5. 分部資料(續)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# **5.** 分部資料(續)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued) (a

			崔	Year ended 3 战至二零二三年7 Principal	80 June 2023 六月三十日止年度		
		Commodity business	Resource investment	investment and financial services 主要投資及	Total reporting segments 可報告分部	Others	Total
		商品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	資源投資 HK\$'000 千港元	金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue: Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	<b>分部收益:</b> 按收益確認時間劃分						
<ul> <li>Point in time</li> <li>Revenue from other source:</li> </ul>	一於某一時間點 一其他來源之收益:	407,776	-	-	407,776	-	407,776
Interest income	利息收入	-	-	24,161	24,161	-	24,161
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	407,776	-	24,161	431,937	-	431,937
Gross sales proceeds from resource investment	出售資源投資所得款項總額	-	2,392,110	-	2,392,110	-	2,392,110
Impairment loss on loan receivables, net	應收貸款之減值虧損 淨額	-	-	(11,715)	(11,715)	-	(11,715)
Loss arising from modification of loan receivable	調整應收貸款而產生之 虧損	-	-	(847)	(847)	-	(847)
Impairment loss on exploration and evaluation expenditure	勘探及評估開支的減值 虧損	-	-	-	-	(2,926)	(2,926)
Segment results Share of results of associates Share of results of a joint venture Impairment losses on interests in associates	<b>分部業績</b> 分佔聯營公司業績 分佔一間合營公司業績 聯營公司權益減值虧損	3,470	92,801	(17,635)	78,636	(19,681)	58,955 (12,946) 4,714 (276,851)
Gain arising from deemed increasing of shareholding in an associate	視作於一間聯營公司 持股增加而產生之收益						48
Loss arising from deemed disposal of partial interest in an associate	視作出售於一間聯營公司 部份權益而產生之虧損						(3,391)
Loss arising from changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL not held within the trading portfolio, net	並非於買賣組合內持有之 按公平值於損益賬處理之 金融資產公平值變動 而產生之虧損淨額						(77,571)
Unallocated income and gains Unallocated administrative expenses	未分配收入及收益 未分配行政開支及						3,565 (43,014)
and other losses Unallocated finance costs	其他虧損 未分配財務成本						(9,350)
Consolidated loss before taxation	綜合除税前虧損						(355,841)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

_	 And See shall	
_	·部資料(續)	
-		

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度 Principal					
		Commodity business 商品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Resource investment 資源投資 HK\$'000 千港元	investment and financial services 主要投資及 金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total reporting segments 可報告分部 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets Interests in associates Interest in a joint venture Unallocated head office and	<b>分部資產</b> 於聯營公司之權益 於一間合營公司之權益 未分配總部及企業資產	420,875	1,067,132	346,829	1,834,836	89,037	1,923,873 1,565,530 88,584
corporate assets – Financial assets at FVTPL not held within the trading portfolios	-並非於買賣組合內持有 之按公平值於損益賬 處理之金融資產						5,279
<ul> <li>Bank balances and cash</li> <li>Other corporate assets</li> </ul>	一銀行結餘及現金 一其他企業資產						314,710 4,214
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值						3,902,190
Segment liabilities Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities – Other Ioan – Dividend payable – Other corporate liabilities	<b>分部負債</b> 未分配總部及企業負債 一萬他貸款 一應付股息 一其他企業負債	147,731	106,498	6,376	260,605	12,666	273,271 20,500 4,858 18,273
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						316,902
Other segment information Interest income (included in other income) Unallocated	<b>其他分部資料</b> 利息收入(計入其他收入) 未分配	1,155	120	1	1,276	1,194	2,470 2,156
							4,626
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值於損益賬處理之 金融資產之股息收入	-	129,506	-	129,506	-	129,506
Loss arising from changes in fair value of financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL, net Unallocated	強制性按公平值於損益賬處理 之金融資產公平值變動而 產生之虧損淨額 未分配	-	(13,511)	-	(13,511)	-	(13,511) (77,571)
							(91,082)
Impairment loss on loan receivables, net	應收貸款之減值虧損淨額	-	-	(11,715)	(11,715)	-	(11,715)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# **5.** 分部資料(續)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued) (a) 分部算

		ž				
	0		Principal investment	Total		
	business	investment	services	segments	Others	Total
	商品業務 HK\$'000 千港元	資源投資 HK\$'000 千港元	金融服務 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
有關商品貿易臨時定價 安排公平值變動而產生之 收益淨額	17,891	-	-	17,891	-	17,891
勘探及評估開支的減值虧損	-	-	-	-	(2,926)	(2,926)
外匯虧損淨額 未分配	(6,612)	(8,931)	(29,039)	(44,582)	-	(44,582) 101
						(44,481)
非流動資產添置 未分配	-	-	-	-	1,887	1,887 3,692
						5,579
折舊 未分配	(1,107)	-	-	(1,107)	(278)	(1,385) (1,740)
						(3,125)
融資成本 未分配	(1,310)	-	-	(1,310)	-	(1,310) (9,350)
						(10,660)
所得税(開支)/抵免 未分配	(93)	27,898	(91)	27,714	-	27,714 (380)
						27,334
	安排公平值變動而產生之 收益淨額 勘探及評估開支的減值虧損 外匯虧損淨額 未分配 非流動資產添置 非流動資產添置 新勞配 嚴資成本 未分配	商品業務       市場商品貿易臨時定價       17,891       安排公平值變動而產生之       收益浮額       勘探及評估開支的減值虧損       小匯虧損淨額       未分配       非流動資產添置       -       新舊       (1,107)       融資成本       未分配       所得稅(開支)/抵免       (93)	Commodity business         Resource investment           商品業務 円K\$'000 干港元         資源投資 日K\$'000 干港元           有顯商品貿易臨時定價 安排公平值變動而產生之 收益淨額         17,891         -           都探及評估開支的減值虧損         -         -           排底動資產添置 未分配         (6.612)         (8.931)           非流動資產添置 未分配         -         -           購資成本 未分配         (1.107)         -           融資成本 未分配         (1.310)         -	<ul> <li>載至二零二三年7 Principal investment</li> <li>Commodity business</li> <li>mestment</li> <li>and financial services 主要投資及</li> <li>商品業務 商品業務 所K\$'000</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>予港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T港元</li> <li>T</li> <li>T</li></ul>	Principal investmentPrincipal investmentTotal reporting sequenceCommodity businessResource investmentand financial services isegtoğo abaBx8 PHK\$'000 T-港元Total reporting segments abaBx8 PHK\$'000 T-港元有關商品貿易臨時定價 文成公平值變動而產生之 收益淨額17.89117.891朝琛及評估開支的減值虧損17.891勘琛及評估開支的減值虧損小庫虧損淨額 大分配(6.612)(8.931)(29.039)(44.582)非流動資產添置 大分配斯奮 大分配(1.107)(1.107)上(1.107)上(1.310)(1.310)市母桃(開支)/抵免(93)27.898(91)27.714	載至二零二写中六月三十日止年度 Principal            Commodity business         Resource investment         and financial reporting services         reporting reporting services         Others           商品業務 商品業務 HKS'000 千港元         資源投資 HKS'000 千港元         金融服務 HKS'000 HKS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (b) Geographical information

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, interests in associates and a joint venture, goodwill and exploration and evaluation expenditure. The geographical location of customers is based on the location of goods delivered; the Group's interest income derived from loan receivables in respect of principal investment and financial services is analysed by the location where the loan financing is provided; and the Group's interest income derived from loan note in respect of principal investment and financial services is analysed by the location where these investments are managed by the Group. In the case of non-current assets (excluding financial assets) which is presented based on geographical location of assets (where the property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation expenditures are located/incurred and where the associates, the joint venture and the subsidiary to which the goodwill relates are incorporated/listed).

## 5. 分部資料(續)

#### (b) 地區資料

下文為(i)本集團來自外部客戶之 收益及(ii)本集團物業、廠房及設 備、於聯營公司及一間合營公司 之權益、商譽以及勘探及評估開 支按地理位置的分析。客户的地 理位置乃基於貨品運送的所在 地;本集團來自主要投資及金融 服務相關應收貸款之利息收入乃 按提供貸款融資所在地分析;及 本集團來自主要投資及金融服務 相關貸款票據之利息收入乃按本 集團管理該等投資所在地分析。 非流動資產(不包括金融資產)之 資料乃根據資產的地理位置(物 業、廠房及設備以及勘探及評估 開支所在地/發生地以及與商譽 有關的聯營公司、合營公司及附 屬公司註冊成立/上市地點)呈 列。

	Revenue from				
	external customers Non-curre			ent assets	
	來自外部署	來自外部客戶之收益 非流動資產			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Hong Kong (place of domicile) 香港(註冊所在地)	6,667	3,859	1,505	3,425	
The PRC 中國	1,181,861	427,519	137,755	135,035	
Australia 澳洲	-	559	1,472,391	1,523,286	
Philippines 菲律賓	-	-	8,553	9,104	
	1,188,528	431,937	1,620,204	1,670,850	

Rovonuo from
綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# 5. 分部資料(續)

# (c) Information about major customers (c) 主要客戶之資料

Revenue from customers contributing 10% or more of the Group's revenue are as follows:

為本集團收益貢獻10%或以上之	
客戶收益如下:	

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Commodity business Customer A Customer B <i>(note)</i>	商品業務 客戶甲 客戶乙(附註)	670,195 N/A 不適用	235,850 90,930
Note: The customer contributed less than 10% respective years.	6 of the Group's revenue for the	<i>附註:</i> 為本集團各年度收益 戶。	貢獻少於10%之客

综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 6. **REVENUE**

## 6. 收益

(a)	Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by	(a)	按主要產品或服務類別劃分之客
	major products or service lines is as follows:		戶合約收益如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	大禾进时攻却生谁则		
Revenue from contracts with	在香港財務報告準則		
customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	第15號範圍內之 客戶合約收益		
Trading of goods	商品貿易		
– Commodities (Iron ore)	一商品(鐵礦石)	1,169,403	407,776
Revenue from other sources	其他來源的收益		
Interest income under effective	以實際利率法計算的		
interest method	利息收入		
– Loan receivables	一應收貸款	18,774	24,127
– Loan note	一貸款票據	-	34
– Others	一其他	351	-
		19,125	24,161
Total revenue	收益總額	1,188,528	431,937

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition and by geographic markets are disclosed in Notes 5(a) and 5(b) respectively.

(b) All sales contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15 are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

按收入確認時間及按區域市場劃 分之客戶合約收益分別於附註5(a) 及5(b)披露。

(b) 香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內 所有客戶銷售合約之期限均為一 年或以下。如香港財務報告準則 第15號所允許,分配至該等未達 成合約之交易價格並未披露。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 7. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

# 7. 其他收益及虧損

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value	強制性按公平值於損益賬		
of financial assets mandatorily measured at	處理之金融資產公平值變動		
FVTPL, net:	而產生之收益/(虧損)淨額:		
<ul> <li>listed equity securities held-for-trading</li> </ul>	一持作買賣之上市股本證券	364,260	16,813
- listed equity securities not held within the	一並非於買賣組合內持有之	-	(77,575)
trading portfolios	上市股本證券 一非上市股本投資	12,603	
<ul> <li>unlisted equity investments</li> <li>derivative financial instruments – warrants</li> </ul>	一 拆工 印 版 平 投 員 一 衍 生 金 融 工 具 一 認 股 權 證	3,111	(27,867) (2,453)
- derivative financial instruments - others	一衍生金融工具一誌放催題	(104)	(2,400)
Reversal of impairment loss/(impairment loss)	應收貸款之回撥減值虧損/	24,086	(11,715)
on loan receivables, net (Note 20(b))	(減值虧損)淨額( <i>附註20(b))</i>	24,000	(11,710)
Gain arising from deemed increasing of	視作於一間聯營公司持股增加	101	48
shareholding in an associate	而產生之收益		10
Loss arising from deemed disposal of	視作出售於一間聯營公司	(492)	(3,391)
partial interest in an associate (Note 16(a))	部份權益而產生之虧損 ( <i>附註16(a))</i>	. ,	
(Loss)/gain arising from changes in fair value of			
provisional pricing arrangements in relation	公平值變動而產生之		
to trading of commodities:	(虧損)/收益:		
- fair value loss on trade receivables	-指定按公平值於損益賬處	(11,550)	-
designated at FVTPL	理之貿易應收賬款之		
	公平值虧損		
<ul> <li>fair value gain on trade payables</li> </ul>	一指定按公平值於損益賬處	20,497	17,891
designated at FVTPL	理之貿易應付賬款之 公平值收益		
Loss arising from modification of	調整應收貸款而產生之	(2,147)	(847)
loan receivables (Note 20(b))	虧損 <i>(附註20(b))</i>		
Impairment loss on exploration	勘探及評估開支減值虧損	-	(2,926)
and evaluation expenditure			
Net foreign exchange loss	外匯虧損淨額	(4,082)	(44,481)
Impairment loss on assets held for sale	持作銷售之資產之減值虧損	(25,855)	-
(Note 31)	(附註31)		
Others	其他	-	166
		380,428	(136,337)

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 8. OTHER INCOME

## 8. 其他收入

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost: – bank deposits Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL: – listed equity securities held-for-trading	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 之利息收入: 一銀行存款 按公平值於損益賬處理之 金融資產之股息收入: 一持作買賣之上市股本證券	12,107 56,584	4,626
Others	其他	722	2,321
		69,413	136,453

# 9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

# 9. 除税前溢利/(虧損)

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging the following:

除税前溢利/(虧損)乃扣除下列各項後 得出:

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Finance costs: Interest on bank and other loans (Note 24(b)) Interest on lease liabilities (Note 24(b))	(a)	<b>融資成本</b> : 銀行及其他貸款利息 <i>(附註24(b))</i> 租賃負債利息 <i>(附註24(b))</i>	8,916 172	10,504 156
	Total interest expense on financial liabilities not at FVTPL		並非按公平值於損益賬 處理之金融負債之 利息開支總額	9,088	10,660
(b)	Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) (note (i)): Salaries and allowance Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	(b)	<b>員工成本(包括董事酬金) <i>(附註(i))</i>: 薪金及津貼 界定供款退休計劃供款</b>	45,061 992	30,987 527
				46,053	31,514

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging the following: (Continued)

## 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# **9. 除税前溢利/(虧損)**(續)

除税前溢利/(虧損)乃扣除下列各項後 得出:(續)

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(c)	Other items: (c)	) 其他項目:		
(-)	Cost of goods recognised as expenses (note (ii))	確認為開支之商品成本 (附註(ii))	1,117,125	401,786
	Auditors' remuneration (note (i))	核數師酬金( <i>附註(i)</i> )		
	<ul> <li>audit services</li> </ul>	一核數服務	1,200	1,200
	<ul> <li>non-audit services</li> </ul>	一非核數服務	200	200
	Depreciation charges (note (i)) (Note 15)	折舊支出( <i>附註(i))(附註15)</i>		
	<ul> <li>owned property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	一自有物業、廠房及設備	1,033	820
	<ul> <li>right-of-use assets</li> </ul>	一使用權資產	2,531	2,305
	Exploration expense (note (iii))	勘探開支 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	22,516	14,090
	Short-term lease expense (Note 15)	短期租賃開支 <i>(附註15)</i>	41	33

#### Notes:

- Included in staff costs and depreciation charges, there are HK\$41,228,000 (2023: HK\$31,514,000) and HK\$3,131,000 (2023: HK\$2,918,000) respectively being classified under administrative expenses. Other major components of administrative expenses include auditors' remuneration of HK\$1,400,000 (2023: HK\$1,400,000), brokerage and custodian fees for investments of HK\$8,277,000 (2023: HK\$8,574,000) and legal, professional and consultancy fees of HK\$4,602,000 (2023: HK\$4,499,000).
- The amount for the year ended 30 June 2024 includes write down of inventories of HK\$5,461,000 (2023: HK\$38,212,000).
- (iii) Exploration expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss includes staff costs of HK\$4,825,000 (2023: Nil) and depreciation of HK\$433,000 (2023: HK\$207,000), which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above.

#### 附註:

(i)

- 員工成本及折舊支出中的41,228,000港 元(二零二三年:31,514,000港元)及 3,131,000港元(二零二三年:2,918,000 港元)分別獲歸類為行政費用。行政 費用的其他主要部份包括核數師酬金 1,400,000港元(二零二三年:1,400,000 港元)、投資的經紀和託管費用8,277,000 港元(二零二三年:8,574,000港元),以 及法律、專業及顧問費用4,602,000港元 (二零二三年:4,499,000港元)。
- (ii) 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之金 額包括存貨撇減5,461,000港元(二零 二三年:38,212,000港元)。
- (iii) 在綜合損益表中的勘探開支包括員工成 本4,825,000港元(二零二三年:零)及折 舊433,000港元(二零二三年:207,000 港元),該等費用亦計入上文獨立披露之 相應總額中。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT)

## 10. 所得税開支/(抵免)

(a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss:

#### (a) 於損益賬確認之金額:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	即期税項		
<ul> <li>Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year (note (i))</li> </ul>	一年內香港利得税 (附註(i))	360	101
<ul> <li>Over-provision of Hong Kong Profits</li> <li>Tax for the prior year</li> </ul>	一過往年度之香港利得税 超額撥備	(37)	(16)
<ul> <li>– PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") for the year (note (ii))</li> </ul>	一年內中國企業所得税 (「 <b>企業所得税</b> 」) <i>(附註(ii))</i>	5,039	95
– Under-provision of EIT for the prior year	-過往年度之企業所得税 撥備不足	-	4
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
<ul> <li>Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 28(a))</li> </ul>	一暫時差額之產生及 回撥( <i>附註28(a</i> ))	27,215	(27,518)
Income tax expense/(credit)	所得税開支/(抵免)	32,577	(27,334)

#### Notes:

- (i) The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2024 and 2023 were calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered profits tax rate regime. For this subsidiary, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.
- (ii) Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years, except for subsidiaries which are eligible as Small Low-profit Enterprise (小型微利企業). From 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2022, eligible Small Low-profit Enterprise with the portion of annual taxable profit of less than RMB1,000,000 shall be calculated at a reduced rate of 12.5% as its taxable profit and which is subject to a EIT tax rate of 20%; with the portion of annual taxable profit of more than RMB1,000,000 but less than RMB3,000,000 shall be calculated at a reduced rate of a reduced rate of 50% as its taxable profit and which is subject to a EIT tax rate of 20%. During the year, no subsidiary (2023: one subsidiary) is subject to the relevant preferential tax treatments.

(iii) The Group is not subject to any taxation under the jurisdiction of Bermuda and the British Virgin Islands for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023. 附註:

(i)

(ii)

二零二四年及二零二三年的香港 利得税乃按年內估計應評税利潤 以税率16.5%計提撥備,惟本集 團一家附屬公司除外,其根據利 得税兩級制屬合資格法團。對於 該附屬公司,首筆2百萬港元應評 税利潤以8.25%的税率徵税,而 餘下應評税利潤以16.5%的税率 徵税。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業 所得税法」)及企業所得税法(「企業 所得税法」)及企業所得税法實 施條例屬公司外,中國附屬公司 於兩個零年一月一日至5%。 二年十二月三十一日,符合保 供之小型微利企業之年度應 , 之二年十二月三十一日,符合 時税 溢利少於人民幣1,000,000元的 部份應並按20%的税率繳納超過 利,稅;年度應課税溢利超。 大應課税溢利,並按20%的税率繳納超過 所得税,600元的 部份應減按50%計 入應課税溢利,並按20%的税率 繳納企業所得税。於年內, 數納 公司(二零二三年:一家附屬 公司)享有相關優惠税務待遇。

(iii) 本集團於截至二零二四年及二零 二三年六月三十日止年度毋須繳 納百慕達及英屬處女群島司法轄 區的任何税項。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

# 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE/(CREDIT) (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense/(credit) and accounting profit/(loss) at applicable tax rate:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 10. 所得税開支/(抵免)(續)

(b) 所得税開支/(抵免)及會計溢 利/(虧損)之間按適用税率之對 賬:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	396,018	(355,841)
Notional tax on profit/(loss) before taxation, calculated at Hong Kong Profits tax rate of 16.5%	按16.5%的香港利得税 税率計算之除税前溢 利/(虧損)之名義税項	65,343	(58,714)
Effect of different tax rates arising from other tax jurisdictions	其他税務司法權區所產生 不同税率之影響	1,713	32
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支之税務影響	25,717	74,853
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(56,750)	(45,355)
Tax effect of share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績之 税務影響	(6,394)	2,136
Tax effect of share of results of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司業績之 税務影響	(737)	(778)
Statutory tax concession	法定税項減免	(165)	-
Tax effect of tax losses/deductible temporary differences not recognised	並無確認之税項虧損/ 可抵扣暫時差額之税務 影響	4,870	1,294
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	動用先前未確認之 税項虧損	(983)	(790)
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(37)	(12)
Income tax expense/(credit) for the year	年內所得税開支/(抵免)	32,577	(27,334)

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

## Year ended 30 June 2024

# 11. 董事酬金

根據香港《公司條例》第383(1)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露 之董事酬金如下:

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

		Fee 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit schemes contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Andrew Ferguson (note (a))	Andrew Ferguson先生 ( <i>附註(a</i> ))	-	4,656	-	18	4,674
Mr. Brett Robert Smith (note (c))	Brett Robert Smith先生 <i>(附註(c))</i>	-	646	-	64	710
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Mr. Lee Seng Hui	李成輝先生	127	-	-	-	127
Ms. Lam Lin Chu	林蓮珠女士	127	-	-	-	127
Mr. Arthur George Dew (note (b))	Arthur George Dew 先生 <i>(附註(b))</i>	-	594	-	-	594
Mr. Wong Tai Chun, Mark, alternate director of Mr. Arthur George Dew (note (b))	王大鈞先生(Arthur George Dew先生之 替任董事) <i>(附註(b))</i>	-	150	-	7	157
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Dr. Wong Wing Kuen, Albert	王永權博士	201	-	-	-	201
Mr. Chang Chu Fai, Johnson Francis <i>(note (d))</i>	鄭鑄輝先生 <i>(附註(d</i> ))	80	-	-	-	80
Mr. Wang Hongqian	王宏前先生	201	-	-	-	201
Mr. Kelvin Chau Kwok Wing (note (e))	周國榮先生 <i>(附註(e))</i>	122	-	-	-	122
		858	6,046	-	89	6,993

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Year ended 30 June 2023

# 11. 董事酬金(續)

## 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

	Fee 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 干港元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit schemes contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 干港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
執行董事:					
Andrew Ferguson先生 <i>(附註(a))</i>	-	4,656	-	18	4,674
Brett Robert Smith先生	-	1,535	-	153	1,688
非執行董事:					
李成輝先生	127	-	-	-	127
林蓮珠女士	127	-	-	-	127
Arthur George Dew 先生 <i>(附註(b))</i>	-	446	426	-	872
王大鈞先生(Arthur George Dew先生之 替任董事) <i>(附註(b))</i>	-	149	127	7	283
獨立非執行董事:					
王永權博士	201	_	_	_	201
鄭鑄輝先生	201	-	-	_	201
王宏前先生	201	-	-	-	201
	857	6,786	553	178	8,374
	Andrew Ferguson先生 <i>(附註(a))</i> Brett Robert Smith先生 非執行董事: 李成輝先生 林蓮珠女士 Arthur George Dew 先生( <i>附註(b)</i> ) 王大鈞先生(Arthur George Dew先生之 替任董事) <i>(附註(b))</i> 獨立非執行董事: 王永權博士 鄭鑄輝先生	粮金         株\$'000         干港元         Andrew Ferguson先生         (附註(a))         Brett Robert Smith先生         非執行董事:         李成輝先生         非執行董事:         李成輝先生         北thur George Dew         先生(附註(b))         玉大鈞先生(Arthur         George Dew先生之         潜任董事)         (附註(b))         獨立非執行董事:         王永權博士       201         艱鑄輝先生       201         王宏前先生       201	割lowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 粮金 和金金 开港元allowances benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 干港元執行董事: Andrew Ferguson先生 ( <i>附註(a)</i> ) Brett Robert Smith先生-4,656 ( <i>所註(a)</i> ) 1,535非執行董事: 李成輝先生 和thur George Dew 先生( <i>附註(b)</i> ) 王大鈞先生(Arthur George Dew先生之 潜任董事) ( <i>附註(b)</i> )-獨立非執行董事: 王永權博士 鄭鑄輝先生201 - - - 四王永權博士 里宏前先生201 - - - 王宏前先生201 - - - 	allowances and other benefits 新金、津貼 和金金 和金金 和发其他福利 HK\$'000 干港元Discretionary bonus 新金、津貼 和情花紅 HK\$'000 干港元執行董事: Andrew Ferguson先生 ( <i>附註(a)</i> ) 	福島のvances and other benefitsbenefits schemes bonus contributions 現休福利 市港立benefits schemes gkh福利 計劃供款 田K\$'000 干港元benefits schemes 加爾特拉紅 計劃供款 HK\$'000 干港元執行董事 : Andrew Ferguson先生 ( <i>附註(a)</i> ) Brett Robert Smith先生-4,656 1.535-18非執行董事 : 李成輝先生 木城座太士 Arthur George Dew 先生( <i>附註(b)</i> ) 王大鈞先生(Arthur George Dew先生之 替任董事) ( <i>附註(b)</i> )127 201 獨立非執行董事 : 王永權博士 里式前先生201 201 算法 加爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾爾

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) Mr. Andrew Ferguson is also the chief executive officer of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as a chief executive officer.
- (b) These directors of the Company received certain remuneration from the parent company of the substantial shareholder of the Company which provided management services to the Group and charged the Group a management service fee for services provided by these directors as well as other management personnel who are not the directors of the Company. Details of these management services and the related expenses are set out in Note 39. The amounts disclosed above represented the emoluments paid or payable to these directors by the parent company of the substantial shareholder of the Company which is included in the amounts disclosed in Note 39(b).
- (c) Mr. Brett Robert Smith resigned as executive director of the Company on 24 November 2023.
- (d) Mr. Chang Chu Fai, Johnson Francis retired as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 23 November 2023.
- (e) Mr. Kelvin Chau Kwok Wing was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 23 November 2023.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above are mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and of the Group.

The non-executive directors' and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above are mainly for their services as directors of the Company.

The bonus was determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and of the individual.

These was no arrangement under which directors and chief executive of the Company have waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals of the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 11. 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (a) Andrew Ferguson先生亦為本公司之行 政總裁,上述所披露之酬金包括彼擔任 行政總裁提供服務之酬金。
- (b) 該等本公司董事向本公司主要股東之母 公司(其向本集團提供管理服務)收取 若干薪酬,該母公司就該等董事以及並 非本公司董事之其他管理人員所提供之 服務向本集團收取管理服務費。有關該 等管理服務及相關費用的詳情載於附註 39。上文披露的金額指本公司主要股東 之母公司已付或應付該等董事的酬金(計 入附註39(b)披露的金額內)。
- (c) Brett Robert Smith先生於二零二三年 十一月二十四日辭任本公司執行董事。
- (d) 鄭鑄輝先生於二零二三年十一月二十三 日退任本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (e) 周國榮先生於二零二三年十一月二十三 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。

上文所示執行董事之酬金主要就彼等所 提供與管理本公司及本集團事務有關之 服務而支付。

上文所示非執行董事及獨立非執行董事 之酬金主要就彼等擔任本公司董事之職 務而支付。

花紅乃根據本集團表現及個人表現釐 定。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日止年度,本公司概無任何董事及 最高行政人員放棄或同意放棄任何酬金 之安排。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日止年度,本集團並無向任何本公 司董事或本集團五名最高薪人士支付任 何酬金,作為吸引其加入或將加入本集 團時之獎勵,或作為離職賠償。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 12. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS 1

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2023: two) is a director of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 11. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining four (2023: three) individuals were as follows:

## 12. 最高酬金人士

本集團最高酬金之五名人士中,一名 (二零二三年:兩名)為本公司董事,其 酬金已披露於附註11。有關餘下四名 (二零二三年:三名)人士之酬金總額載 列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Discretionary bonus Retirement benefits schemes contributions	薪金、津貼及其他福利 酌情花紅 退休福利計劃供款	7,251 16,160 72	5,803 10,844 54
		23,483	16,701

The emoluments of the four (2023: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

最高酬金之四名(二零二三年:三名)人 士的酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2024 二零二四年 Number of individuals 人數	2023 二零二三年 Number of individuals 人數
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至	2	2
	2,000,000港元		
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至	1	-
	3,000,000港元		
HK\$12,500,001 to HK\$13,000,000	12,500,001港元至	-	1
	13,000,000港元		
HK\$16,500,001 to HK\$17,000,000	16,500,001港元至	1	-
	17,000,000港元		
		4	3

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## **13. DIVIDENDS**

## 13. 股息

Dividends recognised as distribution to owners of the Company during the year

年內確認為向本公司擁有人分派 的股息

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
2024 proposed final dividend declared – HK10 cents (2023: 2022 final dividend – HK10 cents)	已宣派二零二四年建議末期 股息一10港仙 (二零二三年:二零二二年	135,664	130,249
2023 interim dividend declared – HK10 cents	末期股息一10港仙) 已宣派二零二三年中期股息 一10港仙	130,249	_

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK10 cents per share for the year ended 30 June 2024. The proposed final dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The proposed final dividend in respect of the year declared subsequent to 30 June 2024 has not been recognised as a liability as at 30 June 2024.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, a final dividend of HK10 cent per ordinary share, in an aggregate amount of HK\$130,249,000, was declared in respect of the year ended 30 June 2022, and an amount of HK\$130,249,000 is paid or payable in cash.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, an interim dividend of HK10 cents per ordinary share, in an aggregate amount of HK\$130,249,000 was declared in respect of the year ended 30 June 2023, which is paid or payable in cash with an option to receive the interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) wholly or partly in the form of new fully paid shares in lieu of cash. Consequently, HK\$80,040,000 was paid in cash and the remaining amount of HK\$50,209,000 was settled by the issue of 54,151,441 ordinary shares of the Company to shareholders who elected to receive the dividend in lieu of cash on 15 January 2024.

董事會已建議派發截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度之末期股息每股10港仙。 待本公司股東於本公司即將舉行之股東 週年大會上批准後將派發建議末期股 息。於二零二四年六月三十日,並未就 二零二四年六月三十日後宣派的本年度 建議末期股息確認為負債。

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度,已 就截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度宣 派末期股息每股普通股10港仙,總額為 130,249,000港元,而130,249,000港 元已經或須以現金派付。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本 公司已就截至二零二三年六月三十日止 年度宣派中期股息每股普通股10港仙, 總額為130,249,000港元,已經或須以 現金派付,可選擇全部或部分以新繳足 股份代替現金的形式收取中期股息(代 替末期股息)。因此,80,040,000港 元已以現金支付,而餘額50,209,000 港元已透過於二零二四年一月十五日 向選擇收取股息代替現金之股東發行 54,151,441股本公司普通股結算。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 14. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

## (a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share is based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$390,031,000 (2023: Loss of HK\$318,547,000) and the weighted average number of 1,327,193,965 (2023: 1,302,456,432) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

## (b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding warrants since the average market price of the Company's ordinary shares is below the exercise price of the warrants.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the computation of diluted loss per share did not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding warrants since their assumed exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share.

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 14. 每股盈利/(虧損)

- (a) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)
  - 每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃根 據年內本公司擁有人應佔溢利 390,031,000港元(二零二三 年:虧損318,547,000港元) 及已發行普通股之加權平均數 1,327,193,965股(二零二三年: 1,302,456,432股)計算。

### (b) 每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度,每股攤薄盈利之計算並無假 設轉換本公司的尚未行使之認股 權證,原因為本公司普通股之平 均市價低於認股權證之行使價。

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年 度,每股攤薄虧損之計算並無假 設轉換本公司的尚未行使之認股 權證,原因為假設行使有關認股 權證將導致每股虧損減少。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Right-of-use assets	Leasehold improvements furniture, and fixtures	Plant and equipment	Office equipment	Computers	Motor vehicles	Total
		<b>使用權</b> 資產 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>租賃物業</b> 裝修、傢具 及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>廠房及設備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>辦公室 設備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>電腦</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>汽車</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本							
At 1 July 2022 Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 38)	於二零二二年七月一日 收購一間附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	5,509 -	4,325 -	_ 1,743	126	2,549 -	1,808 2,816	14,317 4,559
Additions	添置	3,692	-	265	-	-	1,622	5,579
Write off	撇銷	(3,026)	-	(235)	-	-	-	(3,261)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(193)	(77)	64	(2)	_	59	(149)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	5,982	4,248	1,837	124	2,549	6,305	21,045
Additions	添置	-	-	29	-	-	1,693	1,722
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	-	-	(573)	(573)
Lease modification	租賃修訂	9	-	-	- (1)	-	-	9
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(14)	(6)	(6)	(1)	-	(9)	(36)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	5,977	4,242	1,860	123	2,549	7,416	22,167
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	2,523	3,586	-	120	2,138	1,778	10,145
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 38)	收購一間附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	-	-	1,178	-	-	2,815	3,993
Charge for the year	年內支出	2,305	314	180	4	224	98	3,125
Write off	撇銷	(2,962)	-	(235)	-	-	-	(3,197)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(77)	(30)	40	(2)	-	80	11
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	1,789	3,870	1,163	122	2,362	4,771	14,077
Charge for the year Disposals	年內支出 出售	2,531	304	233	1	165	330	3,564
Exchange adjustments	山后 匯兑調整	(16)	(7)	(3)	-	-	(544)	(544) (26)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	4,304	4,167	1,393	123	2,527	4,557	17,071
Carrying amounts At 30 June 2024	<b>賬面值</b> 於二零二四年六月三十日	1,673	75	467	-	22	2,859	5,096
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	4,193	378	674	2	187	1,534	6,968
	N	7,100	010	014	2	101	1,004	0,000

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

## **Right-of-use assets**

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

## 使用權資產

按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資產賬面 淨值分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Drepartias lossed for own use corriad at	它长在古大口旺的	1 470	0.047
Properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost	按折舊成本列賬的 自用租賃物業	1,473	3,947
Equipment leased for own use, carried at	按折舊成本列賬的	200	246
depreciated cost	自用租賃設備		
		1,673	4,193

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

於損益確認的與租賃有關的支出項目分 析如下:

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets 按相關資產類別劃分的 by class of underlying asset: 使用權資產折舊費用: – Properties leased for own use –自用租賃物業 – Equipment –設備	2,476 55	2,250 55
	2,531	2,305
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 9(a)) 租賃負債利息(附註9(a)) Expense relating to short-term leases (Note 9(c)) 短期租賃相關支出(附註9(c))	172 41	156 33

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued) 15. 4

## Right-of-use assets (Continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2023, additions to right-of-use assets were HK\$3,692,000, which is related to the capitalised lease payments payable under new tenancy agreements. There were no additions to right-of-use assets during the current year.

Details of total cash outflow for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in Note 27.

As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

## **16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

# 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

## 使用權資產(續)

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度,使 用權資產添置為3,692,000港元,與根 據新租賃協議應付的資本化租賃付款有 關。本年度並無添置使用權資產。

有關租賃的總現金流出以及租賃負債到 期日的分析的詳情載於附註27。

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十 日,短期租賃組合與上文所披露的短期 租賃開支所涉及的短期租賃組合相類 似。

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interests in associates before impairment (note (i)) Impairment losses recognised (note (ii))	於聯營公司之權益(減值前) <i>(附註(i))</i> 已確認減值虧損 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	2,338,149 (822,643)	2,307,750 (742,220)
		1,515,506	1,565,530
Fair value of listed investments	上市投資之公平值	1,582,291	1,484,315

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Notes:

# 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

附註:

(i) The balance includes cost of interests in associates, after adjustment for sharing of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates, dividend received and exchange differences.

(ii) The movement of the impairment losses recognised is as below:

- (i) 結餘包括於聯營公司之權益成本、調整 後的分佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他全 面收益、已收取股息及匯兑差額。
- (ii) 已確認減值虧損變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year Impairment loss recognised	於年初 已確認減值虧損	(742,220) (80,423)	(465,369) (276,851)
At end of the year	於年末	(822,643)	(742,220)

At the end of the reporting period, the management of the Group carried out review on impairment loss on the carrying amounts of its interests in associates by comparing their recoverable amounts (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its respective carrying amounts when there is impairment indication. The (impairment loss)/reversal of impairment loss on respective associates recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2024 are as follows: 於報告期末,本集團管理層審視其於聯 營公司之權益之賬面值減值虧損,方法 為於產生減值跡象時將其可收回金額(使 用價值與公平值減出售成本兩者中較高 者)與其各自的賬面值比較。於截至二零 二四年六月三十日止年度綜合損益表確 認各聯營公司之(減值虧損)/減值虧損 撥回如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mount Gibson Iron Limited (" <b>MGX</b> ") Tanami Gold NL (" <b>Tanami</b> ") Mabuhay Holdings Corporation (" <b>MHC</b> ")	Mount Gibson Iron Limited (「 <b>MGX</b> 」) Tanami Gold NL (「 <b>Tanami</b> 」) Mabuhay Holdings Corporation (「 <b>MHC</b> 」)	(71,303) (11,115) 1,995	(267,769) (5,463) (3,619)
		(80,423)	(276,851)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

# 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Details of the Group's interests in associates, which are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

本集團於聯營公司之權益(按權益法於 綜合財務報表入賬)詳情如下:

				Propor	tion of ownership i 擁有權權益比例	nterest	
Name of company	Listed/ unlisted 上市/	Place of establishment/ operation 成立/	lssued and paid up registered capital 已發行及繳足	Group's effective interest 本集團	Held by the Company	Held by subsidiaries	Principal activities
公司名稱	非上市	經營地點	註冊股本	之實際權益	本公司持有	附屬公司持有	主要業務
平港(上海)貿易 有限公司	Unlisted	The PRC/ The PRC	Paid-up capital of RMB50,000,000 out of registered capital of RMB50,000,000 (2023: Paid-up capital of RMB50,000,000 out of registered capital of RMB50,000,000)	40% (2023: 40%)	40% (2023: 40%)	_ (2023: Nil)	Wholesales, import and export, agency service and relevant service for coal, coke, material for metallurgy, mineral products, chemical engineering products, mechanical and electrical equipment and spare parts, steel and steel products, construction material and related products and technology.
	非上市	中國/中國	註冊股本人民幣 50,000,000元中繳足股 本人民幣50,000,000元 (二零二三年:註冊股 本人民幣50,000,000 元中繳足股本人民幣 50,000,000元)	40% (二零二三年: 40%)	40% (二零二三年: 40%)	- (二零二三年: 無)	批發、進出口、經紀服務及有關 煤、焦煤、冶金料、礦物產品、 化學工程產品、機械及電機器材 及零件、鋼及鋼產品、建築材料 及相關產品及技術之服務。
MGX (note (a)) <i>(附註(</i> a))	Listed	Australia/ Australia	1,214,883,733 ordinary shares (2023: 1,214,419,333 ordinary shares)	37.27% (2023: 37.28%)	- (2023: Nil)	37.27% (2023: 37.28%)	Mining of hematite iron ore in Western Australia.
	上市	澳洲/澳洲	1,214,883,733股普通股 (二零二三年: 1,214,419,333股 普通股)	37.27% (二零二三年: 37.28%)	_ (二零二三年: 無)	37.27% (二零二三年: 37.28%)	於西澳洲開採赤鐵礦石。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

				Propor	tion of ownership i 擁有權權益比例	nterest	
Name of company 公司名稱	Listed/ unlisted 上市/ 非上市	Place of establishment/ operation 成立/ 經營地點	lssued and paid up registered capital 已發行及繳足 註冊股本	Group's effective interest 本集團 之實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Tanami	Listed	Australia/ Australia	1,175,097,046 ordinary shares (2023: 1,175,097,046	46.30% (2023: 46.30%)	_ (2023: Nil)	46.30% (2023: 46.30%)	Gold exploration in Tanami Desert straddling the Western Australian and Northern Territory border.
	上市	澳洲/澳洲	ordinary shares) 1,175,097,046股普通股 (二零二三年: 1,175,097,046股 普通股)	46.30% (二零二三年: 46.30%)	_ (二零二三年: 無)	46.30% (二零二三年: 46.30%)	於Tanami Desert(橫跨西澳洲及北 領地邊界)進行黃金勘探。
Dragon Mining Limited (" <b>Dragon Mining</b> ")	Listed	Australia/ Australia	158,096,613 ordinary shares (2023: 158,096,613	28.84% (2023: 28.84%)	- (2023: Nil)	28.84% (2023: 28.84%)	Gold mining operations, mineral exploration, evaluation, and development of gold projects.
龍資源有限公司 (「 <b>龍資源</b> 」)	上市	澳洲/澳洲	ordinary shares) 158,096,613股普通股 (二零二三年: 158,096,613股普通股)	28.84% (二零二三年: 28.84%)	- (二零二三年: 無)	28.84% (二零二三年: 28.84%)	黃金開採業務、黃金項目的礦產勘 探、評估及開發。
MHC	Listed	Philippines/ Philippines	1,200,000,000 ordinary shares (2023: 1,200,000,000 ordinary shares)	29.83% (2023: 29.83%)	– (2023: Nil)	29.83% (2023: 29.83%)	Acquisition and disposition of investments in marketable securities, shares of stock and real estate properties.
	上市	菲律賓/菲律賓	1,200,000,000股普通股 (二零二三年: 1,200,000,000股 普通股)	29.83% (二零二三年: 29.83%)	- (二零二三年: 無)	29.83% (二零二三年: 29.83%)	收購及出售有價證券、股票及 房地產的投資。
Metals X Limited (" <b>Metals X</b> ") <i>(note (b))(附註(b))</i>	Listed	Australia/ Australia	906,216,067 ordinary shares (2023: 907,266,067 ordinary shares)	22.77% (2023: 21.22%)	- (2023: N/A)	22.77% (2023: 21.22%)	Investment in a joint venture company operating a tin mine in Australia; and investment in companies undertaking exploration and development of gold and base metals projects in
	上市	澳洲/澳洲	906,216,067股普通股 (二零二三年: 907,266,067普通股)	22.77% (二零二三年: 21.22%)	- (二零二三年: 不適用)	22.77% (二零二三年: 21.22%)	Australia. 於營運澳洲錫礦的合營公司的 投資;及於在澳洲從事黃金及 賤金屬項目勘探及開發的公司的 投資。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group's shareholdings in MGX decreased by 0.01% (2023: 0.12%). Such decrease is mainly due to the effect of MGX's issuance of 464,400 (2023: 3,851,300) new ordinary shares to the public. The Group recognised a loss of HK\$492,000 (2023: HK\$3,391,000) from the deemed disposal of its partial interest in MGX upon MGX's issuance of the ordinary shares.
- (b) During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group's shareholdings in Metals X increased from 21.22% as at 30 June 2023 to 22.77% as at 30 June 2024 due to (i) cancellation of 1,050,000 ordinary shares by Metals X which results in a gain on cancellation of HK\$101,000 (2023: Nil) and (ii) the Group's acquiring additional 13,844,163 ordinary shares of Metals X at a consideration of HK\$20,565,000 (2023: Nil).

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group's shareholdings in Metals X increased from 19.80% as at 30 June 2022 to 21.22% as at 30 June 2023.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

附註:

- (a) 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團於MGX之股權下降0.01%(二零二三年:0.12%)。有關減少乃主要由於MGX向公眾發行464,400股(二零二三年:3,851,300股)新普通股的影響。本集團於MGX發行普通股後確認視作出售其於MGX之部份權益產生之虧損492,000港元(二零二三年:3,391,000港元)。
- (b) 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本 集團於Metals X的持股量由二零二三年 六月三十日的21.22%上升至二零二四年 六月三十日的22.77%,乃由於(i) Metals X註銷1,050,000股普通股,導致註銷 收益101,000港元(二零二三年:零); 及(ii)本集團按20,565,000港元(二零 二三年:零)之代價收購Metals X額外 13,844,163股普通股。
  - 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度,本 集團於Metals X的持股量由二零二二年 六月三十日的19.80%上升至二零二三年 六月三十日的21.22%。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# Impairment assessment on the Group's interest in MGX

At the end of the reporting period, in view of decrease (2023: decrease) in share price of MGX, the management of the Group carried out review on impairment loss (2023: impairment loss) on the carrying amount of its interest in MGX by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. In determining the value in use of MGX, the Group estimated the present value of the future cash flows from the operations of MGX. The estimation takes into account the estimated future prices and production volume of hematite iron ores of MGX and a discount rate of 9.4% (2023: 9.4%). The fair value less costs of disposal of MGX was determined based on the closing price of the shares of MGX listed on the ASX at the end of each reporting period. As at 30 June 2024, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in MGX, which represents the fair value less costs of disposal of HK\$957,855,000 (2023: fair value less costs of disposal of HK\$1,020,094,000), is lower (2023: lower) than its carrying amount. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$71,303,000 (2023: impairment loss of HK\$267,769,000) is recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2024.

# Impairment assessment on the Group's interest in Tanami

At the end of the reporting period, in view of decrease (2023: decrease) in share price of Tanami, the management of the Group carried out impairment review on the carrying amount of its interest in Tanami by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. In view of the material uncertainty associated with the exploration for and evaluation of the mineral resources possessed by Tanami, no sufficient information is available for the management of the Group to estimate future cash flows used in the value in use calculation. Therefore, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in Tanami is based on its fair value less costs of disposal, which has been determined based on the closing price of the shares of Tanami listed on the ASX at the end of the reporting period. As at 30 June 2024, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in Tanami, which represents the fair value less costs of disposal of HK\$87,020,000 (2023: HK\$112,708,000), is lower (2023: lower) than its carrying amount. Accordingly, impairment loss of HK\$11,115,000 (2023: impairment loss of HK\$5,463,000) is recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2024.

# 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

## 本集團於MGX之權益之減值評 估

於報告期末,鑒於MGX的股價下跌(二 零二三年:下跌),本集團管理層將其 於MGX之權益之可收回金額(使用價值 與公平值減出售成本中之較高者)與其 賬面值作比較,對該權益之賬面值進 行減值虧損檢討(二零二三年:減值虧 損)。在釐定MGX之使用價值時,本集 團估計MGX經營所得未來現金流量之 現值。有關估計計及MGX赤鐵礦石的 估計未來價格及產量及折現率9.4%(二 零二三年:9.4%)。MGX之公平值減 出售成本乃根據各報告期末MGX於澳 交所上市股份之收市價釐定。於二零 二四年六月三十日,本集團於MGX之權 益之可收回金額(即公平值減出售成本 957.855.000港元)(二零二三年:公平 值減出售成本1,020,094,000港元)低 (二零二三年:低)於其賬面值。因此, 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之 損益賬確認減值虧損71,303,000港元 (二零二三年:減值虧損267,769,000 港元)。

## 本集團於Tanami之權益之減值 評估

於報告期末,鑒於Tanami的股價下跌 (二零二三年:下跌),本集團管理層 將其於Tanami之權益之可收回金額與 其賬面值作比較,對該權益之賬面值進 行減值檢討。鑒於勘探及評估Tanami 擁有的礦產資源存在重大不確定性,故 本集團管理層並無充足資料可用於估計 使用價值計算所用的未來現金流量。因 此,本集團於Tanami權益之可收回金 額乃基於其公平值減出售成本,根據報 告期末Tanami於澳交所上市股份之收 市價釐定。於二零二四年六月三十日, 本集團於Tanami之權益之可收回金額 (即公平值減出售成本87,020,000港 元)(二零二三年:112,708,000港元)低 (二零二三年:低)於其賬面值。因此, 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度之 損益賬確認減值虧損11,115,000港元 (二零二三年:減值虧損5,463,000港 元)。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# Impairment assessment on the Group's interest in MHC

At the end of the reporting period, in view of reduction in loss of MHC (2023: decrease in share price of MHC), the management of the Group carried out impairment review on the carrying amount of its interest in MHC by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. As MHC is a holding company principally engaged in the acquisition and disposition of investments in securities, stocks, real properties and of investments in other entities, in view of the material uncertainty associated with the timing of realisation of these investments held by MHC, no sufficient information is available for the management of the Group to estimate future cash flows used in the value in use calculation. Therefore, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in MHC is based on its fair value less costs of disposal, which has been determined based on the closing price of the shares of MHC listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. at the end of the reporting period. As at 30 June 2024, the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in MHC, which represents the fair value less costs of disposal of HK\$8,553,000 (2023: fair value less costs of disposal of HK\$9,104,000), is higher (2023: lower) than its carrying amount. Accordingly, a reversal of impairment loss of HK\$1,995,000 (2023: impairment loss of HK\$3,619,000) is recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 30 June 2024.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

## 本集團於MHC之權益之減值評 估

於報告期末,鑒於MHC虧損減少(二零 二三年:MHC股價下跌),本集團管理 層將其於MHC之權益之可收回金額與 其賬面值作比較,對該權益之賬面值進 行減值檢討。由於MHC為一間控股公 司,主要從事收購及出售證券、股票、 房地產的投資,以及於其他實體的投 資,鑒於變現MHC所持該等投資的時 間涉及重大不確定性,故本集團管理層 並無充足資料可用於估計使用價值計算 所用的未來現金流量。因此,本集團於 MHC之權益之可收回金額乃基於其公 平值減出售成本,根據報告期末MHC 於菲律賓證券交易所上市股份之收市價 釐定。於二零二四年六月三十日,本 集團於MHC之權益之可收回金額(即公 平值減出售成本8,553,000港元(二零 二三年:公平值減出售成本9,104,000 港元))高(二零二三年:低)於其賬面 值。因此,於截至二零二四年六月三十 日止年度之損益賬確認回撥減值虧損 1,995,000港元(二零二三年:減值虧損 3.619.000港元)。

综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

主要聯營公司之財務資料概要(已就會

計政策之任何差異作出調整,並與綜合

財務報表內之賬面值對賬)披露如下:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

# 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of the material associates, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

# MGX

MGX	(		
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		— ♀ — □	 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross amounts of MGX	MGX之總額		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	695,152	2,044,712
Current assets	流動資產	2,741,155	1,470,206
Current liabilities	流動負債	(313,210)	(393,678)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(297,831)	(321,369)
Equity	權益	2,825,266	2,799,871
Revenue	收益	3,431,255	2,369,297
Profit from continuing operations	持續經營業務所得溢利	33,735	27,233
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	764	(468)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	34,499	26,765
Dividend paid by MGX	MGX支付之股息	-	-
The Group's share of profit/(loss) of	本集團分佔MGX之溢利/	36,357	(15,245)
MGX (note)	(虧損) <i>(附註)</i>		
The Group's share of other comprehensive income of MGX	本集團分佔MGX之其他全面 收益	282	(175)
The Group's share of total comprehensive income for the year	本集團分佔之年內全面收益 總額	36,639	(15,420)
Dividend declared by MGX attributable to the Group	本集團應佔MGX所宣派之 股息	-	-
Reconciled to the Group's interest in MGX:	與本集團於MGX之權益對賬:		
Net assets of MGX	MGX之資產淨值	2,825,266	2,799,871
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest	本集團擁有權之權益比例	37.27%	37.28%
The Group's share of net assets of MGX	本集團分佔MGX之資產淨值	1,052,929	1,043,865
Goodwill	商譽	649,749	649,749
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	(744,823)	(673,520)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in MGX	本集團於MGX之權益之 賬面值	957,855	1,020,094

MGY

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

#### Note:

The Group's share of profit of MGX for the year ended 30 June 2024 is after adjustment of unrealised gain of HK\$23,692,000 (2023: unrealised loss of HK\$25,411,000) arising from the upstream sales of MGX.

#### Tanami

## 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

#### 附註:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團分 佔MGX溢利乃經調整MGX上游銷售產生之未變 現收益23,692,000港元(二零二三年:未變現 虧損25,411,000港元)。

#### Tanami

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Orean amounto of Tanami			
Gross amounts of Tanami Non-current assets	Tanami之總額 非流動資產	170,628	170,773
Current assets	<u></u> 邦加到貝座 流動資産	184,407	212,979
Current liabilities	灬虭貝烓 流動負債	(21,581)	(4,839)
Non-current liabilities	<u>加勤負債</u> 非流動負債	(21,381)	(20,110)
Equity	<u>チ</u> 加 助 貝 貝 權 益	327,324	358,803
Equity		521,524	556,605
Revenue	收益	_	_
Loss from continuing operations	持續經營業務所得虧損	(32,220)	(24,839)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	2,284	10,179
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(29,936)	(14,660)
Dividend paid by Tanami	Tanami支付之股息	-	_
			<i></i>
The Group's share of loss of Tanami	本集團分佔Tanami之虧損	(14,917)	(11,499)
The Group's share of other comprehensive income of Tanami	本集團分佔Tanami之 其他全面收益	1,056	4,713
The Group's share of total comprehensive	本集團分佔之年內全面	(13,861)	(6,786)
income for the year	收益總額		
Dividend declared by Tanami attributable to	本集團應佔Tanami所宣派之	-	-
the Group	股息		
Reconciled to the Group's interest in Tanami:	與本集團於Tanami之		
	權益對賬:		050.000
Net assets of Tanami	Tanami之資產淨值	327,324	358,803
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest	本集團擁有權之權益比例	46.30%	46.30%
The Group's share of net assets of Tanami	本集團分佔Tanami之資產淨值	151,538	166,111
Goodwill	商譽 已確認減值虧損	2,169	2,169
Impairment loss recognised	匚唯祕,,,('且), ('且), ('且), ('), ('), ('), ('), ('), ('), ('), ('	(66,687)	(55,572)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in	本集團於Tanami之	87,020	112,708
Tanami	權益之賬面值	07,020	112,700

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Dragon Mining 龍資源 2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Gross amounts of Dragon Mining 龍資源之總額 Non-current assets 非流動資產 312,936 323.467 Current assets 流動資產 244.949 228.115 Current liabilities 流動負債 (46, 964)(59,021)Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 (134,799)(149, 597)Equity 權益 376,122 342,964 Revenue 收益 298,012 322,208 Profit/(loss) from continuing operations 持續經營業務溢利/(虧損) 34.163 (8.162)Other comprehensive income 其他全面收益 73 9,840 全面收益總額 34,236 Total comprehensive income 1,678 Dividend paid by Dragon Mining 龍資源支付之股息 The Group's share of profit/(loss) of 本集團分佔龍資源之溢利/ 9,852 (2,354)Dragon Mining (虧損) 本集團分佔龍資源之 22 The Group's share of other comprehensive 2,837 income of Dragon Mining 其他全面收益 9,874 483 The Group's share of total comprehensive 本集團分佔之年內全面 income for the year 收益總額 Dividend declared by Dragon Mining 本集團應佔龍資源所宣派之 attributable to the Group 股息 Reconciled to the Group's interest 與本集團於龍資源之權益對賬: in Dragon Mining: 龍資源之資產淨值 376.122 342.964 Net assets of Dragon Mining Proportion of the Group's ownership interest 本集團擁有權之權益比例 28.84% 28.84% The Group's share of net assets of 本集團分佔龍資源之資產淨值 108,478 98,915 Dragon Mining Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 本集團於龍資源之權益之 108,478 98,915 Dragon Mining 賬面值

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Metals X

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Metals X

		At 30 June	At 30 June
		2024	2023
		於二零二四年	於二零二三年
		六月三十日	六月三十日
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		17870	1/0/0
Gross amounts of Metals X	Metals X之總額		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	496,106	632,142
Current assets	流動資產	1,199,571	898,020
Current liabilities	流動負債	(192,021)	(124,658)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債 權益	(161,263) 1,342,393	(87,782) 1,317,722
Equity		1,342,393	1,317,722
			For the period
		For the	from 14 March
		year ended	2023 to
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
		廿五	二零二三年
		截至 二零二四年	三月十四日至 二零二三年
		—————————————————————————————————————	——————— 六月三十日
		止年度	止期間
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	957,001	280,272
Profit from continuing operations	持續經營業務溢利	31,398	75,928
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income	其他全面收益 全面收益總額	- 31,398	_ 75,928
Dividend paid by Metals X	王岡収霊感報 Metals X支付之股息		- 10,920
The Group's share of profit of Metals X	本集團分佔Metals X之溢利	6,809	16,112
Dividend declared by Metals X attributable	本集團應佔Metals X所宣派之	-	-
to the Group	股息		
Reconciled to the Group's interest in Metals X:	與本集團於Metals X之權益 對賬:		
Net assets of Metals X	Metals X之資產淨值	1,342,393	1,317,722
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest	本集團擁有權之權益比例	22.77%	21.22%
The Group's share of net assets of Metals X	本集團分佔Metals X之資產淨值	305,663	279,621
Goodwill	商譽	525	_
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in	本集團於Metals X之權益之	306,188	279,621
Metals X	賬面值		

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 16. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of the associates that are not individually material, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

## 16. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

個別非屬重大之聯營公司之財務資料 概要(已就會計政策之任何差異作出調 整,並與綜合財務報表內之賬面值對 賬)披露如下:

		Associates that are not individually material 個別並非屬重大之聯營公司	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial associates in the consolidated financial statements Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of those associates:	綜合財務報表中個別並非屬 重大之聯營公司之 總賬面值 本集團分佔該等聯營公司之 總額:	55,965	54,192
Profit from continuing operations	持續經營業務所得溢利	650	40
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income	其他全面收益 全面收益總額	- 650	- 40

## Contingent liabilities of MGX

As disclosed in the annual report of MGX for the year ended 30 June 2024, there is contingent liabilities, details of which are extracted below:

- "1. The Group has a Performance Bonding facility drawn to a total of A\$6,586,000 as at balance sheet date (2023: A\$6,681,000). The performance bonds secure the Group's obligations relating primarily to environmental matters and infrastructure assets.
- 2. Certain claims arising with customers, employees, consultants, and contractors have been made by or against certain controlled entities in the ordinary course of business, some of which involve litigation or arbitration. The Directors do not consider the outcome of any of these claims will have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the consolidated entity."

## MGX之或然負債

誠如MGX截至二零二四年六月三十日 止年度之年報所披露,存在或然負債, 詳情摘錄如下:

- 「1. 本集團於結算日提取履約保證融 資合共6,586,000澳元(二零二三 年:6,681,000澳元)。履約保證 作為本集團主要有關環境事宜及 基建資產的責任抵押。
- 若干受控制實體於一般業務過程 中提出或遭針對提出與客戶、僱 員、顧問及承包商產生的若干申 索,部份涉及訴訟或仲裁。董事 並不認為任何該等申索將會對綜 合入賬實體的財務狀況造成重大 不利影響。」

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# **17. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE**

# 17. 於一間合營公司之權益

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest in a joint venture (note (i))	於一間合營公司之權益 <i>(附註(i))</i>		89,398	88,584
for sharing of the post-acquir	nterest in a joint venture, after adjustment sition results and other comprehensive and received and exchange differences.	<i>附註</i> (i)	結餘包括於一間合 調整後的分佔一間(	營公司之權益成本、 合營公司收購後業績 己收取股息及匯兑差
	est in a joint venture, which is nethod in the consolidated financial		團於一間合營公 綜合財務報表入期	司之權益(按權益 長)詳情如下:

accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

				inte	of ownership erest 權益比例	
Name of joint venture 合營公司名稱	Listed/ unlisted 上市/ 非上市	Place of establishment/ operation 成立/ 經營地點	lssued and paid up registered capital 已發行及 繳足註冊股本	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	一間附屬公司	Principal activities 主要業務
Huaneng Shouguang Wind Power Company Limited (" <b>Hua Neng</b> ")* 華能壽光風力發電 有限公司(「 <b>華能</b> 」)	Unlisted 非上市	The PRC/ The PRC 中國/中國	Paid-up capital of RMB186,730,000 out of registered capital of RMB186,730,000 註冊股本人民幣 186,730,000元 中繳足股本人民幣 186,730,000元	45% (2023: 45%) (二零二三年: 45%)	45% (2023: 45%) (二零二三年: 45%)	Development, operation, management, production and sale of electricity for wind power plants; provision of consultancy and related services in respect of electricity projects 風力發電廠電力的開發、經營、管理、生產及 銷售;提供電力項目諮詢及其他相關服務

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 17. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Pursuant to the joint venture agreement entered into by the Group and another joint venturer, the term of the joint venture is 21 years from 21 October 2008, the date of establishment of Hua Neng, which can be applied for extension upon the mutual consent among the joint venturers 6 months prior to the expiring date on 16 October 2029.

\* The English name of this company established in the PRC is directly translated from its Chinese name and is furnished for identification purpose only. Should any inconsistencies between the Chinese name and the English name exist, the Chinese name shall prevail.

Summarised financial information of the joint venture, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

#### Hua Neng

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 17. 於一間合營公司之權益(續)

根據本集團與另一間合營公司訂立之合 營協議,合營之期限為華能成立日期二 零零八年十月二十一日起計二十一年, 並可經合營雙方同意後於屆滿日期二零 二九年十月十六日前六個月申請延期。

合營公司之財務資料概要(已就會計政 策之任何差異作出調整,並與綜合財務 報表內之賬面值對賬)披露如下:

華能

•			
		At 30 June 2024 於二零二四年 六月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元
			I /E/L
Gross amounts of Hua Neng	華能之總額		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	178,632	205,242
Current assets	流動資產	63,739	57,227
Current liabilities	流動負債	(43,708)	(65,477)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	(138)
Equity	權益	198,663	196,854

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Hua Neng (Continued)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 17. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 17. 於一間合營公司之權益(續)

華能(續)

		For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至 二零二四年 六月三十日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	For the year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Profit from continuing operations	收益 持續經營業務所得溢利 其他公 <b>至</b> 收益	50,599 9,920	47,113 10,476
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Dividend paid by Hua Neng	其他全面收益 全面收益總額 華能支付之股息	431 10,351 7,210	- 10,476 8,442
The Group's share of profit of Hua Neng The Group's share of other comprehensive income of Hua Neng	本集團分佔華能之溢利 本集團分佔華能之其他 全面收益	4,464 194	4,714
The Group's share of total comprehensive income for the year	本集團分佔年度全面 收益總額	4,658	4,714
Dividend declared by Hua Neng attributable to the Group	本集團應佔華能所宣派之股息	3,245	3,799
Reconciled to the Group's interest in Hua Neng:	與本集團於華能之權益對賬:		
Net assets of Hua Neng	華能之資產淨值	198,663	196,854
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest The Group's share of net assets of Hua Neng	本集團擁有權之權益比例 本集團分佔華能之資產淨值	45% 89,398	45% 88,584
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Hua Neng	本集團於華能之權益之賬面值	89,398	88,584

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 18. GOODWILL

## 18. 商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Cost</b> At 1 July 2022 Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries <i>(Note 38)</i>	<b>成本</b> 於二零二二年七月一日 產生自收購附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	- 5,227
At 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2024	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二四年六月三十日	5,227

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating unit ("CGU") of the business in exploration of mine resources in Australia (the "Exploration CGU"). The recoverable amount of the CGU at 30 June 2024 was based on its fair value less cost of disposal and was determined by FVA Advisory Limited ("FVA Advisory"), an independent qualified external valuation firm not related to the Group and has professional qualifications and recent experience for similar valuation.

The valuation used market approach by measuring individual assets of the Exploration CGU and making reference to the mining assets/exploration assets of comparable companies.

The fair value less cost of disposal of the Exploration CGU is a level 3 non-recurring fair value measurement.

商譽分配至本集團於澳洲礦產資源勘 探業務的現金產生單位(「現金產生單 位」)(「勘探現金產生單位」)。於二零 二四年六月三十日,現金產生單位的 可回收金額乃根據其公平值減出售成 本,並由FVA Advisory Limited(「FVA Advisory」)釐定,該公司是一家與本 集團無關的獨立合資格外部估值公司, 並具有類似估值的專業資格及近期經 驗。

估值採用市場法,對勘探現金產生單位 的個別資產進行計量,並參考可資比較 公司的採礦資產/勘探資產。

勘探現金產生單位的公平值減出售成本 屬於第三級非經常性公平值計量。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 18. GOODWILL (Continued)

# 18. 商譽(續)

Key assumption used for the fair value less cost of disposal用於計算公平calculation are as follows:如下:

用於計算公平值減出售成本的主要假設 如下:

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$ 港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$ 港元
Unit value per gold (i	n ounce)	每盎司黃金單位價值		304	247
Sensitivity of fair valu changes in key assu		sposal to reasonably possible		理可能的主要假設變 成本的敏感性如下:	参動,公平值
	Exploration (	CGU		勘探現金產生	三單位
Key assumptions	Unit value per	gold (in ounce)	主要假詞	设 每盎司黃金單	國位價值
Possible changes	10% change ounce)	in the unit value per gold (in	可能變重	動 每盎司黃金單 10%	單位價值變動
Sensitivity	ounce) would value less cos	n the unit value per gold (in result in an decrease in fair t of disposal of approximately 0 (2023: HK\$9,665,000), and	敏感性	每盎司黃金單 將導致公平値 減少約9,388 零二三年: 元),反之亦約	值減出售成本 ,000港元(二 9,665,000港
		changes in key assumptions, ecessary for the Exploration		述主要假設之合理可 勘探現金產生單位	

CGU.

損。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL") 19. 按公平值於損益賬處理(「按 公平值於損益賬處理」)之金 融資產

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Listed securities held-for-trading:	(a)	持作買賣之上市證券:		
	<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in Hong Kong (note (i))</li> </ul>		一於香港上市之 股本證券(附註(i))	450,777	293,503
	- Equity securities listed in Europe		一於歐洲上市之 股本證券	64,839	54,857
	- Equity securities listed in Australia		- 於澳洲上市之	551,874	311,633
	- Equity securities listed in Canada		股本證券 一於加拿大上市之	346,999	124,553
	– Equity securities listed in the United		股本證券 一於美國上市之	297,749	62,661
	States of America – Equity securities listed in Philippines		股本證券 一於菲律賓上市之 股本證券	30,293	-
				1,742,531	847,207
(b)	Unlisted equity investments (note (ii))	(b)	非上市股本投資( <i>附註(ii))</i>	19,318	16,942
(C)	Derivative financial instruments – Warrants	(C)	衍生金融工具 一認股權證	30,625	27,514
(d)	Derivative financial instruments – Others	(d)	衍生金融工具 一其他	678	-
				1,793,152	891,663
	carrying amount of the financial assets at /TPL is presented as:	金	公平值於損益賬處理之 ≧融資產之賬面值 ≧列為:		
	Non-current assets Current assets	_	- 非流動資產 -	- 1,793,152	5,279 886,384
				1,793,152	891,663

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For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL") (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Listed securities held-for-trading with a fair value of HK\$416,000,000 (2023: HK\$256,100,000) have been pledged to secure bank loan of the Group (see Note 26). The Group is not allowed to pledge these assets as security for other borrowings or to sell them to another entity.
- (ii) These unlisted equity investments primarily represent investments in unlisted equity securities issued by certain private entities incorporated in the United Kingdom and Canada, respectively (2023: Australia and the United States of America). These unlisted equity investments are measured at fair values and the details of the fair value measurement are set out in Note 36(h).

The fair value measurements were carried out by FVA Advisory (2023: GW Financial Advisory Services Limited), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group except for the fair value measurement of an unlisted equity investment was carried by management.

Of these unlisted equity investments, HK\$19,318,000 (2023: HK\$11,663,000) are held-for-trading as they are expected to be listed on the recognised exchange or disposed of within one year from the end of the reporting period.

## 19. 按公平值於損益賬處理(「按 公平值於損益賬處理」)之金 融資產(續)

附註:

- (i) 公平值為416,000,000港元(二零二三年:256,100,000港元)之持作買賣之上市證券已作抵押,以擔保本集團之銀行貸款(見附註26)。本集團不得將該等資產作為其他借貸的抵押或將其出售予另一實體。
- (ii) 該等非上市股本投資主要指投資於若干 分別於英國及加拿大(二零二三年:澳洲 及美國)註冊成立之私人實體所發行之非 上市股本證券。該等非上市股本投資按 公平值計量,而公平值計量之詳情載於 附註36(h)。

公平值計量乃由與本集團並無關連的獨 立合資格專業估值師FVA Advisory(二零 二三年:盛德財務咨詢服務有限公司)進 行,惟非上市股本投資之公平值由管理 層計量。

該等非上市股本投資中,19,318,000港元(二零二三年:11,663,000港元)為持 作買賣,因為預期該等投資將於報告期 結束後一年內在認可交易所上市或予以 出售。

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **20. LOAN RECEIVABLES**

# 20. 應收貸款

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>-</b>			
Fixed rate loan receivables:	應收定息貸款:		001 500
- unsecured	一無抵押	-	331,586
– secured	一有抵押	90,584	48,047
		90,584	379,633
Less: loss allowance (Note 36(a))	減:虧損撥備 <i>(附註36(a))</i>	(2,021)	(33,559)
		88,563	346,074
The correction amount of the loop	<b>应</b> 收贷款之距五 <b>6</b> 日利为,		
The carrying amount of the loan receivables is presented as:	應收貸款之賬面值呈列為:		
<ul> <li>Non-current assets</li> </ul>	一非流動資產	-	327,628
- Current assets	一流動資產	88,563	18,446
		88,563	346,074

The movements of loss allowance on loan receivables during the 年內應收貸款之虧損撥備變動如下: year are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year Unwinding interest Write-off of interest receivable (Reversal of provision)/provision of loss allowances, net	於年初 未償還利息 撇銷應收利息 (回撥)∕計提虧損 撥備淨額	33,559 - (7,452) (24,086)	14,392 7,452 - 11,715
At end of the year	於年末	2,021	33,559

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Loan receivables, net of loss allowance as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 comprises:

# 20. 應收貸款(續)

(a) 於二零二四年及二零二三年六月
 三十日的應收貸款(扣除虧損撥備)包括:

				Effective interest rate	Carrying amount 賬面值	
Principal amount 本金額	Maturity date 到期日	Security 抵押品	Guarantee 擔保	(per annum) 實際利率(每年)	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Nil (2023: RMB180,000,000) <i>(note (i))</i> 零(二零二三年:人民幣 180,000,000元 <i>)(附註(i))</i>	N/A (2023: 12 July 2024) 不適用(二零二三年: 二零二四年七月十二日)	No 無	Yes 有	N/A (2023: 5.5%) 不適用 (二零二三年:5.5%)	-	194,843
Nil (2023: RMB124,000,000) <i>(note (ii))</i> 零(二零二三年:人民幣 124,000,000元) <i>(附註例)</i>	N/A (2023: 31 December 2024) 不適用(二零二三年: 二零二四年十二月三十一日)	No 無	Yes 有	N/A (2023: 6.5%) 不適用 (二零二三年:6.5%)	-	132,785
HK\$20,000,000 (2023: HK\$20,000,000) (note (iii))	21 June 2024 (2023: 21 June 2024)	Yes	Yes	30% (2023: 30%)	19,183	18,446
20,000,000港元	二零二四年六月二十一日 行)(二零二三年:二零二四年六 月二十一日)	有	有	30% (二零二三年:30%)		
HK\$70,120,000 (2023: N/A) ( <i>note (iv))</i>	17 December 2024 (2023: N/A)	Yes	No	12% (2023: N/A)	69,380	-
70,120,000港元 (二零二三年:不適用) <i>(附註(iv))</i>	二零二四年十二月十七日 (二零二三年:不適用)	有	無	12% (二零二三年:不適用)		
					88,563	346,074
For the year ended 30 June 2024

### 20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

#### Notes:

(i) As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 23 May 2019, 14 June 2019 and 9 July 2019, and the circular of the Company dated 20 June 2019, on 23 May 2019, the Group as the lender entered into the loan agreement with the borrower and a listed company as the guarantor, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to, among other things, make available to the borrower a revolving loan in the amount not exceeding HK\$235,000,000 (or an amount equivalent to HK\$235,000,000 in such alternative currency as acceptable to and agreed by the Group) at an interest rate of 5.5% per annum and repayable on 24 months from the date of first drawdown. The loan is guaranteed by the ultimate holding company of the borrower which is a company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

On 9 July 2021, an ordinary resolution was passed at a special general meeting of the Company for the approval of a supplemental loan agreement dated 10 May 2021. Pursuant to the supplemental loan agreement, the maturity date of this loan was extended from 12 July 2021 to 12 July 2024 and the revolving loan limit is increased from HK\$235,000,000 to HK\$260,000,000.

The contractual interest charged at 5.5% per annum is payable monthly by the borrower, Best Advantage Limited ("**Best Advantage**"), a then associate of Allied Group Limited ("**AGL**"), a substantial shareholder of the Company exercising significant influence over the Company.

The loan was fully settled during the current year.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 20. 應收貸款(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年五 (i) 月二十三日、二零一九年六月 十四日及二零一九年七月九日之 公告以及本公司日期為二零一九 年六月二十日之通函所披露,於 二零一九年五月二十三日,本集 團(作為貸款人)與借款人及一間 上市公司(作為擔保人)訂立貸款 協議,據此,本集團同意(其中 包括)向借款人提供金額不超過 235,000,000港元(或本集團接納 及同意與235.000.000港元等值之 其他貨幣金額)之循環貸款,年利 率為5.5%,須於首次提取日期起 計24個月償還。貸款由借款人之 最終控股公司(一間於香港註冊成 立之公司,其股份於聯交所上市) 擔保。

> 於二零二一年七月九日,於本公 司股東特別大會上通過一項普通 決議案,批准日期為二零二一年 五月十日的補充貸款協議。根據 補充貸款協議,該貸款的到期日 由二零二一年七月十二日延長至 二零二四年七月十二日,並將循 環貸款上限由235,000,000港元增 加至260,000,000港元。

> 合約利息按年利率5.5%計算,須 由借款人Best Advantage Limited (「Best Advantage」)(其時為聯 合集團有限公司(「聯合集團」)之 聯營公司,為本公司主要股東, 可對本公司行使重大影響力)每月 支付。

貸款已於本年度悉數結清。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

#### Notes: (Continued)

(ii) On 13 September 2019, the Group as the lender entered into a loan agreement with the borrower and a listed company as guarantor, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to, among other things, make available to the borrower a loan of HK\$125,000,000 (or an amount equivalent to HK\$125,000,000 in such alternative currency as acceptable to and agreed by the Group) at an interest rate of 8% per annum and repayable on 31 December 2021. The loan is guaranteed by the ultimate holding company of the borrower which is a company incorporated in Bermuda and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

On 16 December 2020, a supplemental loan agreement was entered into by the Group, the borrower and the guarantor, pursuant to which the repayment date of the loan is extended to 30 December 2022.

On 23 December 2021, a second supplemental loan agreement was entered into by the Group and the borrower and the guarantor, pursuant to which the repayment date of the loan is further extended to 29 December 2023.

On 6 July 2022, a third supplemental loan agreement was entered into by the Group, the borrower and the guarantor, pursuant to which the repayment date of the loan is further extended to 31 December 2024 and the loan amount may increase up to HK\$148,000,000 with interest rate reduced from 8% per annum to 6.5% per annum with effective from 6 July 2022.

Details of the loan agreement, the supplemental loan agreement, the second supplemental loan agreement and the third supplemental loan agreement are set out in the Company's announcements on 13 September 2019, 16 December 2020, 23 December 2021 and 6 July 2022 respectively.

The contractual interest charged at 6.5% per annum (2023: 6.5% per annum) is payable quarterly by the borrower.

The loan was fully settled during the current year.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 20. 應收貸款(續)

- (a) (續)
  - *附註:*(續)

(ii) 於二零一九年九月十三日,本集 團(作為貸款人)與借款人及一 間上市公司(作為擔保人)訂立 貸款協議,據此,本集團同意 (其中包括)向借款人提供金額 125,000,000港元(或本集團接納 及同意與125,000,000港元等值 之其他貨幣金額)之貸款,年利 率為8%,須於二零二一年十二月 三十一日償還。貸款由借款人的 最終控股公司(一間於百慕達註冊 成立之公司,其股份於聯交所上 市)擔保。

> 於二零二零年十二月十六日,本 集團、借款人及擔保人訂立補充 貸款協議,據此,貸款的還款日 期已延長至二零二二年十二月 三十日。

> 於二零二一年十二月二十三日, 本集團與借款人及擔保人訂立第 二份補充貸款協議,據此,貸款 的還款日期已進一步延長至二零 二三年十二月二十九日。

> 於二零二二年七月六日,本集 團、借款人及擔保人訂立第三份 補充貸款協議,據此,貸款的還 款日期已進一步延長至二零二四 年十二月三十一日,貸款金額可 最多增加至148,000,000港元,年 利率由8%下降至6.5%,自二零 二二年七月六日起生效。

> 貸款協議、補充貸款協議、第二 份補充貸款協議及第三份補充貸 款協議的詳情分別載於本公司日 期為二零一九年九月十三日、二 零二零年十二月十六日、二零 二一年十二月二十三日及二零 二二年七月六日的公告。

> 合約利息按年利率6.5%(二零 二三年:年利率6.5%)計算,須 由借款人每季支付。

貸款已於本年度悉數結清。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(iii) On 21 June 2023, the Group as the lender entered into a loan agreement with the borrower, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to, among other things, make available to the borrower a loan of HK\$20,000,000 at an interest rate of 30% per annum and repayable on 12 months from the drawndown date. The loan is guaranteed by the sole shareholder of the borrower and a related party of the sole shareholder and is secured by a share mortgage over the entire issue capital of the borrower and is secured by a debenture creating a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking, property and assets of the borrower.

The loan has been subsequently fully settled on 9 July 2024.

(i∨) On 17 June 2024, the Group as the lender entered into a loan agreement with the borrower, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to, among other things, make available to the borrower a loan of HK\$70,120,000 at an interest rate of 12% per annum and repayable on 6 months from the drawndown date. The loan is secured by share mortgages over the entire issue capital of two subsidiaries of the borrower and debentures creating a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking, property and assets of two subsidiaries of the borrower.

## 综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 20. 應收貸款(續)

- (續) (a)
  - 附註:(續)
  - (iii) 於二零二三年六月二十一日,本 集團(作為貸款人)與借款人訂 立貸款協議,據此,本集團同意 (其中包括)向借款人提供貸款 20,000,000港元,該貸款按年利 率30%計息,並須自提取日期起 12個月內償還。該貸款由借款人 的單一股東及該單一股東的一名 關聯方作擔保,以借款人全部已 發行股本的股份按揭為抵押,並 以對借款人的業務、財產和資產 設立固定及浮動押記的債權證為 抵押。

貸款隨後已於二零二四年七月九 日清償。

(iv) 於二零二四年六月十七日,本集 團(作為貸款人)與借款人訂立貸 款協議,據此,本集團同意(其中 包括)向借款人提供70,120,000港 元之貸款,年利率為12%,並須 於提取日期起六個月償還。貸款 由借款人兩間附屬公司的全部已 發行股本之股份押記及對借款人 兩間附屬公司之業務、財產及資 產設置固定及浮動押記之債權證 抵押。

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## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 20. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The movements of loan receivables during the year are set (b) out as follows:

20. 應收貸款(續)
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年內應收貸款之變動載列如下: (b)

		HK\$'00
		千港ラ
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	362,69
Interest income (Note 6(a))	利息收入(附註6(a))	24,12
Interest received	已收利息	(24,36
New grant of loans	新增貸款	87,50
Repayment of loans	償還貸款	(62,27
Modification (Note 7)	修改 <i>(附註7)</i>	(84
Impairment loss, net (Note 7)	減值虧損淨額(附註7)	(11,71
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(29,05
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	346,07
Interest income (Note 6(a))	利息收入( <i>附註6(a))</i>	18,77
Interest received	已收利息	(19,28
New grant of loans	新增貸款	127,16
Repayment of loans	償還貸款 (約1)(約1)	(405,28
Modification (Note 7)	修改(附註7)	(2,14
Reversal of impairment loss, net (Note 7)	回撥減值虧損淨額(附註7)	24,08
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(82
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	88,56

(C) risk arising from loan receivables are set out in Note 36(a).

款產生乙信貸風險乙進一步評情 載於附註36(a)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 21. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE 21. 勘探及評估開支

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of the year	於年初賬面值	4,541	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	收購附屬公司( <i>附註38)</i>	-	7,111
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	(2,926)
Transfer from assets held for sale	轉撥自持作銷售之資產	453	-
(Note 31)	(附註31)		
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(17)	356
Carrying amount at end of the year	於年末賬面值	4,977	4,541

## **22. INVENTORIES**

## 22. 存貨

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Iron ores Others	鐵礦石 其他	62,355 -	291,457 111
		62,355	291,568

All of inventories are expected to be recovered within one year.

During the year, a write-down of inventories of HK\$5,461,000 (2023: HK\$38,212,000) is recorded in cost of sales as presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

預計所有存貨將於一年內收回。

於年內,存貨撇減5,461,000港元(二零 二三年:38,212,000港元)於綜合損益 表所載之銷售成本列賬。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Notes:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 RECEIVABLES 賬款

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables and deposits	其他應收賬款及按金	18,212	38,214
Dividend receivable	應收股息	34,555	40,755
Rental deposits <i>(note (i))</i>	租賃按金( <i>附註(i))</i>	293	265
Receivable from securities brokers	應收證券經紀款項	10,840	10,243
Prepayments	預付款項	1,603	6,310
Representing:	呈列為:	65,503	95,787
- Non-current assets	一非流動資產		265
– Current assets	一流動資產	65,503	95,522 95,787

Except for the non-current rental deposits, all of the other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

除了非流動租賃按金外,預期全部其他 應收賬款將於一年內收回或確認為開 支。

(i) Rental deposits are typically paid for lease properties, which are refundable after the expiry of the lease.

 (ii) Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from other receivables are set out in Note 36(a). 附註:

(i) 租賃按金通常就租賃物業支付,可於租 賃到期後予以退還。

(ii) 有關本集團信貸政策及由其他應收賬款
 產生之信貸風險之進一步詳情載於附註
 36(a)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH, TERM DEPOSITS 24 AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION 24

#### (a) Cash and cash equivalents and term deposits:

Cash at banks earns variable interest rate, ranging from 0.001% to 5.50% (2023: interest at floating rates based on daily deposits rates, ranging from 0.001% to 4.40%) per annum.

Term deposits related to deposits held to secure exploration tenement holdings and placed with Australian government authority.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's cash and cash equivalents and term deposits denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$439,968,000 (2023: HK\$81,779,000). Remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the exchange controls imposed by the PRC government.

### 24. 銀行結餘及現金、定期存款 以及其他現金流量資料

#### (a) 現金及等值現金以及定期存 款:

銀行現金按介乎0.001%至5.50% 之年利率賺取浮動利息(二零二三 年:根據每日存款利率按介乎 0.001%至4.40%之年利率計息)。

有關持作抵押勘探礦業權之定期 存款存置於澳洲政府機構。

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣計 值之現金及等值現金以及定期存 款為439,968,000港元(二零二三 年:81,779,000港元)。將資金匯 出中國須遵守中國政府實施的外 匯管制。

和其他現金流量資料(續)

(b) 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH, TERM DEPOSITS 24. 銀行結餘及現金、定期存款 AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

		Dividend payables	Interest payables	Bank and other loans 銀行及	Lease liabilities	Total
		應付股息	應付利息	其他貸款	租賃負債	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(note (i))	(note (i))	(Note 26)	(Note 27)	
		(附註(i))	(附註())	(附註26)	(附註27)	
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	767	180	289,617	3,149	293,713
Changes from financing cash flows	□○□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	(126,158)	(10,457)	(106,390)	(2,561)	(245,566)
New lease entered	融貢,	(120,100)	(10,407)	(100,000)	3,692	3,692
Lease early termination	提前終止租賃	_	_	_	(78)	(78)
Cash dividend declared	已宣派現金股息	130,249	_	_	(10)	130,249
(Note 13)	(附註13)	,				,
Interest expenses (Note 9(a))	利息開支( <i>附註9(a)</i> )	_	10,504	_	156	10,660
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	13	(122)	(109)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 於二零二三年七月一日	4,858	227	183,240	4,236	192,561
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流變動	(79,016)	(8,545)	96,916	(2,804)	6,551
Loan modification	貸款修訂	-	-	-	9	9
Dividend and shares issued in lieu of cash under scrip dividend scheme (Note 13)	股息及根據以股代息計劃 發行股份以代替現金 (附註13)	80,040	-	-	-	80,040
Interest expenses (Note 9(a))	利息開支( <i>附註9(a))</i>	-	8,916	-	172	9,088
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	(51)	3	(48)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	5,882	598	280,105	1,616	288,201
Note:			PH :	注:		
(i) The closing balance is include	od in other payables (Note 25)		(i)	======================================	計入甘仙確化	

(i) The closing balance is included in other payables (Note 25).

(i) 期末結餘計入其他應付賬款(附註 25)。

## 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 25. 貿易及其他應付賬款

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零三三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trac	le payables designated at FVTPL (note (i))	指定按公平值於損益賬處理之	3,688	9,866
Othe	er payables measured at amortised cost	貿易應付賬款(附註(i)) 按攤銷成本計量的	48,052	40,322
	tract liabilities – sales deposits received advance (note (ii))	其他應付賬款 合約負債一預收銷售按金 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	63,117
			51,740	113,305
Notes	5:	附註	:	
(i)	Aging analysis	(i)	賬齡分析	
	As of the end of the reporting period, the aging ana designated at FVTPL based on invoice date is as for		截至報告期末,指定 理之貿易應付賬款按 如下:	按公平值於損益賬處 發票日期之賬齡分析
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	0-30 days	0-30日	3,688	9,866
	The Group purchases iron ore commodities und arrangements where final prices are based on prev a quotation period after shipment by the supplie payables are designated at FVTPL on contract by o	railing spot prices over er, MGX. These trade	品,最終價格於供照 在報價期內通行現1	賈安排採購鐵礦石商 應商MGX裝運後基於 貨價格設定。該等貿 合約基準指定為按公
(ii)	Contract liabilities	(ii)	合約負債	
	Contract liabilities primarily relate to the adva customers for sale of goods. The advances remain until they are recognised as revenue when control of to the customers. Typical payment terms which imp contract liabilities are set out in Note 2(o).	n as contract liabilities of goods is transferred	的預付款項有關。有 債,直至貨品的控制	銷售貨品向客戶收取 關預付款項乃合約負  權轉讓予客戶時確認 約負債金額的具體付 內。
	Changes in the contract liabilities balances during the	he year are as follows:	於本年度內,合約負	l 債結餘變動如下:
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	At beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of amounts received in advance from customers for goods that have not yet been transferred to and/or not yet accepted by the customer	於年初 就尚未轉讓給客戶及/或客戶 尚未接收之貨物提前向 客戶收取款項導致 合約負債增加	63,117 _	_ 65,475
	Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of goods accepted by the customer during the year	年內客戶接收貨物導致 合約負債減少	(63,265)	-
	Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整 	148	(2,358)
	At end of the year	於年末	-	63,117

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

預期全部貿易及其他應付賬款將於一年 內結付或應要求償還。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

26. BANK AND OTHER LOANS

## 26. 銀行及其他貸款

- (a) At 30 June 2024, the bank and other loans that contain a repayable on demand clause were repayable as follows:
- (a) 於二零二四年六月三十日,包含 按要求償還條款之銀行及其他貸 款償還情況如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Secured bank loan and repayable 须於一年內償還之有抵押		88,000	98,000
within one year ( <i>note (i</i> ))		57,105	64,740
within one year ( <i>note (ii</i> ))      銀行貸款( <i>附註(ii</i> )) Unsecured other loan repayable     須於一年內償還之無抵押 within one year ( <i>note (iii</i> ))		135,000	20,500
		280,105	183,240
Notes:	附註	:	
(i) During the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group obtained a revolving loan facility of HK\$200,000,000 from a bank. The loan bears interest at 1.08% over one month HIBOR per annum. At 30 June 2024, the revolving loan of HK\$88,000,000 (2023: HK\$98,000,000) is secured by pledged financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$416,000,000 (At 30 June 2023: approximately HK\$256,100,000) (see Note 19(i)).	(i)	一間銀行獲 200,000,000 個月香港銀行 的年利率計 月三二年	四年及二零二三年 上年度 東本集團 資 定 有 近 で 市 家 志 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( た 二 四 元 ( ) 約 二 四 元 ( ) 約 二 四 元 ( ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ) ( ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ( )
(ii) On 24 October 2022, the Group obtained a trade finance facility of US\$20,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$155,954,000) from a bank. The loan bears interest at 1.40% per annum over Term SOFR and is guaranteed by the Company. On 10 April 2024, the trade finance facility limit is increased to USD35,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$273,249,000).	(ii)	保隔復融貨 加1.40%的名 公司作擔保 十日,該貿 加至35,000, 273,249,000	
(iii) The other loan of HK\$135,000,000 (2023: HK\$20,500,000) advanced from a related party of the Company. The loan bears interest at 3% over one month HIBOR per annum. On 26 May 2022, the Group had entered into a first supplemental loan agreement which the maturity date of this loan was extended from 14 September 2022 to 14 September 2023 and the revolving loan limit is increased from HK\$200,000,000 to HK\$300,000,000.	(iii)	4 4 4 4 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	名關聯方元( 向 向 の の の 市 元 ( 。 該 前 の の 志 元 ( 。 該 前 の の で 志 二 了 約 町 二 二 て 第 の 3 彩 ち 前 二 て 第 の の の で 志 集 ・ 志 二 て 第 の の の で の 志 県 志 二 て 第 の の の の 元 一 零 の 前 の の の 一 零 の 前 二 て の の の 同 二 て 第 の の の の 一 零 の 前 の の の の 一 零 の 前 の の の の 一 零 の 前 の の の の 一 二 て 第 の の の の 一 二 二 て 第 の の の の 一 二 二 年 第 刻 の ら 内 二 二 年 第 刻 四 五 一 一 年 第 刻 男 五 五 一 の の 月 一 四 日 - で ん 月 十 四 日 - の の 一 一 一 の の の の の 一 一
On 12 September 2023, the Group had entered into a second supplemental loan agreement which the maturity date of this loan was extended from 14 September 2023 to 13 September 2024 and the revolving loan limit is decreased from HK\$300,000,000 to HK\$250,000,000.		團訂立第二 此貸款之到 年九月十四 年九月十三	₹九月十二日,本集 份補充貸款協議 リ期日由二零零二四 日延長至二零二二日 日,而循環貸款 回,000港元減少 浴元。
On 14 August 2024, the Group had entered into a 3rd supplemental loan agreement which the maturity date of this loan was extended from 13 September 2024 to 12 September 2025 and the revolving loan limit is HK\$250,000,000.		於二零二四 <sup>4</sup> 團訂立款之到 此月十三日 九月十二日 250,000,000	∓八月十四日,本集 份補充貸款協議, 期日由二零二四年 延長至二零二五年 ,而循環貸款上限為 港元。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 26. BANK AND OTHER LOANS (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

All of the Group's banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in Note 36(b). As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

## 27. LEASE LIABILITIES

At 30 June 2024, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 26. 銀行及其他貸款(續)

(a) (續)

## 27. 租賃負債

於二零二四年六月三十日,應償還的租 賃負債如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	1,470	2,722
		1,470	2,122
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	59	1,381
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	87	133
		146	1,514
Balance at end of the year	年末結餘	1,616	4,236

#### Total cash outflow for leases

#### 租賃現金流出總額

Amount included in the consolidated statement of cash flow for leases comprise the following:

就租賃而計入綜合現金流量表的金額如 下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating cash flows	經營現金流量內	41	33
Within financing cash flows	融資現金流量內	2,804	2,561

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 28. DEFERRED TAX

## 28. 遞延税項

 (a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised
 (a) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債

 Deferred tax assets
 遞延税項資產

		<b>Tax</b> <b>losses</b> 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	11,326	11,326
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	2,403	2,403
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日 及二零二三年七月一日	13,729	13,729
Charged to profit or loss (Note (10(a))	自損益扣除( <i>附註10(a))</i>	(2,525)	(2,525)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	11,204	11,204

综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 28. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

- 28. 遞延税項(續)
- (a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised (a) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債 (Continued) (續) 遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities

		Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值於 損益賬處理之	Undistributed profit of a joint venture 一間合營公司	Total
		<b>金融資產</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>之未分派溢利</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	30,230	2,330	32,560
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(25,495)	(1,807)	(27,302)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日 及二零二三年七月一日	4,735	523	5,258
Charged to profit or loss ( <i>Note (10(a)</i> )	自損益扣除 <i>(附註10(a))</i>	24,454	236	24,690
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(58)	(58)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	29,189	701	29,890

Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position

綜合財務狀況表對賬

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>2023</b> 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>遞</i> 延税項資產淨額 Net deferred tax liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position <i>遞</i> 延税項負債淨額	- (18,686)	8,994 (523)
	(18,686)	8,471

200

## 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 28. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax assets not recognised

As at 30 June 2024, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$212,253,000 (2023: HK\$231,620,000) available for offset against future taxable profits and deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses of HK\$67,906,000 (2023: HK\$83,206,000). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses of HK\$144,347,000 (2023: HK\$148,414,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 since it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity.

The tax losses may carried forward indefinitely.

#### (c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

Under the EIT Law of the PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards.

At 30 June 2024, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries in PRC amounted to HK\$16,912,000 (2023: HK\$16,914,000). Deferred tax liability has not been recognised for taxes that would be payable on these unremitted earnings as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

## 28. 遞延税項(續)

(b) 並無確認的遞延税項資產

於 二零 二四 年 六 月 三 十 日 , 本 集 團 有 未 動 用 税 項 虧 損 約 212,253,000港元(二零二三年: 231,620,000港元)可 用 於 抵 銷 未 來 應 課 税 溢 利 及 就 有 關 虧 損 67,906,000港元(二零二三年: 83,206,000港元)確認遞延税項 資產。由於在有關税務司法權區 及有關實體不大可能有可供用於 抵銷虧損的未來應課税溢利,故 二零二四年六月三十日的綜合財 務狀況表並無就剩餘税項虧損 144,347,000港元(二零二三年: 148,414,000港元)確認遞延税項 資產。

税項虧損可無限期結轉。

#### (c) 並無確認的遞延税項負債

根據中國企業所得税法,自二零 零八年一月一日起,中國附屬公 司須就其賺取之溢利所宣派之股 息繳納預扣税。

於二零二四年六月三十日,與中 國附屬公司的未分派溢利有關的 暫時差額為16,912,000港元(二零 二三年:16,914,000港元)。尚未 就該等未匯出盈利應付的税項確 認遞延税項負債,因為本公司控 制該等附屬公司的股息政策,並 已判定該等溢利在可預見未來可 能不會分派。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 29. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### Defined contribution retirement plans

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the government of the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The executive directors, key management personnel and employees of Prodigy Gold receive the superannuation guarantee contribution required by the Australian government, which was 11% (2023: 10.5%) during the reporting period.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$992,000 (2023: HK\$527,000) represents contributions paid or pavable to the schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the respective schemes.

## 综合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 29. 員工退休福利

#### 定額供款退休計劃

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例 為受香港僱傭條例管轄之司法權區之受 聘僱員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金 **計劃**」)。強積金計劃是由獨立受託人管 理之定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金計 劃,僱主及僱員各自均須按僱員有關收 入之5%向計劃作出供款,而每月有關 收入之上限為30.000港元。計劃供款 即時歸屬。

本集團之中國附屬公司之僱員均為中國 政府管理之國營退休福利計劃之成員。 該等附屬公司須按薪酬成本之指定百分 比向退休福利計劃供款,以撥付有關福 利。本集團對有關退休福利計劃之責任 僅為作出規定之供款。

Prodigy Gold的執行董事、主要管理人 員及僱員於報告期間收取澳洲政府規定 之退休保證金供款11%(二零二三年: 10.5%)。

於損益扣除的總成本992.000港元(二 零二三年:527,000港元)指本集團已付 或須按各自計劃規則所指定比率向計劃 支付之供款。

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **30. PROVISIONS**

## 30. 撥備

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零 <u>二三</u> 年 HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed for reporting purposes as: – Non-current liabilities – Exploration and mine restoration	按報告目的分析如下: 一非流動負債 一勘探及礦場復墾	7,927	7,913

Movement in rehabilitation provision during the year are set out below:

年內復墾撥備的變動列載如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July	於七月一日	7,913	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	收購附屬公司( <i>附註38)</i>	-	7,770
Additional provision	額外撥備	44	38
Provision utilised	已動用撥備	-	(247)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(30)	352
At 30 June	於六月三十日	7,927	7,913

## 31. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

## 31. 持作銷售之資產

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fixed assets held for sale Exploration, evaluation and development assets held for sale	持作銷售之固定資產 持作銷售之勘探、評估及 開發資產	- 2,587	28 29,174
		2,587	29,202

综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 31. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

31. 持作銷售之資產(續)

年內持作銷售之資產之變動載列如下:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

The movements of asset held for sale during the year are set out as follows:

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July	於七月一日	29,202	-
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	產生自收購附屬公司	-	27,945
(Note 38)	(附註38)		
Depreciation charge	折舊支出	(28)	-
Impairment loss <i>(Note 7)</i>	減值虧損(附註7)	(25,855)	_
Transfer to exploration and evaluation	轉撥至勘探及評估開支	(453)	_
expenditure (Note 21)	(附註21)		
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(279)	1,257
At 30 June	於六月三十日	2,587	29,202

Prior to the business combination of Prodigy Gold (see Note 38) by the Group, a multitude of tenements for certain area of interest held by Prodigy Gold are subject to a sales agreement with a counterparty (the "Buyer") signed in April 2022. As part of the agreement various property, plant and equipment will be transferred to the Buyer. Until such time as the agreement is completed and all conditions precedent have been fulfilled, these assets are classified as assets held for sale upon the business combination.

During the year, Prodigy Gold with the Buyer entered into a new sale agreement for the assets and the management reassessed the fair value less costs of disposal of the assets held for sale based on the consideration of the new sale agreement.

As a result, the assets held for sale with carrying amount of A\$5,531,000 were written down to their fair value less costs of disposal of A\$500,000, resulting in a loss of A\$5,031,000 (equivalent to HK\$25,855,000).

在本集團對Prodigy Gold進行業務合併 (見附註38)之前, Prodigy Gold所持有 的若干權益區的大量礦權受制於與一名 對手方(「**買方**」)於二零二二年四月簽署 的銷售協議。作為該協議的一部份,各 種物業、廠房及設備將被轉讓予買方。 在該協議完成及所有先決條件得到滿足 之前,該等資產已於業務合併時獲歸類 為持作銷售之資產。

年內, Prodigy Gold與買方就該等資產 簽署新銷售協議,而管理層根據新銷售 協議的代價將持作銷售資產公平值減出 售成本重新進行評估。

因此,賬面值5.531.000澳元的持作銷 售資產已撇減至其公平值減出售成本 500.000 澳元,導致虧損5.031.000 澳 元(相等於25,855,000港元)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 32. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 32. 公司層面的財務狀況表 POSITION

	Notes 附註	+	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS	資產		
Non-current assets Investment in an associate Investments in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於一間聯營公司之投資 於附屬公司之投資 應收附屬公司款項	22,716 16,880 1,636,235	22,716 16,880 1,648,894
		1,675,831	1,688,490
<b>Current assets</b> Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables and prepayments Bank balances	<b>流動資產</b> 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收賬款及預付款項 銀行結餘	1,592,704 618 15,267	1,126,031 577 313,927
		1,608,589	1,440,535
Total assets	資產總值	3,284,420	3,129,025
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	股權及負債		
Capital and reserves Share capital Share premium and other reserves Accumulated profits	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 33(b) 股份溢價及其他儲備 33(a) 累計溢利 33(a)	359,047	1,302,486 362,989 1,134,685
		2,713,732	2,800,160
<b>Current liabilities</b> Accruals and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Other loan	<b>流動負債</b> 應計費用及其他應付賬款 應付附屬公司款項 其他貸款	27,338 408,350 135,000	19,420 288,945 20,500
Total liabilities	負債總額	570,688	328,865
Total equity and liabilities	股權及負債總額	3,284,420	3,129,025
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	1,037,901	1,111,670
Total assets less total liabilities	資產總值減負債總額	2,713,732	2,800,160

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## **33. CAPITAL AND RESERVES**

(a) The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity (other than share capital as disclosed in Note 33(b)) between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

The Company

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 33. 股本及儲備

(a) 本集團綜合權益各部份的年初與 年末結餘的對賬載於綜合權益變 動表。本公司個別權益部份(附註 33(b)披露的股本除外)由年初至 年末的變動詳情載列如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserves 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零二二年七月一日 年度溢利及全面收益總額	223,341 -	139,577 –	832,382 432,552	1,195,300 432,552
income for the year Exercise of warrants subscription	行使認股權證認購權	71	-	_	71
rights ( <i>Note 33(b)</i> ) Dividends recognised as distribution ( <i>Note 13</i> )	<i>(附註33(b))</i> 確認為分派的股息 <i>(附註13)</i>	-	-	(130,249)	(130,249)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	223,412	139,577	1,134,685	1,497,674
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	一 <del>、</del> 一一一一一一一一 年度虧損及全面收益總額	-	-	(6,388)	(6,388)
Share issued under scrip dividend scheme	根據以股代息計劃 發行股份	(3,942)	-	-	(3,942)
Dividends recognised as distribution ( <i>Note 13</i> )	確認為分派的股息 <i>(附註13)</i>	-	-	(130,249)	(130,249)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	219,470	139,577	998,048	1,357,095

#### 本公司

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 33. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

### (b) Share capital

## 33. 股本及儲備(續)

(6) 股本

Share capital		股平	
		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額
			业税 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:		
At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023,	於二零二二年七月一日、	3,000,000,000	3,000,000
1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024	二零二三年六月三十日、 二零二三年七月一日及		
ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	令+七月一日及 二零二四年六月三十日,		
	每股面值1.00港元之普通股		
Issued and fully paid, ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	已發行及繳足 <sup>,</sup> 每股面值1.00港元之普通股		
At 1 July 2022	安成面值1.00亿元之首通应 於二零二二年七月一日	1,302,130,149	1,302,130
Exercise of warrants subscription rights	行使認股權證認購權	355,372	356
(note (i))	(附註(i))		
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及	1,302,485,521	1,302,486
	二零二三年七月一日	-,,	.,,
Share issued under scrip dividend scheme	根據以股代息計劃發行股份	54,151,441	54,151
(note (ii))	(附註(ii))		
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	1,356,636,962	1,356,637

The owners of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. 普通股擁有人有權收取不時宣派 的股息及於本公司大會擁有每股 一票的投票權。所有普通股與本 公司的剩餘資產擁有同等地位。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

### 33. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

#### (b) Share capital (Continued)

Note:

(i) For the year ended 30 June 2024, no warrants were exercised to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, registered holders of 355,372 warrants exercised their rights to subscribe 355,372 ordinary shares in the Company at HK\$1.2 per share.

#### Warrants

On 29 June 2021, the Company proposed a bonus issue of warrants to the qualifying shareholders of the Company on the basis of one warrant for every five shares held on the record date. A total of 243,778,782 warrants have been issued by the Company on 7 September 2021 pursuant to the bonus warrants issue, conferring the rights to the holders to subscribe in cash for 243,778,782 new shares of the Company at an initial exercise price of HK\$1.20 per new share (subject to adjustment) at any time during the period of thirteen months from 7 September 2021 to 6 October 2022 (both days inclusive).

All unexercised warrants expired on 6 October 2022. At 30 June 2023, the Company had no outstanding warrants to be exercised.

(ii) On 15 January 2024, the Company issued and allotted 54,151,441 ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of HK\$0.9272 per share totalling approximately HK\$50,209,000, of which HK\$54,151,000 was credited to share capital and HK\$3,942,000 was debited to share premium in respect of the interim dividend for the year ended 30 June 2023 under the scrip dividend scheme, in lieu of cash.

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 33. 股本及儲備(續)

(b) 股本(續)

附註:

(i) 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度,並無行使認股權證以認購本 公司普通股。

> 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年 度,355,372份認股權證之登記 持有人行使權利,以每股1.2港元 之價格認購本公司355,372股普 通股。

#### 認股權證

於二零二一年六月二十九日,本 公司建議向本公司合資格股東按 在記錄日期每持有五股股份獲發 一份認股權證的基準進行紅利認 股權證發行。本公司已於二零 二一年九月七日根據紅利認股權 證發行合共發行243,778,782份 認股權證,賦予持有人權利可由 二零二一年九月七日至二零二二 年十月六日(包括首尾兩天)十三 個月期間內隨時按初步行使價每 股新股份1.20港元(可予調整), 以現金認購本公司243,778,782 股新股份。

所有未行使認股權證於二零二二 年十月六日到期。於二零二三年 六月三十日,本公司並無未行使 之認股權證有待行使。

(ii) 於二零二四年一月十五日,本公司按每股0.9272港元之發行價發行及配發本公司54,151,441股普通股,總額約為50,209,000港元,其中54,151,000港元計入股本,而3,942,000港元就截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度於以股代息計劃項下代替現金之中期股息記入股份溢價賬。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 33. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

#### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

Share premium arose from the issuance of share by the Company at prices in excess of their par value, and may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares. The application of the share premium is governed by section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

(ii) Investment revaluation reserve The investment revaluation reserve comprises the sharing of cumulative net change in the fair value of debt and equity instruments designated at FVOCI under HKFRS 9 that are held by the associates at the end of the reporting period.

#### (iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

#### (d) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for Shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 33. 股本及儲備(續)

- (c) 儲備的性質及目的
  - (i) 股份溢價 股份溢價於本公司按高於股 份面值的價格發行股份時產 生,並可以繳足紅股的形式 分派。股份溢價的應用受百 慕達的《百慕達一九八一年 公司法》第40條規管。
  - (ii) 投資重估儲備 投資重估儲備包括攤分根據 香港財務報告準則第9號, 指定按公平值於其他全面 收益處理的債務及股本工具 (於報告期末由聯營公司持 有)累計公平值變動淨額。
  - (iii) 匯兑儲備 匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務 財務報表而產生的所有外匯 差額。

#### (d) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的目的是保障本 集團的持續經營能力,務求繼續 為股東帶來回報,以及為其他持 份者帶來利益,並且維持最佳資 本結構以減少資本成本。本集團 之整體策略與過往年度維持不變。

本集團按風險比例釐定資本金 額。本集團因應經濟狀況變動及 相關資產的風險特性管理及調整 資本結構。為維持或調整資本結 構,本集團或會調整所派付股 息、發行新股、回購股份、新增 債務、贖回現有債務或出售資產 以減少債務。

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無受 外部施加的資本規定所限。

综合財務報表附註(續)

Prodigy Gold為所有已知的環境負債作

出撥備。其董事認為,根據目前的資

料,其目前的環境復墾撥備屬足夠,詳

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## **34. CONTINGENCIES**

Prodigy Gold provides for all known environmental liabilities. In opinion of its directors, based upon current information, its current provisions for the environmental rehabilitation are adequate and are set out in Note 30.

## **35. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

## 35. 金融工具之類別

情載於附註30。

34. 或然事項

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets</b> Other receivables and deposits Loan receivables Term deposits Bank balances and cash	<b>金融資產</b> 其他應收賬款及按金 應收貸款 定期存款 銀行結餘及現金	63,900 88,563 12,878 574,680	89,477 346,074 12,883 555,169
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產	740,021	1,003,603
<ul> <li>Financial assets at FVTPL, mandatorily measured at FVTPL</li> <li>Listed equity securities held-for-trading</li> <li>Unlisted equity investments</li> <li>Derivative financial instruments</li> <li>Warrants</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>	按公平值於損益賬處理之 金融資產,強制性按公平值 於損益賬處理 -持作買賣之上市股本證券 -非上市股本投資 -衍生金融工具 -認股權證 -其他	1,742,531 19,318 30,625 678	847,207 16,942 27,514 –
		1,793,152	891,663
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Other payables Lease liabilities Bank and other loans	<b>金融負債</b> 其他應付賬款 租賃負債 銀行及其他貸款	48,052 1,616 280,105	40,322 4,236 183,240
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債	329,773	227,798
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Trade payables designated at FVTPL	按公平值於損益賬處理之 金融負債 指定按公平值於損益賬處理 之貿易應付賬款	3,688	9,866

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to loan receivables, other receivables, and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, except that the credit risks associated with certain loan receivables is mitigated as they are secured (Note 20).

#### Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值

本集團金融工具所產生的主要風險為信 貸風險、流動性風險、利率風險、貨幣 風險及其他價格風險。下文載述本集團 承受的該等風險及本集團使用以管理該 等風險的金融風險管理政策及慣例。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指本集團的交易對方違 反其合約責任而導致本集團蒙受 財務虧損的風險。本集團的信貸 風險主要源自應收貸款、其他應 收款項及銀行結餘。本集團並無 持有任何抵押品或其他信貸增強 措施以為其金融資產相關信貸增風 險提供保障,惟若干與應收貸款 有關的信貸風險因有抵押而有所 緩解(附註20)。

#### 貿易應收賬款

本集團的信貸風險主要受各客戶 的個別特徵,而非受客戶經營所 在的行業或國家所影響,因此當 本集團因個別客戶而承受重大風 險時,就會產生重大信貸集中風 險。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management of the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group applies general approach on loan receivables to assess for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9. To measure ECL of loan receivables, the Group applies internal credit rating for its borrowers and they are assessed individually by reference to their past default records, their current past due exposure and an analysis of their current financial position. The ECL rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the loan receivables and are adjusted for forward-looking information (for example, the current and forecasted global economy and the general economic conditions of the industry in which the borrowers operate) that is available without undue cost or effort. Such forwardlooking information is used by the management of the Group to assess both the current conditions and the forecasted direction at the reporting date.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **36.** 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

## (a) 信貸風險(續)

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 為盡量降低信貸風險,本集團管 理層已委任一支負責釐定信貸額 度、信貸審批及其他監察程序之 **團隊**,以確保採取跟進行動收回 逾期債務。此外,本集團管理層 於各報告期末評估各個別債務之 可收回金額,以確保對不可收回 之金額計提充足之減值虧損。本 集團就應收貸款應用一般方法以 按香港財務報告準則第9號的規定 評估預期信貸虧損。為計量應收 貸款的預期信貸虧損,本集團就 其借款人應用內部信貸評級並參 考彼等的過往違約記錄、彼等的 當前逾期風險及彼等的當前財務 狀況分析對彼等進行個別評估。 預期信貸虧損率乃於應收貸款預 期年期內根據過往已觀察違約率 進行估計並就無須花費過多成本 或精力即可獲得的前瞻性資料(例 如,當前及預測全球經濟以及借 款人經營所在行業的整體經濟狀 況)作出調整。本集團管理層於報 告日期採用該等前瞻性資料評估 當前狀況及所預測方向。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

Pledged bank deposits and bank balances The bank balances are placed in various authorised financial institutions either with high credit ratings or good financial background and the directors of the Company consider the credit risk of such authorised financial institutions is low. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each debtor. In the opinion of directors of the Company, the credit risks on bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings.

#### Loan receivables

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had concentration of credit risk in respect of certain loan receivables of HK\$88,563,000 (2023: HK\$346,074,000) from two borrowers (2023: three borrowers). The management of the Group reviewed the public announcements and financial information of the guarantors of these loans receivables, the records of continuous settlements of interests and the value of the underlying securities, if any, in order to assess their credit quality. If the value of the underlying securities drops significantly, additional collaterals would be requested from the debtors. In this regard, the directors of the Company considered the Group's concentration of credit risk in respect of certain material loan receivables as at 30 June 2024 was significantly reduced.

## **36.** 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

## (a) 信貸風險(續)

已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘 銀行結餘存放於多家擁有高信貸 評級或良好財務背景的授權金融 機構且本公司董事認為該等授權 金融機構的信貸風險較低。本集 團之信貸風險主要受各債務人之 個別特性影響。本公司董事資 級之銀行,該等銀行結餘之信貸 風險有限。

#### 應收貸款

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Loan receivables (Continued)

The directors of the Company estimate the estimated loss rates of loan receivables based on historical credit loss experience of the debtors as well as the fair value of the collateral pledged by the customers (if any) to the loan receivables. Based on assessment by the directors of the Company, the amount of impairment made and movement in the loss allowance account in respect of loan receivables during the year is as follows:

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

## (a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款(續) 本公司董事根據債務人之過往信 貸虧損經驗以及客戶就應收貸款 所質押之抵押品(如有)之公平 值,估計應收貸款之估計虧損 率。根據本公司董事之評估,年 內減值計提撥備及應收貸款之虧 損撥備賬之變動如下:

			Not credit-impaired 未發生信貸減值		Credit-impaired 已發生信貸減值		_		
			ge1 ·階段	Stage 2 第二階段		Stage 3 第三階段		Total 總計	
		Gross exposure 承受虧損 撥備總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Allowance for ECL 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross exposure 承受虧損 撥備總額 HK\$°000 千港元	Allowance for ECL 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross exposure 承受虧損 撥備總額 HK\$°000 千港元	Allowance for ECL 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross exposure 承受虧損 撥備總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Allowance for ECL 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	356,660	(3,646)	-	-	20,430	(10,746)	377,090	(14,392)
New loan/financing originated	來自新貸款/融資	111,633	(0,010)	_	-		(10,110)	111,633	-
Loans/financing derecognised or repaid	年內終止確認或已償還的	(86,641)	-	-	-	-	-	(86,641)	-
during the year (other than write-offs)	貸款/融資(不包括撤銷)	( , ,							
Modification	修改	(847)	-	-	-	-	-	(847)	-
Unwinding interest	未償還利息	-	-	-	-	7,452	(7,452)	7,452	(7,452)
Net remeasurement of ECL without transfer of stage	無階段轉移的預期信貸虧損 重新計量淨額	-	(2,031)	-	-	-	(9,684)	-	(11,715)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(29,054)	-	-	-	-	-	(29,054)	-
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 於二零二三年七月一日	351,751	(5,677)	-	-	27,882	(27,882)	379,633	(33,559)
New loan/financing originated	來自新貸款/融資	145,939	-	-	-	-	-	145,939	-
Loans/financing derecognised or repaid during the year (other than write-offs)	年內終止確認或已償還的 貸款/融資(不包括撇銷)	(404,137)	-	-	-	(20,430)	-	(424,567)	-
Modification	修改	(2,147)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,147)	-
Write-off of interest receivable	撤銷應收利息	-	-	-	-	(7,452)	7,452	(7,452)	7,452
Net remeasurement of ECL without transfer of stage	無階段轉移的預期信貸虧損 重新計量淨額	-	3,656	-	-	-	20,430	-	24,086
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(822)	-	-	-	-	-	(822)	-
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	90,584	(2,021)	-	-	-	-	90,584	(2,021)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Other receivables

For other receivables and deposits, the directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. For the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and deposits were insignificant and thus no loss allowance was recognised.

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from refundable rental deposits is considered to be low, taking into account (i) the landlords' credit rating and (ii) the remaining lease term and the period covered by the rental deposits.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

## (a) 信貸風險(續)

經計及(i)業主的信用評級及(ii)剩餘 租期及租賃按金所涵蓋的期間, 本集團因可退還租賃按金所產生 的信貸風險被認為較低。

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 36. 財務 VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 公平

# 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

Financial assets at

包括以下類別:

本集團之內部信貸風險評級評估

(a) 信貸風險(續)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 説明	amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12m ECL
低風險	交易對手方的違約風險較低,且並無任何逾期款 項	12個月預期信貸虧損
Medium risk	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	12m ECL
中風險	債務人經常於逾期日後還款,但通常悉數結算	12個月預期信貸虧損
High risk	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
高風險	根據內部或外部來源得到的資料,信貸風險自初 次確認以來大幅增加	全期預期信貸虧損- 未發生信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產已發生信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損- 已發生信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撤銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重的財務困難且本集團 不認為日後可收回有關款項	有關款項獲撇銷

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessment:

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

下表詳列本集團金融資產面臨的 信貸風險,該等金融資產須進行 預期信貸虧損評估:

2024

2023

	Notes 附註	External credit rating 外部信貸評級	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12m ECL or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 二零二四年 賬面總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Gross carrying amount 二零二三年 賬面總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised co 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產	st					
Loan receivables 應收貸款	20	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL (not credit impaired and assessed individually) 12個月預期信貸虧損(未發生信貸 減值及進行個別評估)	90,584	351,751
			High risk 高風險	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired and assessed individually) 全期預期信貸虧損(已發生信貸減 值及進行個別評估)	-	27,882
Other receivables and deposits (note (i)) 其他應收賬款及按金 (附註(i))	23	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL (not credit impaired and assessed individually) 12個月預期信貸虧損(未發生信貸 減值及進行個別評估)	63,900	89,477
Term deposits 定期存款	24	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	12m ECL (not credit impaired and assessed individually) 12個月預期信貸虧損(未發生信貸 減值及進行個別評估)	12,878	12,883
Bank balances 銀行結餘	24	Baa3 to Aa1 Baa3至Aa1	N/A 不適用	12m ECL (not credit impaired and assessed individually) 12個月預期信貸虧損(未發生信貸 減值及進行個別評估)	574,680	555,169
					742,042	1,037,162

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## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

Note:

- (i) For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has been increased significantly since initial recognition.
- 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

## (a) 信貸風險(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

附註:

(i) 就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集 團採用逾期資料以評估信貸風險 自初次確認後是否顯著增加。

		2024 二零二四年		2023 二零二三年			
			Not		Not		
			past due/ past due/				
			no fixed		no fixed		
		repayment			repayment		
		Past due	terms	Total	Past due	terms	Total
			未逾期/			未逾期/	
			無固定			無固定	
		逾期	還款期	總計	逾期	還款期	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other receivables and deposits	其他應收賬款及 按金	-	63,900	63,900	-	89,477	89,477

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to the parent company's board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables set out the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

For trade payables under provisional pricing arrangements and are designated at FVTPL, the amount is derived from the estimated future cash payments at the end of the reporting periods.

# 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險

本集團內個別經營實體負責其自 身現金管理事宜,包括現金盈餘 之短期投資及籌集貸款應付預期 現金需求,惟須待母公司董事會 批准方可作實。本集團之政策為 定期監察其流動資金需求,以應付 長短期之流動資金需要。

下表列載本集團之非衍生金融負 債於報告期末之餘下合約期限, 基準為合約未貼現現金流量(包括 按合約利率,或如屬浮息,則按 報告期末當時利率計算之利息付 款)及本集團須予支付之最早日 期。

就有臨時定價安排及指定按公平 值於損益賬處理之貿易應付賬款 而言,有關金額乃按於報告期末 之估計未來現金付款計算得出。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 36. 財務風 VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 公平值

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

				2024		
				二零二四年		
			More than	More than	Total	Carrying
		Within	1 year but	2 years but	contractual	amount at
		1 year or	less than	less than	undiscounted	30 June
		on demand	2 years	5 years	cash flows	2024
						於
					未折現	二零二四年
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上	合約現金	六月三十日
		按要求	但兩年以內	但五年以內	流量總額	的賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
<ul> <li>Other payables</li> </ul>	一其他應付賬款	48,052	-	-	48,052	48,052
<ul> <li>Bank and other loans</li> </ul>	一銀行及其他貸款	280,703	-	-	280,703	280,105
- Lease liabilities	-租賃負債	1,500	63	101	1,664	1,616
		330,255	63	101	330,419	329,773
Trade payables designated at FVTPL	指定按公平值於損益賬處理 之貿易應付賬款	3,688	-	-	3,688	3,688

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

## (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

				2023		
				二零二三年		
			More than	More than	Total	Carrying
		Within	1 year but	2 years but	contractual	amount a
		1 year or	less than	less than	undiscounted	30 June
		on demand	2 years	5 years	cash flows	2023 亦
					未折現	二零二三年
		一年內或	一年以上	兩年以上	合約現金	六月三十日
		按要求	但兩年以內	但五年以內	流量總額	的賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港
Von-derivative financial liabilities – Other payables – Bank and other loans – Lease liabilities	非衍生金融負債 一其他應付賬款 一銀行及其他貸款 一租賃負債	40,322 183,240 2,800	- - 1,498	- - 157	40,322 183,240 4,455	40,32 183,24 4,23
		226,362	1,498	157	228,017	227,79
rade payables designated at FVTPL	指定按公平值於損益賬處理 之貿易應付賬款	9,866	-	-	9,866	9,86

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances as at 30 June 2024 and 2023. The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixedrate loan receivables and lease liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 2023. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. The directors of the Company monitor the interest rate exposure and will consider necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

#### (i) Interest rate risk profile

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate risk profile of the Group's loan receivables at the end of the reporting period:

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

### 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (c) 利率風險

利率風險指金融工具的公平值或 未來現金流量將因市場利率改變 而波動的風險。

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日,本集團所承受之現金流 量利率風險與銀行結餘有關。於 二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日,本集團就定息應收貸 員債面臨公平值利率 險沖政策。本公司董事監察利 風險狀況,並將於預期出現率 利率風險時考慮採取必要措施。

(i) 利率風險概況 下表已向本集團管理層匯 報,詳列本集團於報告期末 應收貸款的利率風險概況:

		Notional / 面( 2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Fixed rate – Loan receivables – Term deposits – Bank balances	定息 一應收貸款 一定期存款 一銀行結餘	88,563 12,878 574,680	346,074 12,883 555,169
		676,121	914,126
Variable rate – Bank and other loans	浮息 一銀行及其他貸款	(280,105)	(183,240)
		(280,105)	(183,240)
		396,016	730,886

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### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/ decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/ increased the Group's profit after tax and decrease/ increase accumulated profits by approximately HK\$2,339,000 (2023: increase/decrease the Group's loss after tax and decrease/increase accumulated profits by HK\$1,530,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate loan receivables and bank and other loans.

No interest rate sensitivity analysis is disclosed, as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the interest rate sensitivity does not give additional value in view of insignificant exposure of interest bearing bank balances as at the end of the reporting period. The Group's exposure to interest rates on financial liabilities is detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

(ii) 敏感度分析 於二零二四年六月三十日, 估計利率普遍上升/下跌 100個基點,而所有其他變 量保持不變,本集團的除税 後溢利將減少/增加及本集 團累計溢利將減少/增加及本集 團累計溢利將減少/增加約 2,339,000港元(二零二三 年:本集團的除税後虧損將 增加/減少及累計溢利將減 少/增加1,530,000港元)。 這主要由於本集團因其浮息 應收貸款及銀行及其他貸款 而承受利率風險所致。

> 由於本公司董事認為,於報 告期末之計息銀行結餘風險 不大,利率敏感度不會帶來 額外價值,故並無披露利率 敏感度分析。本集團金融負 債之利率風險於本附註流動 資金風險管理一節中詳述。
For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases and provision of loan financing which give rise to receivables, payables and bank balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Renminbi ("**RMB**"), United States dollars ("**US\$**"), Australian dollars ("**A\$**"), Canadian dollars ("**CAD**") and British Pound ("**GBP**"). The Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised monetary financial assets and monetary financial liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Hong Kong dollars, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

## 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

- (d) 外幣風險
  - (i) 外幣風險 本集團承受的外幣風險主要 來自以外幣(即有關交易的 營運的功能貨幣以外之貨 幣)計值的銷售及採購及提 供貸款融資所產生的應收賬 款、應付賬款及銀行結餘。 產生該風險之貨幣主要為人 民幣(「**人民幣**」)、美元(「**美 元**」)、澳元(「**澳元**」)、加元 (「**加元**」)及英鎊(「**英鎊**」)。 本集團確保透過於必要時以 即期匯率買入或出售外幣以 解決短期失衡情況,從而將 淨風險承擔保持於可接受之 水平。

下表詳述本集團於報告期末 因已確認貨幣金融資產及貨 幣金融負債(以資產及負債 相關實體功能貨幣以外貨幣 計值)而產生的貨幣以外貨幣 計值)而產生的貨幣風險金 就呈列而言,有關風險金額 乃以港元列示,使用年度結 算海外業務的財務報表為本 集團呈列貨幣的匯兑差額除 外。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

- (i) Exposure to currency risk (Continued)
- 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

(d) 外幣風險(續)

2024

(i) 外幣風險(續)

		US\$ 美元 HK\$'000 千港元	RMB 人民幣 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二四年 A\$ 澳元 HK\$'000 千港元	CAD 加元 HK\$'000 千港元	GBP 英鎊 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables and rental deposits	其他應收賬款及 租賃按金	3,653	7,019	3,567	408	4,684
Loan receivables Bank balances Other payables	應收貸款 銀行結餘 其他應付賬款	- 53,178 -		- 3,394 (7,820)	– 18,380 (1,277)	- 13,835 -
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	已確認資產及負債產生之 風險淨額	56,831	7,019	(859)	17,511	18,519
				2023 二零二三年		
		US\$	RMB	_\$+ A\$	CAD	GBP
		美元	人民幣	澳元	加元	英鎊
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other receivables and rental deposits	其他應收賬款及 租賃按金	705	3,797	6,857	1,013	525
Loan receivables	應收貸款	-	327,628	-	-	-
Bank balances	銀行結餘	28,160	19,365	134,220	87,514	149,441
Other payables	其他應付賬款	(109)	-	(4,915)	(836)	-
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	已確認資產及負債產生之 風險淨額	28,756	350,790	136,162	87,691	149,966

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#### **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR** VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit/loss after tax (and accumulated profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against other currencies.

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

- (d) 外幣風險(續)
  - (ii) 敏感度分析
    - 下表顯示本集團除税後溢 利/虧損(及累計溢利)因本 集團所承受重大風險的匯率 已於報告期末轉變(假設所 有其他風險變數維持不變) 而即時出現的變化。就此而 言,假設港元與美元之掛鈎 匯率在很大程度上將不受美 元兑其他貨幣之價值之任何 變動影響。

....

		2024		2023	
		二零二	二四年	二零二三年	
		Increase/	Increase/	Increase/	Decrease/
		(decrease)	(decrease)	(decrease)	(increase)
		in foreign	in profit	in foreign	in loss
		exchange	after	exchange	after
		rate	income tax	rate	income tax
			除所得税後		除所得税後
		匯率上升/	溢利增加/	匯率上升/	虧損減少/
		(下降)	(減少)	(下降)	(增加)
		%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000
			千港元		千港元
RMB	人民幣	10	586	10	34,697
		(10)	(586)	(10)	(34,697)
A\$	澳元	10	(105)	10	11,378
		(10)	105	(10)	(11,378)
CAD	加元	10	1,751	10	7,322
		(10)	(1,751)	(10)	(7,322)
GBP	英鎊	10	1,837	10	12,528
		(10)	(1,837)	(10)	(12,528)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the group entities' profit or loss after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

上表所載分析結果指為呈列 目的而將以相關功能貨幣計 量的各集團實體除税後溢利 或虧損及權益按報告期末現 行匯率兑換為港元的綜合即 時影響。

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#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those monetary financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

#### (e) Foreign currency price risk

The Group is engaged in equity securities trading and investments which are denominated in foreign currencies and is therefore exposed to foreign currency price risk. 73% (2023: 67%) of the Group's equity investments, including listed securities held-for-trading, listed securities not held within the trading portfolios, unlisted equity investments, and derivative financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entities.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated equity investments and derivative financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are set out as follows: 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

# 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

- (d) 外幣風險(續)
  - (ii) 敏感度分析(續) 敏感度分析假設外匯匯率變 動已應用於重新計量本集團 於報告期末面臨外匯風險的 貨幣金融工具。分析按與二 零二三年相同的基準進行。

#### (e) 外幣價格風險

本集團從事股本證券買賣及投 資,其貨幣單位為外幣,因此須 承受外幣價格風險。本集團73% (二零二三年:67%)之股本投資 (包括持作買賣上市證券、並非於 買賣組合內持有之上市證券、非 上市股本投資及衍生金融工具)之 貨幣單位並非集團實體之功能貨 幣。

於報告期末,本集團以外幣計值 之股本投資及衍生金融工具之賬 面值載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
US\$	美元	307,767	74,386
A\$	澳元	558,588	321,056
GBP	英鎊	60,536	54,637
CAD	加元	386,203	147,509
NOK	挪威克朗	4,310	572

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (e) Foreign currency price risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% (2023: 10%) increase and decrease in HK\$ against foreign currencies and all other variables are held constant. US\$ is not included in sensitivity analysis, as HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rate. 10% (2023: 10%) is the sensitivity rate used by the management in the assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit (2023: decrease in post-tax loss) for the year where foreign currencies strengthen 10% (2023: 10%) against HK\$. For a 10% (2023: 10%) weakening of foreign currencies against HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit (2023: post-tax loss) for the year.

## **36.** 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (e) 外幣價格風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳列本集團對港元兑外幣匯 率上升及下跌10%(二零二三年: 10%)之敏感度,而所有其他變量 保持不變。美元並未計入此敏感 度分析,因港元與美元掛鈎,本 集團預期美元兑港元之匯率不會 有任何重大變動。10%(二零二三 年:10%)乃管理層評估外幣匯 率之合理可能變動所使用之敏感 度比率。下列正數表示外幣兑港 元升值10%(二零二三年:10%) 時年度除税後溢利(二零二三年: 除税後虧損減少)的增幅。若外幣 兑港元貶值10%(二零二三年: 10%),則會對年度除税後溢利 (二零二三年:除税後虧損)造成 等額相反影響。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Increase in post-tax profit (2023: Decrease in post-tax loss) for the year	年度除税後溢利增加 (二零二三年:除税後 虧損減少)	100,964	52,377

#### (f) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments, including listed securities held-for-trading, unlisted equity investments and listed securities not held within the trading portfolios. The management of the Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles.

#### (f) 股價風險

本集團因其投資(包括持作買賣之 上市證券、非上市股本投資及並 非於買賣組合內持有之上市證券) 而承受股價風險。本集團管理層 透過持有風險及回報情況不同之 投資組合而管理有關風險。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (f) Equity price risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the listed equity securities exposure to price risk at the end of the reporting period. If equity price (in the relevant currencies in which the investments are denominated) had been 30% higher/lower (2023: 30% higher/lower) and all other variables are held constant, post-tax profit for the year ended 30 June 2024 would increase/decrease by HK\$500,446,000 (2023: post-tax loss would decrease/ increase by HK\$239,634,000). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of listed securities held-for-trading.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the unlisted equity investments at FVTPL exposure to price risk at the end of the reporting period. If equity price (in the relevant currencies in which the investments are denominated) had been 30% higher/lower (2023: 30% higher/lower) and all other variables are held constant:

 post-tax profit for the year ended 30 June 2024 would increase/decrease by HK\$5,795,000 (2023: posttax loss would decrease/increase by HK\$5,083,000) as a result of changes in fair value of unlisted equity investments at FVTPL of HK\$19,318,000 (2023: HK\$16,942,000).

## 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

## (f) 股價風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃按報告期末上 市股本證券之價格風險釐定。 假設股本價格(以該等投資之相 關計值貨幣計值)上升/下降 30%(二零二三年:上升/下降 30%)而所有其他變量保持不 變,截至二零二四年六月三十日 止年度之除税後溢利將增加/減 少500,446,000港元(二零二三 年:除税後虧損將減少/增加 239,634,000港元)。這主要由持 作買賣之上市證券之公平值變動 而引起。

以下敏感度分析乃按報告期末按 公平值於損益賬處理之非上市股 本投資之價格風險釐定。假設股 本價格(以該等投資之相關計值 貨幣計值)上升/下降30%(二零 二三年:上升/下降30%)而所有 其他變量保持不變:

 由於按公平值於損益賬處理 之非上市股本投資之公平 值變動19,318,000港元(二 零二三年:16,942,000港 元),截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度之除税後溢利 將增加/減少5,795,000港 元(二零二三年:除税後虧 損將減少/增加5,083,000 港元)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (g) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk through its derivative financial instruments (the warrants) at the end of the reporting period with changes in fair value to be recognised in the profit or loss. The fair value adjustment of these financial instruments would be affected positively or negatively, among others, by changes in equity price of the issuers.

#### Commodity price risk

The Group is also exposed to commodity price risk as the Group's sales and purchases are subject to provisional pricing arrangements, predominantly iron ores prices. The Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

## (h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

## **36.** 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (g) 其他價格風險

於報告期末,本集團因衍生金融 工具(認股權證)而面臨其他價格 風險,有關公平值變動於損益內 確認。該等金融工具的公平值調 整可能因(其中包括)發行人股價 的變動而受到正面或負面影響。

#### 商品價格風險

本集團亦承受商品價格風險,因 為本集團須按臨時定價安排作出 買賣(主要為鐵礦石價)。本集 團已委任特別團隊以監察價格風 險,並於必要時將考慮對沖風險。

#### (h) 金融工具之公平值計量

本附註提供資料以展示本集團如 何釐定不同金融資產及金融負債 之公平值。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

# 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (h) 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

以經常基準按公平值計量之 本集團金融資產及金融負債 之公平值

本集團之部份金融資產及金融負 債於各個報告期末按公平值計 量。下表載列關於如何釐定該等 金融工具之公平值的資料(特別是 所採用的估值技術及輸入數據)。

Financial instruments 金融工具	Fair value as at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value as at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及關鍵輸入數據
<ul> <li>Equity securities held within the trading portfolios</li> <li>於買賣組合內持有之股本證券</li> <li>Listed equity securities</li> <li>上市股本證券</li> </ul>	1,742,531	847,207	Level 1 第一級	Quoted bid prices in active markets 於活躍市場所報的買入價
– Unlisted equity securities 一非上市股本證券	19,318	11,663	Level 2 第二級	Recent Transaction Method under market approach and derived from quoted prices in active market after considering credit risk of the liabilities 市場法下的最近交易法,來源於考慮負債之 信貸風險後之活躍市場報價

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 36 VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值(續)

(h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

(h) 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

Financial i 金融工具	instruments	Fair value as at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value as at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及關鍵輸入數據
1 並到 	uity securities not held within the trading portfolios 非於買賣組合內持有之股本證券 Inlisted equity securities 非上市股本證券	-	5,279	Level 3 第三級	<ul> <li>Price to book multiples with reference to the market price of companies comparable to the investee and the investee's net asset value and a discount rate of 13% (note (i))</li> <li>市淨率倍數,經參考與被投資公司可資比較的公司市價及被投資公司資產淨值以及13%的貼現率(附註(i))</li> <li>At 30 June 2023, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of discount for lack of marketability by 5%, with all other variables held constant, would have increased/ decreased the Group's post-tax loss by HK\$302,000.</li> <li>於二零二三年六月三十日,在所有其他變量 保持不變的情況下,估計缺乏市場流通性的貼現普遍增加/減少5%,本集團的除稅後虧損增加/減少302,000港元。</li> </ul>

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

(h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

(h) 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

Finan 金融:	cial instruments 工具	Fair value as at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value as at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日 之公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及關鍵輸入數據
(3)	Derivative financial instruments – Warrants 衍生金融工具 – 認股權證	30,625	27,514	Level 2 第二級	Black Scholes Model with references to the quoted prices in active markets and volatility of underlying shares 採用布萊克一舒爾斯模型並參考活躍市場 報價和相關股份波幅
(4)	Derivative financial instruments – Others 衍生金融工具–其他	678	-	Level 2 第二級	Kolmogorov Backward Equation (Diffusion) with references to the underlying equity securities, the strike price, the knock-out price of the contracts and volatility of the underlying equity securities 採用柯爾莫哥洛夫後向方程(擴散)並參考相 關股本證券、合約行使價、取消價以及相 關股本證券波幅
(5)	Trade payables designated at FVTPL 指定按公平值於損益賬處理之貿易應付 賬款	3,688	9,866	Level 2 第二級	Derived from quoted prices in active markets after considering credit risk of the liabilities 來源於考慮負債之信貸風險後之活躍市場 報價

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. 財務風險管理及金融工具之 **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR** VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued) 公平值(續)

#### (h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Note:

(i) The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount rate.

There were no transfers among Level 1, 2 and 3 during both years.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

(h) 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

附註:

公平值計量與貼現率成反比關係。 (i)

於兩個年度,第一級、第二級及 第三級之間並無轉撥。

#### 金融資產之第三級公平值計 量之對賬

Unlisted equity securities at **FVTPL** 按公平值於 損益賬處理 之非上市股 本證券 HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 July 2022 Gain arising from changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, net	於二零二二年七月一日 於損益確認之公平值變動產生之 收益淨額	5,275 4
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日 及二零二三年七月一日	5,279
Purchase	購買	1,317
Loss arising from change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值變動 產生之虧損	(63)
Disposal	出售	(6,533)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	_

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (h) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

The net unrealised gain during the year ended 30 June 2024 relating to financial assets that are held at the end of the reporting period which are measured at fair value and are in level 3 in the fair value hierarchy is HK\$63,000 (2023: unrealised gain of HK\$4,000). Such fair value gain/ loss is included in "other gains and losses" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities carried at other than fair value

The management of the Group estimates the fair value of its financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the discounted cash flows analysis and considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values.

Fair value measurement and valuation process The chief financial officer of the Company is responsible to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of financial instruments, the Group uses market observable data to the extent it is available. Where level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The chief financial officer of the Company works closely with these valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various financial instruments are disclosed above.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## **36.** 財務風險管理及金融工具之 公平值(續)

#### (h) 金融工具之公平值計量(續)

金融資產之第三級公平值計 量之對賬(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度,於報告期末持有按公平值計 量且屬於第三級公平值層級之金 融資產的相關未變現淨收益為 63,000港元(二零二三年:未變 現收益4,000港元)。該公平值收 益/虧損計入該綜合損益表「其他 收益及虧損」一項。

並非按公平值列賬之本集團 金融資產及金融負債之公平 值

本集團管理層估計其以貼現現金 流量分析按攤銷成本計量之金融 資產及金融負債之公平值,且認 為綜合財務狀況表內按攤銷成本 記錄之金融資產及金融負債之賬 面值與其公平值相若。

#### 公平值計量及估值過程

本公司首席財務官負責就公平值 計量釐定適當的估值技術及輸入 數據。

於估計金融工具的公平值時,本 集團採用可得的市場可觀察數 據。倘第一級輸入數據不可得, 本集團委聘第三方合資格估值師 進行估值。本公司首席財務官與 該等估值師密切合作以就模型建 立適當的估值技術及輸入數據。

有關釐定各項金融工具公平值所 採用估值技術及輸入數據的資料 於上文披露。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## **37. COMMITMENTS**

#### Capital commitments

As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group has no capital commitment.

## **38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES**

#### During the year ended 30 June 2023

On 5 September 2022, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sub-underwriting agreement under the rights issue by Prodigy Gold and has agreed to sub-underwrite the rights issue for an amount up to approximately A\$9,710,000 inclusive of its rights issue entitlements. Prodigy Gold is a company incorporated and listed in Australia, which is principally engaged in exploration of mine resources in Australia.

The Group's shareholdings in Prodigy Gold changed from below 20% (before the rights issue) to 49.9% on 24 October 2022 (after the rights issue) at a consideration of approximately HK\$37,572,000. Upon completion of acquisition of additional interest, Prodigy Gold and its subsidiaries (collectively the "**Prodigy Gold Group**") become subsidiaries of the Company. The acquisition has been accounted for as acquisition of business using the acquisition method. 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 37. 承諾

#### 資本承諾

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十 日,本集團並無資本承諾。

## 38. 收購附屬公司

#### 截至二零二三年六月三十日止 年度

於二零二二年九月五日,本公司的直接 全資附屬公司根據Prodigy Gold供股訂 立分包銷協議,並同意分包銷最多約 9,710,000澳元(包括其供股權利)的供 股。Prodigy Gold為一家在澳洲註冊成 立及上市的公司,主要在澳洲從事礦產 資源的勘探。

本集團在Prodigy Gold的持股量由20% 以下(供股前)變為二零二二年十月 二十四日的49.9%(供股後),代價約為 37,572,000港元。完成收購額外權益 後,Prodigy Gold及其附屬公司(統稱 為「Prodigy Gold集團」)成為本公司的 附屬公司。按收購法,該收購被計入為 收購業務。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

### 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### During the year ended 30 June 2023 (Continued)

Since the acquisition, Prodigy Gold Group contributed nil and HK\$19,681,000 to the Group's revenue and to the consolidated loss for the year ended 30 June 2023 respectively.

Had the acquisition taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue of the Group and the loss of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023 would have been HK\$431,937,000 and HK\$336,305,000, respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 July 2022, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

Assets and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

## 38. 收購附屬公司(續)

#### 截至二零二三年六月三十日止 年度(續)

自收購以來, Prodigy Gold集團對本 集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止年 度的收益及綜合虧損分別貢獻零及 19,681,000港元。

倘收購在年初進行,本集團截至二 零二三年六月三十日止年度的收益 及虧損將分別為431,937,000港元及 336,305,000港元。備考資料僅供説明 用途,未必反映收購事項於二零二二年 七月一日完成的情況下本集團將實際錄 得的收益及經營業績,亦不擬作為未來 業績的預測。

於 收 購 日 期 確 認 的 資 產 及 負債

		Fair value 公平值 HK\$'000
		千港元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 15)	物業、廠房及設備( <i>附註15)</i>	566
Exploration and evaluation expenditure (Note 21)	勘探及評估開支( <i>附註21)</i>	7,111
Inventories	存貨	35
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	3,706
Term deposits	定期存款	12,273
Assets held for sale (Note 31)	持作銷售之資產(附註31)	27,945
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	45,369
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	(2,682)
Provisions (Note 30)	撥備 <i>(附註30)</i>	(7,770)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計量的可識別資產淨值總額	86,553
		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	
Cash	現金	37,572

For the year ended 30 June 2024

### 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### During the year ended 30 June 2023 (Continued)

#### Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interest (50.1%) in Prodigy Gold recognised at the acquisition date was measured by reference to the fair value of the non-controlling interests and amounted to HK\$47,892,000.

The fair value was estimated by applying a market approach using quoted bid prices in active markets for the shares issued by Prodigy Gold.

In addition, the non-controlling interests recognised at the acquisition date include the market-based measure of all outstanding share options granted by Prodigy Gold to its employees.

These outstanding share options had been vested at the acquisition date and were measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at their market-based measured of HK\$162,000.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

## 綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 38. 收購附屬公司(續)

#### 截至二零二三年六月三十日止 年度(續)

非控股權益

於收購日期確認的Prodigy Gold非控股 權益(50.1%)乃參考非控股權益的公平 值計量,金額為47,892,000港元。

公平值乃採納市場法使用活躍市場上 Prodigy Gold所發行股份的報價進行估 計。

此外,於收購日期確認的非控股權益包 括Prodigy Gold授予其僱員的所有未行 使購股權的市場計量。

該等未行使購股權於收購日期經已歸 屬,並根據香港財務報告準則第2號以 市場為基礎計量為162,000港元。

收購所產生的商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration transferred	已轉入代價	37,572
Plus: fair value of previously held equity interest in Prodigy Gold	加:先前於Prodigy Gold持有 股權的公平值	6,316
Plus: non-controlling interest (50.1%) in Prodigy Gold	加:於Prodigy Gold的非控股 權益(50.1%)	47,892
Less: recognised amounts of net assets acquired	減:已確認收購淨資產金額	(86,553)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	收購所產生的商譽	5,227

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### During the year ended 30 June 2023 (Continued)

#### 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 38. 收購附屬公司(續)

年度(續)

Net cash inflows arising from acquisition of Pro	odigy	收購Prodigy Gold產	生的現金
Gold		流入淨額	
			HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價		(37,572)
Add: Cash and cash equivalent balances acquired	加:已收購明	<b>1</b> 金及現金等價物結餘	45,369
Net cash inflow arising from acquisition	收購產生之現	金流入淨額	7,797
Acquisition-related costs amounted to nil.		收購相關成本的金額為零。	
The goodwill is attributable to the workforce of the ac business. The benefits are not recognised separately from ge because they do not meet the recognition criteria for iden intangible assets. It will not be deductible for tax purposes.	oodwill	該商譽歸屬於被收購業務的 關利益並無與商譽分開確認 合可識別無形資產的確認標 將不可用於扣税。	,因其不符

The other receivables comprise gross contractual amounts due of HK\$3,706,000, of which nil was expected to be uncollectible at the date of acquisition.

截至二零二三年六月三十日止

其他應收賬款包括應收合約款項總額 3,706,000港元,其中並無款項預期將 於收購日期無法收回。

综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

#### **39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR** 39. 重 大 關 聯 方 及 / 或 關 連 方 **CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** 交易

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties and/or connected parties during the year and balances with related parties and/or connected parties at the end of the reporting period:

除該等財務報表其他部份所詳述之交易 外,本集團於年內與關聯方及/或關連 方有以下交易及於報告期末有以下與關 聯方及/或關連方之結餘:

(a) 與聯營公司MGX之一間附 屬公司之交易及結餘:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Purchase of commodities	購買商品	753,193	549,664
Trade payables designated at FVTPL (Note 25)	指定按公平值於損益賬處理 之貿易應付賬款( <i>附註25)</i>	3,688	7,235
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	-	8,985

The Group entered into several commodity contracts with MGX to purchase certain quantities of iron ores from MGX for which the prices were based on the respective lump and fines Platts Iron Ore Price. The Group is required to take physical delivery of the iron ores from MGX in accordance with terms of the commodity contracts.

The trade payables due to a subsidiary of MGX is unsecured, interest free and repayable in cash.

本集團與MGX訂立若干商品合約 以向MGX購買一定數量的鐵礦 石,其價格乃根據塊礦及粉礦各 自的普氏鐵礦石價而釐定。根據 商品合約條款,本集團須自MGX 實物交收鐵礦石。

應付MGX一間附屬公司的貿易應 付賬款乃無抵押、免息及須以現 余償還。

<sup>(</sup>a) Transactions and balances with a subsidiary of an associate, MGX:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

### 39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances with AGL and its subsidiaries (the "AGL Group"), with AGL being a substantial shareholder of the Company exercising significant influence over the Company:

## **39.** 重大關聯方及/或關連方 交易(續)

(b) 與聯合集團(為本公司主要 股東,可對本公司行使重大 影響力)及其附屬公司(統稱 「聯合集團系」)的交易及結 餘:

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Reimbursement to AGL the actual costs incurred in respect of administrative services and a portion of actual costs incurred in respect of management, consultancy, strategic, internal audit, management information system consultancy and business advice services provided by senior management and selected staff of AGL to the Group in accordance with the relevant sharing of administrative services and management services agreements	2,842	2,283
Rental and building management expenses 應付聯合集團系租金及樓宇 payable to the AGL Group <i>(note (i))</i> 管理費 <i>(附註(i))</i>	2,742	2,494
Amounts due to the AGL Group 應付聯合集團系款項(計入 (included in other payables) <i>(note (ii))</i> 其他應付賬款)( <i>附註(ii)</i> )	655	539
Future minimum lease payments payable to應付聯合集團系未來最低the AGL Group (note (i))租賃付款(附註(i))- within one year-一年以內- after one year but not more than five years-一年後但不超過五年	1,437 -	2,739 1,437
	1,437	4,176
Present value of lease liabilities payable to 應付聯合集團系租賃負債 the AGL Group <i>(note (i))</i> 現值 <i>(附註(i))</i> – within one year – after one year but not more than five years ——年後但不超過五年	1,408 –	2,663 1,324
	1,408	3,987
Interest expense on lease liabilities in 與應付聯合集團系租金相關 relation to rental payable to the AGL Group 之租賃負債之利息開支	160	148

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances with AGL and its subsidiaries (the "AGL Group"), with AGL being a substantial shareholder of the Company exercising significant influence over the Company: (Continued)

Notes:

(i) The Group entered into a two-year lease in respect of a leasehold property from AGL for use as office in Hong Kong. The amount of rent payable by the Group under the lease is approximately HK\$151,000 per month (2023: approximately HK\$151,000 per month).

The Group entered into a three-year lease starting from 1 October 2021 in respect of a leasehold property from 上海天安中心大厦有限公司, which is a indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of AGL, for use as office in the PRC. The amount of rent payable by the Group under the lease is approximately RMB71,000 per month.

At 30 June 2024 and 2023, the total future minimum lease payments and present value of lease liabilities in respect of the leased property payable to the AGL Group, which is included in lease liabilities as set out in Note 27 are disclosed above.

During the year ended 30 June 2024, the lease rentals and building management expenses paid or payable to the AGL Group is HK\$2,742,000 (2023: HK\$2,494,000) as disclosed above.

(ii) The amounts due to the AGL Group are unsecured, interest free and repayable in cash on a monthly cost basis.

#### (c) Transactions and balances with Best Advantage, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of AGL:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

- **39.** 重大關聯方及/或關連方 交易(續)
  - (b) 與聯合集團(為本公司主要股東,可對本公司行使重大影響力)及其附屬公司(統稱「聯合集團系」)的交易及結餘:(續)

附註:

(i) 本集團就向聯合集團租用租賃物 業作為香港辦公室,訂立兩年租約。本集團根據租約的應付租金 每月約為151,000港元(二零二三年:每月約151,000港元)。

> 本集團就向上海天安中心大厦有 限公司(為聯合集團的間接非全資 附屬公司)租用租賃物業作為中國 辦公室,訂立三年租約,自二零 二一年十月一日起生效。本集團 根據租約的應付租金每月約為人 民幣71,000元。

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日,就租賃物業應付聯合集 團系的未來最低租賃付款總額及 租賃負債現值,計入附註27列載 的租賃負債,並已於上文披露。

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止 年度,已付或應付予聯合集團 系的租賃租金及樓宇管理費為 2,742,000港元(二零二三年: 2,494,000港元),已於上文披露。

- (ii) 應付聯合集團系的款項為無抵 押、免息及須按每月費用基準以 現金償還。
- (c) 與聯合集團之間接非全資附 屬公司Best Advantage之 交易及結餘:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income from loan receivable	應收貸款之利息收入	9,552	11,101
Loan receivable	應收貸款	_	194,843

综合財務報表附註(續)

## **NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR **CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

(d) Transactions and balances with SHK BVI, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of AGL:

39.	重大關	聯方	及/	或 關	連方
	交易(續)				

(d) 與聯合集團之間接非全資附 屬公司SHK BVI之交易及 結餘:

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Interest income from loan note (Note 6(a))	貸款票據之利息收入 <i>(附註6(a))</i>		-	34
(e)	Transactions and balances with Limited, an indirect wholly-owned AGL:		(e)		間接全資附屬 ance Limited :
				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Interest expenses on other loan	其他貸款之利息開支		1,573	4,859
	Other Ioan <i>(Note 26)</i>	其他貸款 <i>(附註26)</i>		135,000	20,500
(f)	Transaction with Sun Hung Kai & an indirect non-wholly-owned s AGL:		(f)		間接非全資附 有限公司之交
				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Travelling expense charged to the Group	向本集團收取的差旅界	見支	1,995	2,060

243

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

易:

## 39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR 39. 重大關聯方及/或關連方 CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued) 交易(續)

(g) Transaction with Pacific Allied Limited, an (g) 與聯合集團之間接非全資附 indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of AGL: 屬公司統恒有限公司之交

2024 2023 二零二三年 二零二四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Interest income from loan receivable 應收貸款之利息收入 619 Loan receivable 應收貸款 -(h) 主要管理人員報酬 (h) Compensation of key management personnel 主要管理人員(為本公司董事及本 The remuneration of key management who are directors of 集團高級管理層成員)於年內之薪 the Company and members of the senior management of 酬包括如附註11所披露之已付本 the Group during the year, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 11. 公司董事款項。 2024 2023 二零二三年 二零二四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利 7,234 8,576 Post-employment benefits 離職後福利 106 194

The remuneration of key management is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the position, experience, qualification and performance of the individuals and market trends.

During the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, certain key management personnel of the Group received remuneration from AGL which provided management services to the Group and charged the Group a fee for services provided by these personnel. Details of the management services and the related expenses are set out in Note 39(b) and such key management personnel related expenses are included in the amounts disclosed above. 主要管理人員之薪酬乃由薪酬委 員會經考慮個別人士之職位、經 驗、資質及表現以及市場趨勢釐 定。

8,770

7,340

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年 六月三十日止年度,本集團若干 名主要管理人員向為本集團提供 管理服務之聯合集團收取薪酬, 而聯合集團成該等人員提供之服 務向本集團收取費用。有關管理 服務及相關開支之詳情載於附開 39(b)及有關主要管理人員相關開 支計入上文所披露金額中。

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

### 39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY AND/OR 39. CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

## **39.** 重大關聯方及/或關連方 交易(續)

#### (i) Compensation of senior management personnel

Included in the key management personnel of the Group are three (2023: three) senior management personnel of which two (2023: two) are also directors of the Company. An analysis of remuneration paid and payable to the senior management personnel of the Group during the year is set out as follows:

#### (i) 高級管理人員報酬

本集團主要管理人員包括三名(二 零二三年:三名)高級管理人員, 其中兩名(二零二三年:兩名)亦 為本公司董事。年內已付及應付 本集團高級管理人員之薪酬分析 載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職後福利	5,633 98	6,571 187
		5,731	6,758

The emoluments were within the following bands:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2024 二零二四年 Number of individuals 人數	2023 二零二三年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	-	1
HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	1	1

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

## **40. SUBSIDIARIES**

The Group's principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 40. 附屬公司

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十 日,本集團的主要附屬公司如下:

			於二 Proportio	s at 30 June 2 零二四年六月: on of ownersh 擁有權權益比(	三十日 ip interest	於二 Proporti	s at 30 June 20 零二三年六月3 on of ownership 擁有權權益比例	三十日 D interest	
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/ 成立及經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
APAC Resources Asia	Hong Kong/Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Resource investment
Limited 亞太資源亞洲有限公司	香港/香港	1港元普通股							資源投資
APAC Resources Assets	BVI/BVI	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited 亞太資源資產有限公司	英屬處女群島/ 英屬處女群島	1美元普通股							投資控股
APAC Resources Beijing Limited	Hong Kong/Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Principal investment and financial services
亞太資源北京有限公司	香港/香港	1港元普通股							主要投資及金融服務
APAC Resources Commodity Trading Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Resource investment
亞太資源商品貿易有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港	1美元普通股							資源投資
APAC Resources Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong/Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Linited	香港/香港	1港元普通股							投資控股
APAC Resources Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
亞太資源投資有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港	1美元普通股							投資控股
APAC Resources Management Limited	Hong Kong/Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Provision of management services
亞太資源管理有限公司	香港/香港	1港元普通股							提供管理服務
APAC Resources Mining Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
亞太資源礦業有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港	1美元普通股							投資控股

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## 40. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

## **40. 附屬公司**(續)

			As at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年六月三十日 Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例		As at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年六月三十日 Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例			於二零二三年六月三十日 st Proportion of ownership interest		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/ 成立及經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務	
APAC Resources Shanghai Limited 亞太資源上海有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong 香港/香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	100%	100%		100%	100%	-	Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及金融服務	
APAC Resources Strategic Holdings Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding	
亞太資源策略控股有限公司 APAC Resources Treasury Management Limited 亞太資源財資管理有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港 BW/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	1美元普通股 US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	投資控股 Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及金融服務	
Allied Properties Resources Limited	BVI/BVI 英屬處女群島/	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	-	100%	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Asia Cheer Trading Limited	英屬處女群島 Hong Kong/Hong Kong		100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding and principal investment and financial services	
喜亞貿易有限公司 Brilliant Success Investments	香港/香港 Hona Kona/Hona Kona	1港元普通股 HK\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	_	投資控股和主要投資及 金融服務 Principal investment and	
Limited	香港/香港	1港元普通股				10070	,		financial services 主要投資及金融服務	
Bowen Limited 寶雲有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong 香港/香港	HK\$2 ordinary share 2港元普通股	100%	-	100%	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Fortune Desire Investments Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股	

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2024

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 40. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

40. 附屬公司(續)

			As at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年六月三十日 Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例		As at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年六月三十日 Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例			≂月三十日 ership interest	
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/ 成立及經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Genuine Legend Limited	BW/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Investment holding and principal investment and financial services 投資控股和主要投資及 金融服務
Long Success Investment Limited <sup>®</sup> 長成投資有限公司 <sup>®</sup>	Hong Kong/Hong Kong 香港/香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	100%	100%	-	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	-	Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及金融服務
Mount Sun Investments Limited 昇辰投資有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%		100%	100%	-	Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及金融服務
Prodigy Gold NL*	Australia/Australia 澳洲/澳洲	A\$199,163,094 ordinary shares (2023: A\$198,197,192 ordinary shares) 199,163,094澳元普 通股(二零二三年: 198,197,192澳元普 通股)	44.3%	-	44.3%	49.8%	-	49.8%	Exploration of mine resources in Australia 於澳洲勘探礦產資源
Sino Chance Trading Limited 凱機貿易有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong 香港/香港	HK\$1 ordinary share 1港元普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
Ultra Effort Limited	BW/BVI 英屬處女群島/英屬處 女群島	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Principal investment and financial services 主要投資及金融服務
Zenith Element Limited 盛元有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	-	100%	100%	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

## 40. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

## **40. 附屬公司**(續)

			As at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年六月三十日 Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例		於二	hs at 30 June 20 零二三年六月 tion of ownershi 擁有權權益比低	三十日 p interest		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/ 成立及經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
亞太資源(青島)有限公司*	The PRC/The PRC 中國/中國	Registered capital of US\$29,800,000 註冊資本29,800,000 美元	100%	-	100%	100%	-	100%	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
瑞域(上海)投資諮詢有限公司	<sup>★</sup> The PRC/The PRC 中國/中國	Registered capital of US\$3,600,000 註冊資本3,600,000美元	100%	100%	-	100%	100%	-	Provision of consultancy service in corporate management, metallurgy technology, investment and development in mineral resources 提供公司管理、冶金技術及 礦產資源投資開發方面之 諮詢服務
@ The subsidiar	y is newly acquire	ed during the year e	ended 30 J	June 2024	1.	@			二零二四年六月三十 付屬公司。
		uring the year ende r is set out in Note 3		2023. De	tails	#	三十日止		战至二零二三年六月 的附屬公司。收購附 注38。
	* This subsidiary is registered as a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise under the PRC law.						此附屬公 資企業。	司根據中	國法律註冊為外商獨
the opinion of the	The above list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.								表僅包含主要影響 負債之附屬公司資
	None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of both years or at any time during both years.								年度末或兩個年度 責務證券。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

For the year ended 30 June 2024

#### 41. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments which are not yet effective for the year ended 30 June 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HK Interpretation 5 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup>
HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements <sup>3</sup>
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures <sup>3</sup>
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods	s beginning on or after 1 January 2024

<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

<sup>4</sup> The amendments shall be applied prospectively to the sale or contribution of assets occurring in annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

None of the amendments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared. It is anticipated that HKFRS 18, amendments to HKAS 1 and amendments to HKAS 17 and HKFRS 7 might have an impact on the disclosures in the Group's financial statements for future period. The Group is evaluating of these new standards or amendments to standards and has not applied any amendment that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

### 41. 已頒佈但截至二零二四年六 月三十日止年度尚未生效的 修訂本的可能影響

截至該等財務報表刊發之日,香港會計 師公會已發行多項修訂本,該等修訂本 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度尚 未生效,且未在該等財務報表中採用。 有關發展包括可能與本集團有關的下列 內容。

	會計準則第1號 訂本)	將負債分類為流動或 非流動及附帶契諾 的非流動負債 <sup>1</sup>
	全釋第5號	財務報表之呈列—借
(經	修訂)	款人對包含按要求
		償還條文之定期貸 款之分類1
香港會	會計準則第7號及	
香渚	巷財務報告準則	
第7	號(修訂本)	
香港財	1務報告準則	售後回租之租賃負債1
	6號(修訂本)	
	會計準則	缺乏可兑換性 <sup>2</sup>
	1號(修訂本)	
	<b>才務報告準則</b>	投資者與其聯營公司
	0號及香港	或合營公司之間的
	+準則第28號	資產出售或注資4
	訂本)	
香港則 第1	∮務報告準則 8號	呈列及披露財務報表 <sup>3</sup>
	1務報告準則	非公共受託責任附屬
第1	5 57 F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	公司:披露 <sup>3</sup>
카ㅣ	5,000	ムリ・収益
1	於二零二四年一 度期間生效	月一日或以後開始的年
2	於二零二五年一 度期間生效	月一日或以後開始的年
3	於二零二七年一 度期間生效	月一日或以後開始的年
4		地應用於待定日期或其 間內發生之資產出售或

概無任何修訂本對所編製本集團於本期 間或過往期間的業績及財務狀況有重大 影響。預計香港財務報告準則第18號、 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)以及香港 會計準則第17號及香港財務報告準則第 7號(修訂本)可能對本集團未來期間財 務報表的披露構成影響。本集團正評估 該等新訂準則或準則修訂本,並無應用 任何於本會計期間尚未生效的修訂本。

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

**RESULTS** 

## 財務概要

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The results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years, as extracted from the Group's published consolidated financial statements are set out below:

以下為本集團過往五個財政年度之業績及資 產和負債,乃摘錄自本集團已公佈之綜合財 務報表:

## 業績

		Year ended 30 June					
		截至六月三十日止年度					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Revenue 收益	1,188,528	431,937	348,678	564,600	436,527		
Profit/(loss) before taxation 除税前溢利/(虧損)	396,018	(355,841)	(446,061)	1,367,970	(429,402)		
Income tax (expense)/credit 所得税(開支)/抵免	(32,577)	27,334	(19,933)	(10,680)	1		
Profit/(loss) for the year 年度溢利/(虧損)	363,441	(328,507)	(465,994)	1,357,290	(429,401)		
Attributable to: 以下人士應佔:							
Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人	390,031	(318,547)	(465,994)	1,357,290	(429,401)		
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	(26,590)	(9,960)	_	_	-		
	363,441	(328,507)	(465,994)	1,357,290	(429,401)		

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

## 資產及負債

			As at 30 June 於六月三十日				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年		二零二零年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Total assets	資產總值	4,219,922	3,902,190	4,471,917	4,937,783	3,526,631	
Total liabilities	負債總額	(360,639)	(316,902)	(421,686)	(114,190)	(90,823)	
Total equity	股權總額	3,859,283	3,585,288	4,050,231	4,823,593	3,435,808	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(17,509)	(40,049)	-	-	-	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 權益	3,841,774	3,545,239	4,050,231	4,823,593	3,435,808	





APAC Resources Limited 亞太資源有限公司\*

